# GNSU Handbook of MCA (Masters in Computer Applications)



AY-2023-24

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1.1	1.1 Vision of the Faculty of Information Technology
	To emerge as a leading destination in the field of Computer Science and Engineering education and research, by providing quality technical education to the aspiring students.
1.2	Mission of the Faculty of Information Technology
	<ol> <li>To educate the students with state-of-the-art technologies to meet the current needs of the industry and society.</li> <li>To inculcate ethical values, team spirit and leadership qualities among the students.</li> <li>To create an environment that will encourage higher study and research.</li> </ol>
2.1	<b>Program Educational Objectives (PEOs):</b> After 3-4 years of graduation, the students of the program will be able to:
	<b>PEO1: Technical Expertise:</b> To develop among the students the ability to plan, analyze, design, code, implement, test and maintain the software product for real time systems that are technically sound, economically feasible and socially acceptable.
	<b>PEO2: Successful Career:</b> The students after passing out of the course should exhibit ethical attitude, exhibit professionalism with updated technologies in Computer Application based career and they should have capability to set up their own enterprise in various sectors.
	<b>PEO3: Soft Skills:</b> The students should develop team work, communication skills and leadership quality in their professional multidisciplinary projects and they should be well adapted to current trends by engaging in lifelong learning
	PEO4: Life Long Learning: Prepare the students to pursue higher studies by acquiring knowledge in computing, mathematical and engineering principles in their field of work and to motivate them to work in the fields of teaching and research  Program Outcomes and the Program Specific Outcomes are listed below-
2.2	Program Outcomes (POs) - On Completion of MCA program, the post-graduates are expected to  PO 01: Engineering Knowledge: Ability to apply knowledge of computing, science, mathematics and engineering fundamentals appropriate to the discipline  PO 02: Problem Analysis: Ability to identify, critically analyze, formulate the computing requirements appropriate to its solution and develop computer applications
	PO 03: Design/Development of Solutions: Ability to design, implement and evaluate a computer-based complex system, process, component, or program to meet desired needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal and environmental considerations PO 04: Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use of research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions and develop Software with complete

satisfaction to the Customer.

**PO 05: Modern Tool Usage:** Ability to apply current technologies, skills, and modern IT tools necessary for computing practice with an understanding of the limitations.

**PO 06: The Engineer and Society:** Ability to understand the impact of system solutions in a contemporary, global, economical, environmental and societal context for sustainable development.

**PO 07: Environment and Sustainability:** Ability to understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate theknowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

**PO 08:** Ethics: Ability to discharge their duties with professional and ethical responsibilities as an individual as well as in multidisciplinary teams with positive attitude.

**PO 09:** Individual and Team Work: Ability to function individually in effective manner and on teams, including diverse and multidisciplinary, to accomplish a common goal.

**PO 10: Communication:** Ability to communicate effectively with a range of audiences and be customer friendly.

**PO 11: Project Management and Finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as amember and leader in a team to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments and should be economically feasible.

**PO 12: Life-Long Learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological changes.

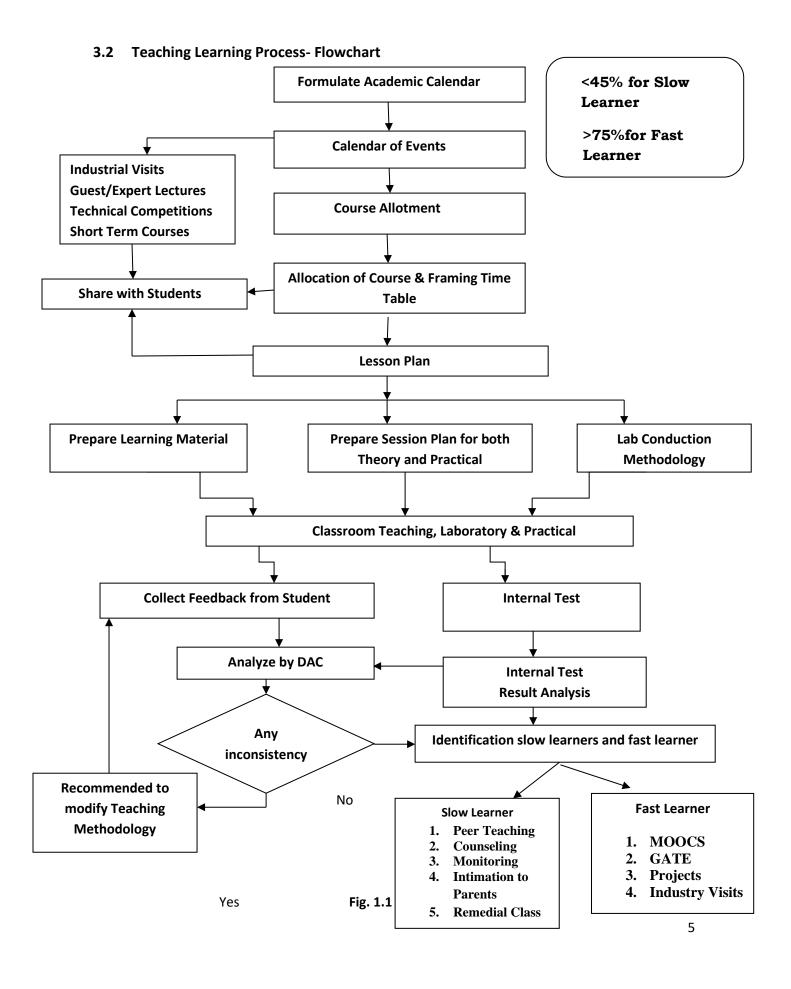
2.3 List of Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs): The post-graduates of Master of Computer Application Program will demonstrate:

**PSO1: Software System Design and Development:** The ability to apply software development life cycle principles to design and develop the application software that meets the automation needs of society and industry.

**PSO2: Computing and Research ability:** The ability to employ modern computer languages, environments and platforms in creating innovative career paths in SMAC (Social, Mobile, Analytics and Cloud) technologies.

**PSO3: Professionalism and Ethics:** Efficient team leaders, effective communicators and capable of working in multi-disciplinary environment following ethical values.

**Teaching and Learning Process:** The whole process/system for Teaching and Learning Quality Improvement is shown in **Fig.1.1.** The Academic Calendar of the Faculty of Information Technology is based on Syllabus prescribed by the University. The calendar of events of the academic calendar incorporates various industrial visits, guest lectures, technical competitions and short-term courses. The calendar of events is incorporated in framing the Timetable.



The academic calendar events and time table are shared with the students. The faculty prepares the lesson plan for the allotted subject. For better delivery of teaching learning process, the faculty prepares the course plan and learning methodology for the allotted subject.

The faculty conducts the classes as per the lecture and course plan. Online feedback from the students are collected and analysed by the **Departmental Academic committee** (**DAC**). If any inconsistencies are found by DAC in the teaching learning process, the concerned faculty are advised to modify the teaching methodology and also attend Faculty development programmes.

Two internal assessments are conducted for a particular subject per semester. The attainment of COs are analysed for taking remedial actions. **Remedial actions** include identification of **slow, and fast learners.** 

For the **slow learners** (≤45% marks in class test) the following methods of improvement are adopted-Peer teaching, Counselling, mentoring, intimation to parents and conducting extra classes.

Fast learners (>75% marks in class test) are motivated to continue the achieve excellency and they are encouraged to participate in co-curricular and extra-curricular activities.

## 4. Gopal Narayan Singh University MCA Admission Rule regulation

Admission in MCA. 1<sup>st</sup> -Semester programme of study shall be made on merit in the Entrance Test conducted by University/Any National or State level Testing Body announced for thepurpose.

The Faculty shall have an Admission Committee for MCA Postgraduate admission, constituted under the provisions of Ordinances and consisting of the Dean/Director or his nominee and two seniormost members of the teaching staff of the Faculty. Admission shall be made in accordance with these ordinances and the rules which are made under them.

Admission cannot, however, be claimed by any candidate as a matter of right. The admission or re-admission of a candidate shall be entirely at the discretion of the Admission Committeewhich may refuse to admit any student without assigning any reason there for.

On his/her selection for admission to the MCA. Semester- I programme, the candidate shall, within the time fixed by the Dean/Director, deposit the fees prescribed for the programme. If the candidate fails to deposit fees within the stipulated time, his/her selection shall automatically stand cancelled.

Reservation in admission will be made as Govt. of Bihar rules.

## **Post Graduate Program**

**Master of Computer Applications** 

## **Eligibility Criteria**

 Passed B.C.A/ B.Sc. (Computer Science)/ B.Sc. (IT) / B.E. (CSE)/ B.Tech. (CSE) / B.E. (IT) / B.Tech. (IT) or equivalent Degree.

- 2. Passed any graduation degree (e.g.: B.E. / B.Tech. / B.Sc / B.Com. / B.A./ B. Voc./ etc.,) preferably with Mathematics at 10+2 level or at Graduation level.
- 3. Obtained at least 50% marks (45% marks in case of candidates belonging to reserved category) in the qualifying examination.

(for students having no Mathematics/Computer Science background or not in Critera-1 compulsory bridge course in **Mathematics** and **"Foundations of Computer Science"** will be framed by the University as per the norms).

#### Admission of NRI and their Reservations

Reservations and admissions to NRI / Foreign Students / Persons of Indian Origin (PIO) / Children of Indian Workers in the Gulf Countries and Management / InstitutePreference Quota shall as per the policy laid down by Central government / State government of Bihar. The reservations for SC / ST / OBC (excluding creamy layer) / Minority communities shall be as per the policy laid down by Central government / State government of Bihar.

#### Intake

Post Graduate	Intake
Master of Computer Applications	60

## **Documents Required**

- Scanned copies of academic details.
- Scanned passport size photograph of the candidate in JPG/JPEG format
- Scanned clear signature of the candidate in JPG/JPEG format
- A valid e-mail ID.
- Scanned copies of Category certificate, PwD certificate, if applicable.
- Migration certificate
- Transfer certificate
- Character certificate
  - \*\*Other documents if any

**Academic Calendar** - Each academic session is divided into two semesters of approximately an Odd semester (July- December) and Even semester (January-May).

## 5. General Course Structure and Theme-

## 5.1. Definition of Credit:

1 Hr. Lecture (L) per week	1 Credit
1 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week	1 Credit
1 Hr. Practical (P) per week	0.5 Credit
2 Hours Practical (P) per week	1 Credit

- **5.2.** Range of Credits: Gopal Narayan Singh University: The total number of credits proposed for the two year MCA program is **100**.
- **5.3.** Course level coding scheme: Three-digit number (odd numbers are for the odd semester courses and even numbers are for even semester courses) used as suffix withthe Course Code for identifying the level of the course. Digit at hundred's place signifies the year in which course is offered.

e.g. 101, 102  $\dots$  etc. for first year. 201, 202  $\dots$  Etc. for second year.301, 302  $\dots$  for third year.

Sessional (Project, Seminar, etc) e.g. **MC23-281**..i.e 2-Second Sem,8-Sessional, 1- sequence. Laboratory- **MC23-291**...i.e 2-Second Sem,9-Laboratory, 1- sequence

## **5.3.Structure of MCA Program:** The structure of MCA programme

	THE	EORY	PRAC	CTICAL	SESS	Semester		
SEM	Courses	Credits [A]	Courses	Credits [B]	Courses	Credits [C]	Credits [A+B+C]	
Ι	4(C) + 1(E) 19 3 6							
II	II 4(C) + 1(E) 19 3 6							
III	III 3(C) + 2(E) 18 1 2 1 5							
IV	1(O)	3	-	-	2	22	25	
(C-Compul	(C-Compulsory courses, E-Elective courses, O-Open Elective) TOTAL CREDIT→							

## 5.4 Course Code and Definition:

Course code Definitions	
L	Lecture
Т	Tutorial
Р	Practical
С	Credits
MC	Mandatory courses

**5.5.Mandatory Induction Program:** The Essence and Details of Induction program can also be understood from the 'Detailed Guide on Student Induction program', as available on AICTE Portal, (Link: <a href="https://www.aicteindia.org/sites/default/files/Detailed%20Guide%20on%20Student">https://www.aicteindia.org/sites/default/files/Detailed%20Guide%20on%20Student</a>

%20Induction%20program.pdf).

Induction program (mandatory)	Three-week duration
Induction program for students to be offered right at the start of the first year.	<ul> <li>Physical activity</li> <li>Creative Arts</li> <li>Universal Human Values</li> <li>Literary</li> <li>Proficiency Modules</li> <li>Lectures by Eminent People</li> <li>Visits to local Areas</li> <li>Familiarization to Dept./Branch &amp; Innovations</li> </ul>

## PART – I **COURSE STRUCTURE**

		Semester – I					
TH	EORY						
Sl.	Paper Code	Paper Name	Cor	Credit			
No	1 aper code	Taper Name	L	T	P	Total	Crean
1	MC23-101	Programming Concept with Python	3	1	-	4	4
2	MC23-102	Relational Database Management System	3	1	-	4	4
3	MC23-103	Computer Organization and Architecture	3	1	-	4	4
4	MC23-104	Discrete Mathematics	3	1	-	4	4
5	Elective I		3	-	-	3	3
	MC23- E105A/B/C/D/ E/F	Environment and Ecology, Management Accounting, Constitution of India, Stress Management through Yoga, Ethics in Business Profession, Managerial Economics					
PR	ACTICAL						
1	MC23-190	Soft Skill and Interpersonal Communication	-	-	4	4	2
2	MC23-191	Python Programming Lab	-	-	4	4	2
3	MC23-192	Relational Database Management System Lab	-	-	4	4	2
	Credit	kly Contact Hours and				31	2 5
BR	IDGE COURSE						

[Only for Students of Category "B" stated in the "Eligibility" Section]

A minimum 8-week Online Course on Fundamentals of 'Computer Science' or 'ComputerApplication' or 'Information Technology' or so

6

THE Sl.		Paper Name	Cont	act Ho	urs / \	Week	a -		
No.	Paper Code	T	P	Total	Cred				
=	MC23-201	Data Structure using C	3	1	-	4	4		
2	MC23-202	Operating System	3	1	-	4	4		
3	MC23-203	Object Oriented Programming with JAVA	3	1	-	4	4		
ļ.	MC23-204	Networking	3	1	-	4	4		
5	Elective II		3	-	-	3	3		
	MC23-E205A	Numerical and Statistical Analysis		I					
	MC23-E205B	Computer Graphics							
	MC23-E205C Probability and Statistics								
	MC23-E205D Introduction to Cyber Security								
	MC23-E205E	Introduction to IoT							
MC23-E205F Automata Theory and Computational									
DD A	CTICAL	Complexity							
PKA			,	1	1				
1	MC23-291	Data Structure Lab using C	0	1	2	3	2		
2	MC23-292	Operating System Lab (Unix)	-	-	4	4	2		
3	MC23-293	Object Oriented Programming Lab using JAVA	-	-	4	4	2		
	Total Weekl Credit	y Contact Hours and				30	25		
	DGE COURSE y for Students of	Category "B" stated in the "Eligibil	ity" S	ectio	n]		•		
A m	inimum 8-week (	Online Course on Fundamentals of '	Softw	are E	ngin	eering'	or		

## 

TH	THEORY							
Sl.	Paper Code	Paper Name	Contact Hours / Week					
<b>No.</b> 1	MC23-301	Software Engineering using UML	3	1	P	Total		
1					_			
2	MC23-302	Artificial Intelligence	3	1	-	4		
3	MC23-303	Design and Analysis of Algorithm	3	1	-	4		
4	Elective III	I	3	-	-	3		
	MC23-E304A	Image Processing		<u> </u>				
	MC23-E304B	Web Enabled JAVA Programming						
	MC23-E304C	Cloud Computing						
	MC23-E304D	Web Technology using PHP						
	MC23-E304E	Android Application Development						
	MC23-E304F	Basic Data Science using R						
5	Elective IV		3	-	-	3		
	MC23-E305A	Information Retrieval						
	MC23-E305B	Data Warehousing and Data Mining						
	MCAN- E305C	Introduction to Big Data Analytics						
	MC23-E305D	Graph Theory						
	MC23-E305E	Operation Research and Optimization Techniques						
	MC23-E305F	Pattern Recognition						
	MC23-E305G	Machine Learning						
PR	ACTICAL	1	I					
1	MC23-E394 (A/B/C/D/E/F)	Elective III Lab	-	_	4	4		
SES	SSIONAL							
1	MC23-381	Minor Project and Viva-voce	L		8	8		

Paper Code  Paper Name  Collact Houls? Week Collact  Deep Elective  MC23- OE401  Open Elective  Open Elective  Open Electives preferably be opted from the NPTEL/SWAYAM Platform.  While opting for a course for pursuing the Open Elective, a student needs to ensure that: i) The duration of the course must minimum of 12-Weeks. ii) The course must not be covered in previous semesters of the program. iii) Date of Exam and publication of result should be within the tenure of the MCA 4th Semester i.e. January to June of every Year.  Student must submit the course details atthe time of 4th semester enrollment MOOCs basket will be declared at the start of the semester  SESSIONAL  MC23-481 Comprehensive Viva-voce  MG23-482 Major Project and Viva-voce	Sl.	ORY	n	Conf	act Ho	urs / V	Veek	~	
MC23- OE401  Open Elective  Open Electives preferably be opted from the NPTEL/SWAYAM Platform.  While opting for a course for pursuing the Open Elective, a student needs to ensure that: i) The duration of the course must minimum of 12-Weeks. ii) The course must not be covered in previous semesters of the program. iii) Date of Exam and publication of result should be within the tenure of the MCA 4th Semester i.e. January to June of every Year.  Student must submit the course details atthe time of 4th semester enrollment MOOCs basket will be declared at the start of the semester  SESSIONAL  MC23-481  Comprehensive Viva-voce	No.	Paper Code	Paper Name			P	То	Cro	
OE401  • Open Electives preferably be opted from the NPTEL/SWAYAM Platform.  • While opting for a course for pursuing the Open Elective, a student needs to ensure that:  i) The duration of the course must minimum of 12-Weeks.  ii) The course must not be covered in previous semesters of the program.  iii) Date of Exam and publication of result should be within the tenure of the MCA 4th Semester i.e. January to June of every Year.  • Student must submit the course details atthe time of 4th semester enrollment MOOCs basket will be declared at the start of the semester  SESSIONAL  1 MC23-481 Comprehensive Viva-voce	1	<b>Open Elective</b>							
from the NPTEL/SWAYAM Platform.  • While opting for a course for pursuing the Open Elective, a student needs to ensure that:  i) The duration of the course must minimum of 12-Weeks.  ii) The course must not be covered in previous semesters of the program.  iii) Date of Exam and publication of result should be within the tenure of the MCA 4th Semester i.e. January to June of every Year.  • Student must submit the course details atthe time of 4th semester enrollment  MOOCs basket will be declared at the start of the semester  SESSIONAL  1 MC23-481 Comprehensive Viva-voce			Open Elective	-	-	-	-		
pursuing the Open Elective, a student needs to ensure that:  i) The duration of the course must minimum of 12-Weeks.  ii) The course must not be covered in previous semesters of the program.  iii) Date of Exam and publication of result should be within the tenure of the MCA 4 <sup>th</sup> Semester i.e. January to June of every Year.  • Student must submit the course details atthe time of 4 <sup>th</sup> semester enrollment  MOOCs basket will be declared at the start of the semester  SESSIONAL  1 MC23-481 Comprehensive Viva-voce			from the NPTEL/SWAYAM						
1 MC23-481 Comprehensive Viva-voce			pursuing the Open Elective, a student needs to ensure that:  i) The duration of the course must minimum of 12-Weeks.  ii) The course must not be covered in previous semesters of the program.  iii) Date of Exam and publication of result should be within the tenure of the MCA 4 <sup>th</sup> Semester i.e. January to June of every Year.  • Student must submit the course details atthe time of 4 <sup>th</sup> semester enrollment  MOOCs basket will be declared at the						
Comprehensive viva voce	SESS								
2 MC23-482 Major Project and Viva-voce - 40 40	1	MC23-481	Comprehensive Viva-voce	-	-	-	_		
	2	MC23-482	Major Project and Viva-voce	-	-	40	40		

# 7. Evaluation Scheme:

It is advised to refer page numbers 48-51 of the document "Examination Reform Policy November 2018" published by AICTE to get some examples of assessment rubrics (https://www.aicte-india.org/sites/default/files/ExaminationReforms.pdf). There are several good examples of assessment rubrics available on the web when searching with the string "examples of assessment rubrics". There are many good videos available on YouTube on examples and strategies for preparing assessment rubrics.

Since assessment rubrics are not generic in nature and depend on courses, topics, assessment strategies of individual faculties etc., it is suggested that Faculty of Information Technology will follow the following rubrics for Theory, Laboratory and Sessional evaluation.

## a. Rubrics for Theory Courses:

The internal assessment will be of 30 marks and end semester examinations will be of 70 marks. For passing the subject the students should obtain at least 40 marks out of 100 (Internal assessment and end semester assessment).

**Suggestive rubrics for Internal Assessment**: Calculation of Internal assessment number will be Average of Best of three CA plus 5 marks of Attendance.

<b>Continuous Assessment</b>	Activities
CA1	Quiz/ Assignment
CA2	Internal test (Pen and paper)
CA3	PPT presentation/ Group Discussion
CA4	Internal test(Pen and paper)

#### b. Rubrics for Practical Courses:

The internal assessment will be of 40 marks and end semester laboratory examinations will be of 60 marks. For passing the subject the students should obtain at least 50 marks out of 100 (Internal assessment and end semester assessment).

**Sessional Exams-** (Project, Seminar, Group Discussion, Internship, Training etc.) end semester examinations will be held for 100 marks. For passing the subject the students should obtain at least 50 marks out of 100. Evaluation will be based on work done, quality of report, performance in viva-voice, presentation etc. for which rubrics may be designed based on course outcomes. The Project Viva and practical examinations will preferably have external examiners as per rules of the University.

## c. Mapping of Marks to Grades

Each course (Theory/Practical)is to be assigned 100 marks, irrespective of the number of credits, and the mapping of marks to grades may be done as per the following table:

Classification	Letter Grade	Score on 100 percentage point	Points
Outstanding	0	100 to 90	10
Excellent	Е	89 to 80	9
Very Good	А	79 to 70	8
Good	В	69 to 60	7
Fair	С	59 to 50	6
Below Average	D	49 to 40	5
Failed	F	Below 40	2
Incomplete	I		2

- **d. Promotional Policy:** Candidates will be eligible for promotion to the next semester without clearing all end semester theory courses of earlier semesters if,
  - Candidate has minimum attendance percentage of 75% in the previous semester
  - b. Candidates must have appeared for all internal examinations and has secured marks in Continuous Assessments, Sessional Examinations, Practical Examinations
  - c. Candidates must have applied for appearing in the end semester examinations and have valid admit card in previous semester

Candidates failed to achieve the minimum benchmarks as mentioned in (a), (b), (c) for promotion will not be eligible for promotion to the next higher semester.

Candidates will appear in the end semester theory examinations as back log candidate in corresponding semester, of subsequent academic year. Marks scored in Continuous Assessments, Sessional Examinations, Practical Examinations during attending regular semester with minimum qualifying attendance would be carried all through. Backlog candidates would be allowed to appear in the end semester examinations only to achieve qualifying marks of the paper concerned. For 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup>Semester backlog students, backlog examinations may be conducted after two months from the date of result publication.

If any candidate fails to secure minimum qualifying marks (pass marks) in sessional or practical examinations would suffer year lag and they have to continue the semester concerned afresh in the

**next academic year.** In the internal examination of 30 marks -Cumulative Assessment 25 plus 5 marks for attendance.

The marks of a back log paper will be determined from the marks obtained in theory examination and marks of the continuous evaluation of the regular semester. No up-gradation of internal/continuous assessment marks would be allowed.

If any candidates fail to achieve any of the three conditions above (a, b & c) in any semester (say, 1st semester), they would not be allowed to continue their study in the next semester (i.e., 2nd semester) and they have to fulfill the academic regulations by enrolling them in the next academic year from the discontinued semester (i.e. 1st semester) and so on.

However, there would not be any limit of number of back papers to continue their study in subsequent semester as regular candidate.

- e. Calculation of DGPA, CGPA for one, two, three and four year programmes.
  - Result Status: X=Not eligible for Semester Promotion/Degree; XP=Eligible for Promotion with Backlogs; P=Passed and Promoted.
  - The method of calculation of Grade Point Average is as follows
  - SGPA (Semester Grade Point Average) =  $\frac{Credit\ Index}{\sum\ Credits}$
  - YGPA (Yearly Grade Point Average) =  $\frac{\text{Credit Index Odd Semester} + \text{Credit Index Even Semester}}{\sum \text{Credits Odd Semester} + \sum \text{Credits Even Semester}}$
  - For final Degree Grade Point Average (DGPA) the calculation is as under

DGPA = 
$$\frac{\text{YGPA 1} + \text{YGPA2} + 1.5* \text{YGPA3} + 1.5* \text{YGPA4}}{5}$$

(For 4 Year Course)

DGPA = 
$$\frac{\text{YGPA2} + 1.5* \text{YGPA3} + 1.5* \text{YGPA4}}{4}$$

(For Lateral Entry Students)

DGPA = 
$$\frac{\text{YGPA 1 + YGPA2 + YGPA3}}{3}$$

(For 3 Year Course)

$$DGPA = \frac{YGPA 1 + YGPA2}{2}$$

(For 2 Year Course)

(For 1 Year Course)

## **CUMULATIVE GRADE POINT AVARAGE (CGPA)**

$$\mathsf{CGPA} = \frac{\sum_{K=1}^{K=n} \mathit{Credit\ Index\ of\ } k^{th} \mathit{semester}}{\sum_{k=1}^{k=n} \mathit{Credit\ } \mathit{of\ } k^{th} \mathit{Semester}}$$

Where

n = 4 for 2 years programme

n=6 for 3 years programme

n = 8 for 4 years programme

n = 10 for 5 years programme

Student Roll No.....

Student Name: .....



Academic year: 2023-24 Internal Examinations-I M.C.A. (Branch), 2023 Batch 1<sup>st</sup> Semester

## Subject Code:

## **Subject Name**

Time: 1 hours Max. Marks: 25

This template is recommended for courses with 4 COs and two In-Sem Tests. Can also be followed for courses with five COs. The COs can be altered in the template depending on the test being conducted.

## (Assume any missing data suitably and design adequate hypothesis, if required)

Part-A _(3X 1M=3M)			
	Answer Any Three Questions		
	Q. No. 1, 2 from CO1 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL of CO1		
	Q. No 3, 4 from CO2 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL of CO2		
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
	Part-B(2 X 4M=8M)		
	Answer Any Two Questions		
Q. 1	No. 5, 6 from CO1 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL of CO1		
Q. 1	No 7, 8 from CO2 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL of CO2		
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			
	Part-C(2 X 7M=14M)		
	Answer ALL Questions		
	Q. No. 9,10 from CO1 and have an internal choice between Q.No.9 and Q.No.10		
	Q. No. 11,12 from CO2 and have an internal choice between Q.No.11 and Q.No.12		
9.	Q. No. 9 from CO1 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL of CO1, at least one sub question must be of Max. BTL of the CO1, max 2 sub questions.		
	(Or)		
10.	Q. No.10 from CO1 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL of CO1, at least one sub		
	question must be of Max. BTL of the CO1, max 2 sub questions.		
11.	Q. No.11 from CO2 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL of CO2, at least one sub		
	question must be of Max. BTL of the CO1, max 2 sub questions.		
	(Or)		
12.	Q. No.12 from CO2 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL of CO2, at least one sub		
	question must be of Max. BTL of the CO1, max 2 sub questions.		

Student Roll No...... Student Name.....



Academic year: 2023-24 Internal Examinations-II M.C.A (Branch), 2023 Batch 1st Semester

## Subject Code:

## **Subject Name**

Time: 1 hours Max. Marks: 25

This template is recommended for courses with 4 COs and two In-Sem Tests. Can also be followed for courses with five COs. The COs can be altered in the template depending on the test being conducted.

(Assume any missing data suitably and design adequate hypothesis, if required)

	Assume any missing data suitably and design adequate hy  Part-A	(3X 1M=3M)
	Answer Any Three Questions	
	Q. No. 1, 2 from CO3 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the M.	T BTI of CO3
	Q. No 3, 4 from CO3 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Ma	
_	Q. No 3, 4 from CO4 Preferred to be at lower B1L than the Ma	X D1L of CO4
1.		
2.		
4.	<u> </u>	
	Part-B	(2 X 4M=8M)
	Answer Any Two Questions	
	No. 5, 6 from CO3 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL of CO	
Q. 1	No 7, 8 from CO4 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL of CO	14
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
	Part-C	(2 X 7M=14M)
	Answer ALL Questions	
	Q. No. 9,10 from CO3 and have an internal choice between Q.N	
	Q. No. 11,12 from CO4 and have an internal choice between Q.N	
9.	Q. No. 9 from CO3 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL	of CO3, at least one sub
	question must be of Max. BTL of the CO3, max 2 sub questions.	
4.0	(Or)	
10.	Q. No.10 from CO3 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL	of CO3, at least one sub
	question must be of Max. BTL of the CO3, max 2 sub questions.	
11.	Q. No.11 from CO4 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL	of CO4, at least one sub
	question must be of Max. BTL of the CO4, max 2 sub questions.	
L	(Or)	
12.	Q. No.12 from CO4 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL	of CO4, at least one sub
	question must be of Max. BTL of the CO4, max 2 sub questions.	

Student Roll No.....

Student Name.....



Academic year: 2023-24
Sem-End Examinations, Nov-Dec 2023
M.C.A (Branch), 2023 Batch
1st Semester

Subject Code: Time: 3 hours

## Name of the Course:

Max. Marks: 70

(Assume any missing data suitably and design adequate hypothesis, if required)

	Part-A	(8 X 4M=32M)
Answer ALL Questions		
	Q. No.1.a to 1.h Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL	, No sub questions
1 a.	Q. No. 1.a from CO1 with Lower BTL Level	
1 b.	Q. No. 1.b from CO1 with Lower BTL Level	
1 c.	Q. No. 1.c from CO2 with Lower BTL Level	
1 d.	Q. No. 1.d from CO2 with Lower BTL Level	
1 e.	Q. No. 1.e from CO3 with Lower BTL Level	
1 f.	Q. No. 1 f from CO3 with Lower BTL Level	
1 g.	Q. No. 1.g from CO4 with Lower BTL Level	
1 h.	Q. No. 1.h from CO4 with Lower BTL Level	
	Part-B	(4 X 7M=28M)
	Answer ALL Questions	
Q. No. 2	to 4 Preferred to be at lower BTL than the Max BTL, No sub question	ns and have a internal choice
2.a	Q. No. 2.a from CO1 with BTL Level	
	(OR)	
2.b	Q. No. 2.b from CO1 with BTL Level	
3.a	Q. No. 3.a from CO2 with BTL Level	
	(OR)	
3.b	Q. No. 3.b from CO2 with BTL Level	
4.a	Q. No. 4.a from CO3 with BTL Level	
	(OR)	
4.b	Q. No. 4.b from CO3 with BTL Level	
5.a	Q. No. 5.a from CO4 with BTL Level	
	(OR)	
5.b	Q. No. 5.b from CO4 with BTL Level	
	Part-C	(1 X 10M=10M)
	Answer ANY ONE Question	
Q. No.6	and 7 preferably be Max BTL and maximum four sub questions with	equal marks and may have a
1	een those questions.	
(Quest	ion must be based on comprehensive knowledge of course and i	interconnection of courses)
6	Combination of all CO's	
7	Combination of all CO's	

# First Year: Semester-I

Code: MC23-101 Paper: Programming Concept with Python	
	s Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 4
	Outcome:
	cessful completion of this course, students will be able to:
	Learn, understand and comprehend the concept of programming.
	Design algorithm to solve simple programming problem.
	Understand and remember syntax and semantics of Python.
	Create application using secondary storage.
	Understand and apply library for data analysis.
	apply Python to implement different solutions for the same problem and analyze why one solution is
	etter than theother.
	To write program for real life problem.
UNIT	COURSE
	Fundamentals of Computer
	History of Computers, Basic Anatomy of Computer System, Primary & Secondary Memory, Processing
	Unit, Input& Output devices. Basic Concepts of Assembly language, High level language, Compiler and
1	Assembler.
1	Number systems (decimal, octal and hexadecimal) with signed and unsigned numbers (using 1's and
	2'scomplement) - their representation, conversion and arithmetic operations.
	Packed and unpacked BCD system, ASCII. IEEE-754 floating point representation (half- 16 bit, full- 32
	bit, double-64 bit).
	Programming Basics
2	Problem analysis, Flowchart, algorithms, Pseudo codes, structured programming, Example of
2	Flowchart and Algorithm representation
	Variable and Expression
	Variables as names for values; expressions (arithmetic and logical) and their evaluation (operators,
3	associativity, precedence). Assignment operation; difference between left hand side and right hand
	side of assignment, Consoleinput/output: taking input from user and printing user information.
	Control Statement and Iteration
4	If statement, else-if statement, multiple statements within if, multiple if statement. While Loop, For
	Loop, NestingLoops, Controlling Loops using Break and Continue, Else Statement, Range Statement
	and Pass Statement in Loop.
5	Collections Strings, List, Tuples, Dictionary, Set, Selection sort, Bubble sort
3	
	Function
6	Built in function, user defined function, function passing values, function returning values, default
	parameter values, Recursive function
7	File Management
7	Operations on files (opening, modes, attributes, encoding, closing), read() & write() methods, tell()
	& seek()methods, renaming & deleting files and directories
8	Errors and Exception Handling  Dealing with syntax arrays. Exceptions, Handling exceptions with try/avecast. Cleaning up
	Dealing with syntax errors, Exceptions, Handling exceptions with try/except, Cleaning up with finally
	Classes and Objects
	Create a Class, Create Object, Init_() Function, Methods, Self-Parameter, Modification and Deletion of
9	Object Parameter, Deletion of Object, Pass Statement, Inheritance and Polymorphism, Scope, Module,
	Built-In MathFunction, Math Module, Module datetime and Date Objects, RegEx Module andRegEx
	Functions, Exception Handling.
10	Modules& Packages
10	Importing a module, Creating module, Function aliases, packages
	Numpy
11	ndArray, Pandas: reading files, exploratory data analysis, data preparation and processing, , Matplolib:
	Scatterplot, Line plot, Bar plot, Histogram, Box plot, Pair plot

- N.S. Gill, Handbook of Computer Fundamentals, Khanna Publishing House
- Dr.Jeeva Jose-Taming Python by Programming, Khanna Publishing
- Martin C. Brown The Complete Reference Python, Mc Graw Hill
- A. Martelli, A. Ravenscroft, S. Holden, Python in a Nutshell, OREILLY.
- Jason Rees-Python Programming: Practical introduction to Python Programming for total beginners,
- Anthony Brun Python Programming: A Step By Step Guide From Beginner To Expert (Beginner, Intermediate & Advanced)
  Mark Pilgrim-Diva into Python, Springer-Verlag Berlin and Heidelberg GmbH & Co. KG
  Summerfield Mark- Programming in Python 3, Pearson Education India

	Code: M	IC23-102	Paper: Relational Database Management System
	Contacts	s Hours / Week: 4	Credit: 4
		Outcome:	
			course, students will be able to:
	$\checkmark$	Identify the need for a data	abase over the file system.
	$\checkmark$	Understand and implemen	t the process of data insertion, retrieval, and manipulation.
	$\checkmark$	Understand and analyze th	e functional dependencies among attributes of the entity set and
		normalization betweenthe	relations.
	✓	Implement SQL concept for	or a database transaction.
			t the Transaction control and concurrency control management.
		Evaluate the relational tab	les, PL/SQL programs, triggers, database files, indexing of RDBMS.
	UNIT		COURSE
L	S		CONTENT
		Basic Concept	
			System, File based system, Advantages of DBMS over file based system,
			gical DBMS Architecture, Three level architecture of DBMS or logical DBMS
			ree level architecture, Physical DBMS Architecture, Database Administrator
			e, Data files indices and Data Dictionary
	1		tional and ER Models: Data Models, Relational Model, Domains, Tuple and
			andidate keys, Primary keys and foreign key for the Relations, Relational
			nstraint, Key Constraint, Integrity Constraint, Update Operations and Dealing
			ns, Relational Operations
			ER) Model: Entities, Attributes, Relationships, More about Entities and
			on of E-R Diagram to Relational Database.
		Database Integrity And	
			egrity, The Keys, Referential Integrity, Entity Integrity, Redundancy and
	2		ngle Valued Dependencies, Normalization, Rules of Data Normalization, The
	<i>L</i>	First Normal Form, The	Second Normal Form, The Third Normal Form, Boyce CODD Normal Form,
		The Fourth Normal Form	n, The Fifth Normal Form, Multi-valued Functional Dependency, Attribute
		Preservation, Losslessjoin	n Decomposition, Dependency Preservation.

	File Organization
	Physical Database Design Issues, Storage of Database on Hard Disks, File Organization and Its Types,
3	Heap files (Unordered files), Sequential File Organization, Indexed (Indexed Sequential) File
	Organization, Hashed File Organization, Types of Indexes, Index and Tree Structure, Multi-key File
	Organization, Need for Multiple
	Access Paths, Multi-list File Organization, Inverted File Organization.
	Structured Query Language (SQL)
4	Meaning, SQL commands, Data Definition Language, Data Manipulation Language, Data Control
4	Language, Transaction Control Language, Queries using Order by, Where, Group by, Nested Queries.
	Joins, Views, Sequences, Indexes and Synonyms, Table Handling.
	Transaction and Concurrency Management
	Transactions, Concurrent Transactions, Locking Protocol, Serializable Schedules, Locks Two Phase
5	Locking(2PL), Deadlock and its Prevention, Optimistic& Pessimistic Concurrency Control. Database
	Recovery and
	Security: Database Recovery meaning, Kinds of failures, Failure controlling methods, Database errors,
	Backup& Recovery Techniques, Security & Integrity, Database Security Authorization.
	PL/SQL
6	Introduction to PL/SQL, Variables & Data types, Basic blocks, Conditional & branching statement,
	Handlingof Cursor, Trigger, Function, Procedure, Package and Exception.
Referenc	e Books:
•	Silverchatz, Korth&Sudarshan-Data Base System Concepts, MH

- Silverchatz, Korth&Sudarshan-Data Base System Concepts, MH.
- Elmasri, Navathe- Fundamentals of Database Systems, Pearson
- C J date-An Introduction to Database, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company
- Majumder& Bhattacharyya-Data Base Management Systems, TMH
- Feuerstein-Oracle PL/SQL Programming, SPD/O'REILLY
- Leon-Data Base Management Systems, VIKAS
- Kroenke-Data Base Processing:Fundamentals, Design & Implementation, PHI
- P.S Deshpande-SQL PL/SQL for Oracle 8 & 8i, Wiley Dreamtech
- P. Bhatia, S. Bhatia, G. Singh- Concepts of Database Management System, Kalyani Publishers
  - R.P. Mahapatra, Database Management Systems, Khanna Publishing House (AICTE Recommended)

Code: MC23-103	Paper: Computer Organization and Architecture	
Contacts Hours / Week: 4		Credit: 4
Course Outcome:		

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Describe the merits and pitfalls in computer performance measurements and analyze the impact of instruction setarchitecture on cost-performance of computer design
- Explain Digital Logic Circuits, Data Representation, Register and Processor level Design and Instruction Setarchitecture
- Solve problems related to computer arithmetic and Determine which hardware blocks and control lines are used forspecific instructions
- Design a pipeline for consistent execution of instructions with minimum hazards
- Explain memory organization, I/O organization and its impact on computer cost/performance.

UNIT	COURSE	
S	CONTENT	
1	INTRODUCTION Digital Logic Design: Axioms and laws of Boolean algebra, Reduction of Boolean expressions, conversion between canonical forms, Karnaugh map (4 variable), Half Adder, full adder, 4-bitparallel parity bit generator, checker circuit, Decoder, Encoder, Multiplexer, IC RAM, ROM, Memory Organization, Sequential Circuits, Statetransistors, Flip-flop, RS, JK, D-Latch, Master-slave.	
2	INSTRUCTION SET ARCHITECTURE:  Memory Locations and Addresses: Byte Addressability, Big-Endian and Little-Endian Assignments, Word Alignment, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Modes, Assembly Language, Subroutines, Additional Instructions, dealing with 32-Bit Immediate Values.	

	BASIC PROCESSING UNIT & PIPELINING
	Basic Processing Unit: Some Fundamental Concepts, Instruction Execution, Hardware Components,
3	Instruction Fetch and Execution Steps, Control Signals, Hardwired Control, CISC-Style
	Processors. Pipelining: Basic Concept, Pipeline Organization, Pipelining Issues, Data Dependencies,
	Memory Delays,
	Branch Delays, Pipeline Performance Evaluation.
	MEMORY ORGANIZATION
4	Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read-only Memories, Direct Memory Access,
4	MemoryHierarchy, Cache Memories, Performance Considerations, Virtual Memory, Memory
	Management Requirements,
	Secondary Storage.
	INPUT OUTPUT & PARALLEL PROCESSING
	Basic Input Output: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts, Input Output Organization: Bus Structure,
5	BusOperation, Arbitration, Interface, Interconnection Standards. Parallel Processing: Hardware
	Multithreading,
	Vector (SIMD) Processing, Shared-Memory Multiprocessors, Cache Coherence, Message-
	PassingMulticomputer, Parallel Programming for Multiprocessors, Performance Modeling.
Dafaman	oo Dookse

- Computer Organization and Embedded Systems, 6th Edition, Hamacher Carl, et. al, Tata McGrawHill, New Delhi, 2011.
- Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware Software / Interface, 5th Edition, 1994, Patterson David
- Computer System Architecture, Revised 3rd Edition, Mano M. Morris Pearson Education

	• Computer System	Architecture, Revised 5 Edition, Mano M. Morris, Carson Education,
	Code: MC23-104	Paper: Discrete Mathematics
	Contacts Hours / Week: 4	Credit: 4
ſ	Course Outcome	

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- ✓ Interpret the problems that can be formulated in terms of graphs and trees.
- Explain network phenomena by using the concepts of connectivity, independent sets, cliques, matching, graph coloringetc.
- Achieve the ability to think and reason abstract mathematical definitions and ideas relating to integers throughconcepts of well-ordering principle, division algorithm, greatest common divisors and congruence.
- Apply counting techniques and the crucial concept of recurrence to comprehend the combinatorial aspects of algorithms.
- Analyze the logical fundamentals of basic computational concepts.
- Compare the notions of converse, contrapositive, inverse etc. in order to consolidate the comprehension of the logical subtleties involved in computational mathematics.

	the logical subtleties involved in computational mathematics.	
UNIT	COURSE	
S	CONTENT	
1	Logic and Proofs	
1	Propositional logic, Propositional equivalences, Predicates and quantifiers, Nested quantifiers, Rules of	
	inference.	
	Principles of Mathematical Induction	
2	The Well-Ordering Principle, Recursive definition, The Division algorithm: Prime Numbers, The Greatest	
	CommonDivisor: Euclidean Algorithm, The Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic.	
	Sets and Sequence	
	Sets, Relation and Function: Operations and Laws of Sets, Cartesian Products, Binary Relation, Partia	
3	Ordering Relation, Equivalence Relation, Image of a Set, Sum and Product of Functions, Bijective	
	functions, Inverse and Composite Function, Size of a Set, Finite and infinite Sets, Countable and	
	uncountable Sets, Cantor's diagonal argument and The Power Set theorem, Schroeder-Bernstein theorem	
	Fuzzy set, Basic properties of fuzzy set.	
	Counting and Combinatorics	
4	Counting, Sum and product rule, Principle of Inclusion Exclusion. Pigeon Hole Principle, Counting by	
	Bijections. Double Counting. Linear Recurrence relations - methods of solutions. Generating Functions.	
	Permutations and Combination	

5	Algebraic Structure Algebraic Structures with one Binary Operation, Semi Groups, Monoids, Groups, Congruence Relation and Quotient Structures, Free and Cyclic Monoids and Groups, Permutation Groups, Substructures, Normal Subgroups, Algebraic Structures with two Binary Operation, Rings, Integral Domain and Fields. Boolean Algebra and Boolean Ring, Identities of Boolean Algebra, Duality, Representation of Boolean Function, Disjunctive and Conjunctive Normal Form
6	Graph and Tree Graphs and their properties, Degree, Connectivity, Path, Cycle, Sub Graph, Isomorphism, Eulerian and HamiltonianWalks, Graph Colouring, Colouring maps and Planar Graphs, Colouring Vertices, Colouring Edges, List Colouring, Perfect Graph, definition properties and Example, rooted trees, trees and sorting, weighted trees and prefix codes, Bi-connected component and Articulation Points, Shortest distances.

- S.B. Singh, Discrete Structures, Khanna Book Publishing, Delhi Kandel& Baker- Discrete Mathematics for Comp. Scientists & Mathematicians, Mott, PHI
- C.L.Liu- Discrete Mathematical Structure, C.L.Liu, TMH
- G.S.RAO- Discrete Mathematical Structure, New Age International
- DeoNarsingh Graph Theory With Applications To Engineering And Computer Science, PHI Learning Arumugam, Ramachandran- Invitation to Graph Theory, Scitech Publications (India)

Code: MC23-E105A Paper: Environment and Ecology Contacts Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3 **Course Outcome:** After successful completion of this course, students will be able to: Be able to understand the natural environment and its relationships with human activities. Be able to apply the fundamental knowledge of science and engineering to assess environmental and health risk. Be able to understand environmental laws and regulations to develop guidelines and procedures for health andsafety issues Be able to solve scientific problem-solving to air, water, noise and land pollutions. UNIT COURSE CONTENT S Introduction Basic ideas of environment and interrelationship among man society and environment. 1 Environmental problems and issues, Segments of environments, Natural Cycles of environmentsMathematics of population growth and its associated problems, Logistic population growth **Elements of Ecology** 2 Open and closed system ecology, species, population, community, definition of ecosystemcomponents typesand functions, Environmental perspectives, Montreal protocol **Pollutants and Contaminants** 3 Definition of primary and secondary pollutants and contaminants. Source and effects of different air pollutantssuspended particulate matter, oxides of carbon, nitrogen, sulphur particulate **Air Pollution** Structures of the atmosphere, global temperature models, Greenhouse effect, global warming; acid 4 rain: causes, effects and control. Lapse rate and atmospheric stability; pollutants and contaminants; smog; depletion of ozone layer; standards and control measures of air pollution. Water Pollution Hydrosphere; pollutants of water: origin and effects; oxygen demanding waste; thermal pollution; 5 pesticides:

salts. Biochemical effects of heavy metals; eutrophication: source, effect and control. Water quality

Land pollution: sources and control; solid waste: classification, recovery, recycling, treatment and

Noise: definition and classification; noise frequency, noise pressure, noise intensity, loudness of

## Reference Books:

6

7

Land Pollution

disposal.

Noise Pollution

• Environmental Studies, M.P. Poonia & S.C. Sharma, Khanna Publishing House.

parameters:DO, BOD, COD. Water treatment: surface water and wastewater.

• Basic Environmental Engineering and Elementary Biology, GourKrishna Das Mahapatra, VikasPublishing House P. Ltd.

noise, noisethreshold limit value; noise pollution effects and control.

- Environmental Chemistry, A. K. De, New Age International.
- Environmental Engineering, G.M.Masters, Tata Mc Graw Hills
- Environmental Chemistry with Green Chemistry, A. K. Das, Books and Allied P. Ltd.
- Fundamentals of Environment & Ecology, D. De, D. De, S. Chand & Company Ltd.

**Code: MC23-E105B** Paper: Management Accounting Contacts Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3

## **Course Outcome:**

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- ✓ Understand the basic concepts related to Business.
- ✓ Demonstrate the roles, skills and functions of different discipline of business management.
- ✓ To disseminate knowledge among the students inculcate with theoretical structures about banking system
- ✓ Record basic accounting transactions and prepare annual financial statements; and analyse, interpret and communicatethe information contained in basic financial statements
- ✓ Analyse and provide recommendations to improve the operations of Organisations through the application of Cost and Management accounting techniques

	✓ Equip students with in-depth and expert knowledge of Tally ERP with GST.		
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT		
S	Introduction		
1			
	Basics of management; Planning, scheduling, organizing, staffing, directing, controlling		
	Management		
2	Marketing Management, Financial management, Operation		
	management, Human resource management, Management		
	information System		
	Strategy		
3	Firm and its environment, strategies and resources, industry structure and analysis, corporate		
	strategies and itsevaluation, strategies for growth and diversification, strategic planning		
	Business Trade and Banking (3L)		
	Business: Types of business, Sole Proprietorship, Partnership, Limited company and cooperative		
4	society – theircharacteristics.		
7	Banking: role of commercial banks; credit creation and its importance in industrial functioning. Ro		
	of centralbank: Reserve Bank of India.		
	International Business or Trade Environment.		
	Financial Accounting		
5	Journals, Ledgers, Trial Balance, Profit & Account, Balance Sheet, Financial		
	Reporting Financial Statement Analysis and Interpretation (Financial Ratio and Cash		
	Flow analysis)		
_	Cost Accounting		
6	Concepts and Classification of costs, Cost Sheet		
	Break Even Analysis, Variance Analysis, Cost-volume profit (CVP) relationship, Cash		
	Budgeting		
7	Packages  Einemiel accounting computer peakage (Telly EPP with GST)		
) of one or	Financial accounting computer package (Tally ERP with GST)		
Reference			
•	Financial Accounting- A Managerial Perspective, R. Narayanswami, Prentice-Hall of India Private		
	Limited. NewDelhi		

- Fundamentals of Financial Management, Horne, James C Van, Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited,
- Modern Economic Theory, H. L. Ahuja., S. Chand. New Delhi.
- Management Accounting, Khan & Jain, TMH
- Management Accounting, M.E. Thukaram Rao, New Age International

Code: MC23-E105C Paper: Constitution of India		
	Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3	
Course Outcome:		
	cessful completion of this course, students will be able to:	
✓ Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.		
	To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional role and	
	entitlement tocivil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian	
	nationalism.	
	To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917	
	and its impacton the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.	
UNIT S	COURSE CONTENT	
	History of Making of the Indian Constitution	
1	History Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)	
	Philosophy of the Indian Constitution	
2	Preamble Salient Features	
	Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties	
	Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom	
3	of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of	
	State Policy, Fundamental Duties.	
	Organs of Governance	
4	Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive,	
4	President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications,	
	Powers and Functions	
	Local Administration	
	District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of	
5	Elected Representative, CEO of Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: ZilaPachayat.	
	Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational	
	Hierarchy (Different	
	departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy	
	Election Commission	
6	Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners. State Election	
Reference	Commission: Role and Functioning. Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.	
Kererence	The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.	
	Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.	
•	M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.	
•	D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.	
Code: M	C23-E105D Paper: Stress Management through Yoga	
	Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3	
	Course Outcome:	
After suc	cessful completion of this course, students will be able to:	
✓ ′	To achieve overall health of body and mind	
	To overcome stress	
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT	
S		
1	Astanga	
	Definitions of Eight parts of Yoga (Ashtanga)	
	Yam and Niyam	
2	Do's and Don't's in life. i) Ahinsa, satya, astheya, bramhacharya and aparigraha ii) Shaucha, santosh, tapa,	
	swadhyay, ishwarpranidhan	
	Asan and Pranayam	
3	i) Various yog poses and their benefits for mind & body ii)Regularization of breathing techniques and	
4	its effects-Typesof pranayama	
4	Meditation Techniques	

- Janardan Swami Yogabhyasi Mandal- Yogic Asanas for Group Tarining-Part-I, Nagpur
- Swami Vivekananda- Rajayoga or conquering the Internal Nature, AdvaitaAshrama (Publication Department), Kolkata

Code: MC23-E105E Paper: Ethics in Business Profession
Contacts Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3

#### **Course Outcome:**

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- ✓ Earn about morals, values & work ethics, Learn to respect others and develop civic virtue.
- ✓ Learn about the ethical responsibilities of the engineers, create awareness about the customs and religions, InstallMoral and Social Values and Loyalty and to appreciate the rights of others.
- ✓ Demonstrate knowledge to become a social experimenter, Provide depth knowledge on framing of the problem anddetermining the facts.
- ✓ Create awareness about safety, risk & risk benefit analysis, Provide knowledge on Intellectual Property Rights.
- Develop knowledge about global issues, Create awareness on computer and environmental ethics, Analyze ethicalproblems in research.

UNIT S	COURSE CONTENT	
1	Human Values Morals, Values and Ethics-Integrity-Work Ethic-Service learning, Civic Virtue, Respect for others, Living Peacefully, Caring, Sharing, Honesty, Courage-Cooperation, Commitment, Empathy, Self Confidence Character.	
2	Professional Ethics Senses of 'Professional Ethics-Variety of moral issued, Types of inquiry, Moral dilemmas, Moral autonomy, Kohlberg's theory-Gilligan's theory, Consensus and controversy, Models of professional roles, Theories	
3	aboutright action, Self-interest, Customs and religion.  Professional As Social Experimentation Profession As Social Experimentation, Framing the problem, Determining the facts, Codes of Ethics,	
	ClarifyingConcepts, Application issues, Common Ground, General Principles, Utilitarian thinking respect for persons.	
4	Safety, Responsibilities And Rights in Profession  Safety and Risk – Assessment of Safety and Risk – Risk Benefit Analysis and Reducing Risk –  Respect for Authority – Collective Bargaining – Confidentiality – Conflicts of Interest – Occupational Crime – Professional  Rights – Employee Rights – Intellected Property Rights (IRR) – Discrimination	
	Rights – Employee Rights – Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) – Discrimination  Global Issues  Globalization, Cross culture issues-Environmental Ethics, Computer Ethics – Computers as the instrument	
5	ofUnethical behavior, Computers as the object of Unethical acts, Autonomous Computers, Computer codes of Ethics, Moral Leadership, Code of Conduct, Corporate Social Responsibility. Ethics and Research, AnalyzingEthical Problems in research.	

#### **Reference Books:**

- Govindarajan M, Natarajan S, Senthil Kumar V. S, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- A. R. Aryasri, DharanikotaSuyodhana "Professional Ethics and Morals" Maruthi Publications.
- Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- John R Boatright, "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, New Delhi.

	AC23-E105F	Paper: Managerial Economics
	s Hours / Week: 3	Credit: 3
	Outcome:	
		course, students will be able to:
	To understand applications	
✓	To understand and interpre	
$\checkmark$	To assess the relationships	between short-run and long-run costs.
$\checkmark$	To analyze perfectly comp	etitive markets including substitution.
$\checkmark$	To explain uniform pricing	g and how it relates to price discrimination and total revenue.
✓	To analyze the causes and	consequences of different market conditions.
✓	To integrate the concept of	price and output decisions of firms under various market structure.
UNIT		COURSE CONTENT
S		
	Introduction	
1	Introduction to Manage	rial Economics, Basic problems of an economic system; Goals of
		ing; Resource allocation using PPC
	Demand Analysis	<u> </u>
		aw of Demand, Explaining the law of demand, Violations of theLaw of
		d; Elasticity of Demand: Price Elasticity (at a point andover and interval),
		• • •
2	• .	sticity, Price elasticity and Change in TotalRevenue, AR, MR and Price
	elasticity, Range of Value	s of Price Elasticity; IncomeElasticity, Inferior, Superior and Normal goods,
	Income Elasticity and Sha	re in TotalExpenditure; Cross- Price Elasticity, Substitutes and
	ComplementsIndifference	curves, budget line and consumerequilibrium Introduction to methods of
	demand estimation (conce	
	demand estimation (conce	pts only)
	Production and Cost A	nalysis
		rt Run and Long Run, Production with One Variable Input, Total Product,
		oducts, Law of Variable proportions, Relationship between TP, AP and MP.
	Average and Marginar Fro	ducts, Law of variable proportions, relationship between 11, Ar and Wi.
	Short Run Costs of Produ	uction, Fixed and Variable Costs, Short Run Total, Average and Marginal Cos
3	_	them, Short Run Cost Curves, Relationshipbetween AVC, MC, AP and MP;
-	Long run cost curves, Rel	ationship between LAC and SAC, Economies of Scale and Scope.
		able Inputs, Isoquants – Characteristics, Margina Rate of Technical
	Substitution, Laws of Retu	urns to Scale, Isocost Curves, * # Finding the Optimal Combination of Inputs
	Production of a given out	out at Minimum Cost, Production of Maximum Output with a given level of
	Cost, Expansion Path. Fin	ding the Long Run Cost Schedules from the Production Function,
2555, 27paniston I am, I maning the Bong Itali Cost benedules from the Fronteen I anetton,		,
4	Alternate Goals of Mar	
		venue maximization; Managerial utility maximization
		aking under Alternative Market Structures
		rfect Competition, #Profit Maximization in Competitive Markets, Output
_		in, Shut Down Point, Short Run Supply for the Firm and Industry; Output
5	Decision in the Long Ru	n, Break Even Point, Long Run Supply for the Perfectly Competitive Industry
	Data and a second second	1 - 1'CC 1 1 1
		under different market structure – Monopoly,
		, Oligopoly – cartel, price leadership.
	<b>Pricing Decisions</b>	
6	Game theory & Asymme	ler Monopoly, Transfer Pricing.Market Failure

- Sociology & Economics for Engineers, Khanna Publishing, Delhi,
- Damodaran, Suma Managerial Economics Oxford University Press Lipsey & Chrystal Economics Oxford University Press Peterson & Lewis Managerial Economics Pearson Education.

- Pindyck and Rubenfeld Micro Economics Pearson Education
- H.L. Ahuza- Managerial Economics, S. Chand
- D.N. Dwivedi- Managerial Economics, Prentice Hall.

Code: MC23-190 Paper: Soft Skill and Interpersonal Communication Contacts Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 2				
Course (	Course Outcome:			
After suc	cessful completion of this course, students will be able to:			
✓ Effectively communicate through verbal/oral communication and improve the listening sk				
✓	Able to be self-confident with positive vibes			
	Actively participate in group discussion / meetings / interviews and prepare & deliver presentations			
✓	Become more effective individual through goal/target setting, self-motivation and practicing creative			
	thinking.			
	Function effectively in multi-disciplinary and heterogeneous teams through the knowledge of team			
	work, Inter-personal relationships, conflict management and leadership quality.			
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT			
S				
	Soft Skills& Interpersonal Communication			
	An Introduction – Definition and Significance of Soft Skills; Process, Importance and Measurement of			
1	Soft Skill Development.			
	Inter personal relations; communication models, process and barriers; team communication; developing			
	interpersonal relationships through effective communication; listening skills; essential formal writing			
	skills; corporate communication styles –assertion, persuasion, negotiation.			
	SWOT & Creative Thinking  Discoursing the Selfs Series Cooks Beliefs Values Aritade Virtue			
2	Discovering the Self; Setting Goals; Beliefs, Values, Attitude, Virtue.			
	Developing Positive Thinking and Attitude; Driving out Negativity; Meaning and Theories of Motivation; Enhancing Motivation Levels.			
	Corporate Communication			
	Public Speaking: Skills, Methods, Strategies and Essential tips for effective public speaking.			
	Group Discussion: Importance, Planning, Elements, Skills assessed; Effectively disagreeing,			
	Initiating, Summarizing and Attaining the Objective.			
3	Interview& Presentation Skills: Interviewer and Interviewee—in-depth perspectives. Before, During			
	and After theInterview.			
	Tips for Success: Types, Content, Audience Analysis, Essential Tips – Before, During and After,			
	OvercomingNervousness.			
	Non-Verbal Communication & Personality Development			
4	Importance and Elements; Body Language. Concept, Essentials, Tipsc Meaning, Nature, Features, Stages,			
	Models; Learning Skills; Adaptability Skills.			
Business Etiquette & Team Work				
5	Concept of Teams; Building effective teams; Concept of Leadership and honing Leadership			
	skills. Meaning, Nature, Features, Stages, Models; Learning Skills; Adaptability Skills.			
Reference	Books:			
•	Managing Soft Skills for Personality Development – edited by B.N.Ghosh,McGraw Hill India, 2012.			
•	Effective Communication and Soft Skills, Nitin Bhatnagar, Pearson Education India, 2011			
•	English and Soft Skills – S.P.Dhanavel, Orient Blackswan India, 2010.			
•	Effective Business Communication, Kulbhushan Kumar, Khanna Publishing House, 2021.			

Code: MC23-191 Paper: Python Programming Lab Contacts Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 2 **Course Outcome:** After successful completion of this course, students will be able to: ✓ To write simple programs relating to different logical problems. To be able to interpret, understand and debug syntax errors reported by the compiler. Understand and implement the native data types (Python in this course) To implement conditional branching, iteration. To decompose a problem intofunctions. To be able to create, read from and write into simple text files. To understand the basic concept of OOPs To understand and implement Python NumpyArrray operations UNIT COURSE CONTENT S Python Basics: Installing Python, Setting up Path and Environment Variables, Running Python, First 1 Python Program Python Data Types & Input/output: Keywords, Identifiers, Python Statement, Indentation, 2 Documentation, Variables, Multiple Assignment, Understanding Data Type, Data Type Conversion, Python Input and Output Functions, Import command. Operators and Expressions: Operators in Python, Expressions, Precedence, Associativity of 3 Operators, Non Associative Operators. 4 **Control Structures:** Decision making statements, Python loops, Python control statements. Python Native Data Types: Numbers, Lists, Tuples, Sets, Dictionary, Functions & Methods of 5 Dictionary, Strings(in detail with their methods and operations). Python Functions: Built-in Functions, User defined functions, Anonymous functions, Pass by 6 value, Pass by Reference, Recursion 7 Exception Handling: Exceptions, Built-in exceptions, Exception handling, User defined exceptions in File Management in Python: Operations on files (opening, modes, attributes, encoding, closing), read() & 8 write() methods, tell() & seek() methods, renaming & deleting files in Python, directories in Python. Python OOPs 9 Python OOPs Concepts, Object Class, Constructors, Inheritance 10 Numpy data types, Operations on Numpy Array (indexing, slicing, shape/reshape, iteration, join, split, search, sort, filter)

Code: Mo		Paper: Relational Database Management System Lab Credit: 2
Contacts Course O	Hours / Week: 4	Creuit: 2
		of this course, students will be able to:
✓ I	Learn to use Entity	Relationship Diagram (ERD) model as a blueprint to develop the corresponding
		a RDBMS system like Oracle DBMS.
		nent of Structured query language (SQL) to create a relational database from lementation of various constraints in Oracle RDBMS system.
	Apply DML compo Dracle RDBMSsyst	onent of Structured query language (SQL) for storing and modification of data in
✓ A	Apply DQL compos	nent of Structured query language (SQL) to construct complex queries for efficient
		m existing database as per the user requirement specifications.
		apply various P/L SQL concepts like cursor, trigger in creating database programs.
		dged database backend system using SQL and P/L SQL programming to establish
		he database system. function, Procedure and Package and Apply Exception.
UNIT	COURSE CON	
S	COURSE CON	TENT
	Creation of a da	atabase based on given ERD Model:
		ition Language (DDL)
		r) table structure, Apply (and Alter) constraints on columns/tables viz., primary key, foreign
		t null, check. Verify/ Review the table structure (along with applied constraints) using
1		dictionary tables like user_constraints, user_cons_columns, etc. Create view, materialized
	view using one of	
		oulation Language (DML)
		(once at a time/ and in bulk) from a table, Update existing rows of a table, Delete rows (a
	few or all rows)	
	Data Query Lan	m-where structure - Usage of Top, Distinct, Null keywords in query, Using String and
		essions, Exploring Where Clause with various Operators and logical combination of various
		ng data using Order By clause. Usage of IN, LIKE, ALL keywords.
		oins, Natural Joins, equi-join, non-equi-join, Self-Join, Inner Join, Outer (left,
	right) Join.Set of	
2		t, minus set operations on table data
	using SQL.Using	g single row functions in Queries
		o handle ambiguity of null data), upper, lower, to_date, to_char functions, etc.
		ltiple row functions in Queries like Count, Sum, Min, Max, Avg, etc, using Group By and
		Jsing Group By with Rollup and Cube.
		rking with various nested structure of Sub Queries - use in from or where clause with more
		nesting, correlated sub-query- Ranking table data using correlated sub-query.
	PL/SQL	as and Europians. Designations are arranging constructs of DI / SOI like if also also if loop
	while, for structu	es and Functions- Basic programming constructs of PL / SQL like if, else, else-if, loop,
		procedure variables with the data fetched from table using SQL command.
		ursors - Creating Cursors, parameterized cursor, Locks on cursors, Exploring advantages of
3		tion to triggers - Constraints Vs Triggers, Creating, Altering, Dropping triggers, use of for
		triggers, Using trigger to validate/ rollback a Transaction, Automatically populate integer
		ary key columns (e.g., Id.) using trigger.
	Handling Functi	on, Procedure & Package – Create Function, Create Procedure and Create
	Package.Excepti	on Handling.

## First Year: Semester-II

Code: MC23-201 Paper: Data Structure using C Contacts Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 4 **Course Outcome:** 

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of abstract data type such as stack, queue, linked list, and trees
- Chose appropriate data structure to design algorithm to solve the problem.
- Analyze the algorithms in the context of efficiency.
- Apply the knowledge of stack and queue to design algorithm

UNIT	COURSE
S	CONTEN
	T
	Introduction
1	Basic Terminologies: Elementary Data Organizations, Data Structure Operations: insertion, deletion,
1	traversal etc.; Analysis of an Algorithm, Asymptotic Notations, Time-Space trade off.
	Searching: Linear Search and Binary Search Techniques and their complexity
	Stacks and Queues
	ADT Stack and its operations: Algorithms and their complexity analysis, Applications of Stacks:
2	ExpressionConversion and evaluation – corresponding algorithms and complexity analysis.
	ADT, queue, Types of Queue: Simple Queue, Circular Queue, Priority Queue; Operations on each
	type of Queue: Algorithms and their analysis.
	Linked Lists
	Singly linked lists: Representation in memory, Algorithms of several operations: Traversing,
2	Searching, Insertioninto, Deletion from linked list;
3	Linked representation of Stack and Queue,
	Header nodes, Doubly linked list: operations on
	it and algorithmic analysis;
	Circular Linked Lists: all operations their algorithms and the complexity analysis.
	Trees
	Basic Tree Terminologies, Different types of Trees: Binary Tree, Threaded Binary Tree, Binary Sear
4	Tree, AVLTree;
	Tree operations on each of the trees and their algorithms with complexity
	analysis. Applications of Binary Trees. B Tree, B+ Tree: definitions, algorithms
	and analysis.
	Graph
5	Graph Terminology, Representation of graphs, Path Matrix, Graph Traversal, BFS, DFS, Minimum
	Spanning Tree, Kruskal's Algorithm and Prim's Algorithm.
_	Sorting
6	Objective and properties of different sorting algorithms: Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Insertion So
	Quick Sort, Merge Sort, Heap Sort; Performance and Comparison among all the methods.
_	Hashing Review of Hashing, Hash Function, Collision Resolution Techniques in Hashing, Separate
7	Chaining, OpenAddressing, Linear Probing, Quadratic Probing, Double Hashing, Rehashing, Extendi
	Hashing.

Code: Mo	C23-202 Paper: Operating System Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 4
Course O	
After succ	Describe the main components of OS and their working Explain the concepts of process and thread and their scheduling policies Explain the various memory management techniques Compare the different techniques for managing memory, I/O, disk and files Explains the security and protection features of an Operating System
UNI	COURSE CONTENT
TS	
1	Introduction Generations Concept of Operating systems, Systems, Types of Operating Systems, OS Services, System Calls, Structure of an OS - Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operating Systems, Concept of Virtual Machine. Real Time Operating Systems, Distributed Operating Systems, Multiprocessor Operating System.  Case Study: Architecture of Unix and Windows Operating Systems
	Process Management
2	Processes and Threads: 7 state process model, Process scheduling, Operations on processes, Inter-processcommunication, Threads overview, Benefits of threads, User and kernel threads.  CPU Scheduling: Scheduling criteria, Preemptive & non-preemptive scheduling, Scheduling algorithms (FCFS, SJF, RR, Priority, Multi-level queue, Multi-level feedback queue), Comparative study of the algorithms, Multi-processor scheduling.  Process Synchronization: Background, Critical section problem, Software solution – Peterson and Bakery algorithm, Synchronization hardware, Semaphores, Classical problems of synchronization.  Deadlocks: System model, Deadlock characterization, Methods for handling Deadlocks,
	Deadlock prevention, Deadlock avoidance, Deadlock detection, Recovery from deadlock.  Case Study: Scheduling on Unix and Windows Operating Systems
3	Memory Management  Basic concept, Logical and Physical address map, Memory allocation: Contiguous Memory allocation—Fixed and variable partition—Internal and External fragmentation and Compaction; Paging: Principle of operation—Page allocation Hardware support for paging, Protection and sharing, Disadvantages of paging.  Virtual Memory: Basics of Virtual Memory—Hardware and control structures—Locality of reference, Page fault, Working Set, Dirty page/Dirty bit—Demand paging, Page Replacement algorithms(Optimal, FIFO, SC, NRU and LRU), Thrashing  Case Study: Unix Virtual Memory, Windows Virtual Memory
	Case Study: Unix Virtual Memory, Windows Virtual Memory
4	File Systems and I/O Management  File concept, Fundamental File System Organization and Access Methods, Directory structure, File system structure, Allocation methods (Contiguous, Linked, Indexed), Free-space management (Bit vector, Linked list, Grouping), Directory Implementation (Linear list, Hash table), Efficiency and Performance.  PC Bus Structure, I/O connections, Data transfer techniques (Programmed, Interrupt driven, DMA), Bus arbitration (Daisy chain, Polling, Independent request), Blocking and non-blocking I/O, Kernel I/O subsystem (Scheduling, Buffering, Caching, Spooling and device reservation,
	Error handling).
	Case Study: UnixFile System, Windows File System
5	Security and Protection: Overview of Security and Protection, Goals of Security and Protection, Security Attacks, Formal and Practical aspects of Security, Encryption, Authentication and Password Security, Access Descriptors and the Access Control Matrix, Protection Structures, Capabilities, Case Study: Unix Security, Windows Security.

Code: MC23-203

- Operating System Concepts Essentials, 10th Edition by Avi Silberschatz, Peter Galvin, Greg Gagne, WileyAsia Student Edition.
- Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 5th Edition, William Stallings, Prentice Hall of
- Operating System Concepts, Ekta Walia, Khanna Publishing House (AICTE Recommended Textbook -2018)
- Operating System: A Design-oriented Approach, 1st Edition by Charles Crowley, Irwin Publishing
- Operating Systems: A Modern Perspective, 2nd Edition by Gary J. Nutt, Addison-Wesley
- Design of the Unix Operating Systems, 8th Edition by Maurice Bach, Prentice-Hall of India Understanding the Linux Kernel, 3rd Edition, Daniel P. Bovet, Marco Cesati, O'Reilly and Associates

Paper: Object Oriented Programming with JAVA

Contacts 1	Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 4
Course O	
After succ	essful completion of this course, students will be able to:
	se the characteristics of Java language in a program. Use variables and data types in program
d	evelopment.
	lentify and implement arrays, String and Selection Statements.
	Trite Java programs using object-oriented programming techniques including classes, objects,
	ethods, instancevariables, interface. Tesign and implementation programs of Exception handling, Packages, Multithreading Programming
	resign and implementation programs of Exception handling, Packages, Multitureading Programming and implementation programs of Exception handling, Packages, Multitureading Programming
UNI	COURSE CONTENT
TS	
	Object-Oriented Languages
	Java's History, Creation of Java, Internet & Java, Byte-code, Its Features, Java Program Structure
1	and Java's Class Library, Data Types, Variables, and Operators, Operator Precedence; Selection
	Statements, Scope of Variable, Iterative Statement; Defining Classes & Methods, Creating
	Objects of a Class, Defining and Using a Class, Automatic Garbage Collection. <b>Arrays and Strings:</b> Arrays, Arrays of Characters, String Handling Using String Class, Operation
	on String Handling Using, String Buffer Class.
	Classes and Inheritance
	Using Existing Classes, Class Inheritance, Choosing Base Class, Multiple Levels of Inheritance,
	Abstraction through Abstract Classes, Using Final Modifier,
	Packages: Understanding Packages, Defining a Package, Packaging up Your Classes, Adding
2	Classes from a Package to Your Program, Understanding CLASSPATH, Standard Packages,
2	Access Protection in Packages, Concept of Interface.  Exception Handling: The concept of Exceptions, Types of Exceptions, Dealing with Exception
	Exception Objects, Defining Your Own Exceptions.
	Multithreading Programming
	The Java Thread Model, Understanding Threads, The Main Thread, creating a Thread, Creating MultipleThreads, Thread Priorities, Synchronization.
2	Input / Output in Java: I/O Basic, Byte and Character Structures, I/O Classes, Reading Console
3	Input, Writing Console Output, Reading and Writing on Files, Random Access Files, Storing and
	Retrieving Objects from File, Stream Benefits.
	Creating Applets in Java: Applet Basics, Applet Architecture, Applet Life Cycle, Simple Applet
	Display Methods, The HTML Applet Tag Passing Parameters to Applets.
	Working with Windows
	AWT Classes, Window Fundamentals, Working with Frame, Creating a Frame Window in Applet; Displaying Information within a Window.
	Working with Graphics and Texts: Working with Graphics, Working with Color, Setting the Pa
4	Mode, Working with Fonts, Managing Text Output; Using Font Metrics, Exploring Text a
	Graphics, Working with AWT Controls, Layout Managers and Menus.

- The Complete Reference JAVA, Herbert Schildt, TMH Publication.
- JAVA and Object-Oriented Programming Paradigm, Debasish Jana, Prentice Hall of India
- Beginning JAVA, Ivor Horton, WROX Publication.
- Core JAVA, Tanweer Alam, AICTE Recommended (Khanna Publishing)
- JAVA 2 UNLEASHED, Tech Media Publications. JAVA 2 (1.3) API Documentations.

Code: Mo	C23-204 Paper: Networking
	Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 4
Course O	outcome:
	cessful completion of this course, students will be able to:
	Inderstand the purpose of network layered models, network communication using the layered
	oncept and able tocompare and contrast OSI and TCP/IP model.
	Differentiate among and discuss the four level of address (physical, logical, port and url) used by
the internet TCP/IPprotocols.	
✓ Understand the routing principals and algorithm such as distance vector routing and link state.	
	udge the efficiency of the connection oriented and connectionless protocol.
	Samiliar with the routing techniques, protocols and quality of service.
	Explain the concept of network security and cryptography.
UNI TS	COURSE CONTENT
13	Introduction
	Direction of data flow (simplex, half duplex, full duplex), Network topology, categories o
1	network (LAN, MAN,WAN).
•	Protocol and Standard  Lovered Teels, The OSI model, TCD/ID represed swite. Addressing
2	Layered Task, The OSI model, TCP/IP protocol suite, Addressing
	Networking
	Networking concept, IPv4 and IPv6 Addressing, IPv4 protocol, IPv6 protocol, transition from IPV4
	to(1IP0LV)6, transition from IPv4 to IPv6, Address Mapping, Error Reporting, Multicasting
3	Unicast Routing Protocols, Distance Vector routing, Link state routing, Path vector routing, Multicasting Routing Protocols
-	Transmission Control Protocol(TCP), User Datagram Protocol(UDP)
	Transmission Control Protocol (PCF), CSCI Buttagram Protocol (CBF)
	Quality of Service
4	Data traffic, Congestion, congestion control, Quality of service, Techniques to improve QoS,
	Integrated services, Differentiated service, QoS in Frame Relay, QoS in ATM
	DNG INLAY G D IN G DIVING CN G D
5	DNS and Web Name Space, Domain Name System, Distribution of Name Space, Remote Logging
	Electronic Mail and File Transfer, WWW, Web document and HTTP, Network Managemen Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
	Simple Network Management 1 1000cor (Similar)
	Network Security
_	Symmetric Key Cryptography, DES, AES, Asymmetric Key Cryptography, RSA, Diffie-Hellmar Security Services, Digital Signature, Key Management, IP Security, SSL/TLS, PGP, Firewalls
5	Security Services, Digital Signature, Key Ivianagement, IP Security, SSL/1LS, POP, Firewalls

- Computer Networks, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Pearson Education, Fourth edition.
- Data and Computer Communication, William Stallings, Prentice hall, Seventh edition.
- An Integrated Approach to Computer Networks, Bhavneet Sidhu, Khanna Publishing House. High speed Networks and Internets, William Stallings, Pearson education, Second edition.
- Behrouz A Forouzan, Data communication & Networking, TMH
- Behrouz A Forouzan, TCP/IP Protocol Suite, TMH
- Kelvin R Fall, W. Richard Stevens-TCP/IP Illustrated Volume 1, Addison Wesley

	C23-E205A Paper: Numerical and Credit: 3
Course O	utcome:
	ressful completion of this course, students will be able to:
	o understand approximation and propagation error.
	To understand and implement different interpolation techniques.
	To understand and implement integration techniques.
	To understand and implement solutions for linear and algebraic and differential equations.
UNITS	COURSE CONTENT
	Approximation in numerical computation
1	Truncation and rounding errors, Fixed and floating point arithmetic, Propagation of
	errors.
	Interpolation
2	Newton forward/backward interpolation, Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference
	Interpolation
3	Numerical integration
3	Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule, Romberg's Integration, Expression for
	corresponding error terms.
4	Numerical solution of Linear equations
7	Gauss elimination method, Matrix inversion, LU Factorization method, Gauss-Seidel
	iterative method.
5	Numerical solution of Algebraic equation
	Bisection method, Regula-Falsi method, Newton-Raphson method, Iteration Method, Secant Method.
	Numerical solution of ordinary differential equation
6	Euler's method, Runge-Kutta methods, Taylor's series, method, Predictor Corrector methods and
O	Finite Difference method.
	Least Square Curve fitting
7	Linear & non-linear curve fitting
	Introduction to Statistics & Probability
	Basic Statistics-measure of central tendency, dispersion.
8	Probability, distribution introduction to mass function, density function, distribution function
	(Binomial, Poisson, Normal).
eference	
•	R.S. Salaria: Computer Oriented Numerical Methods, Khanna Publishing House (AICTE)
	C.Xavier: C Language and Numerical Methods.
	Dutta & Jana: Introductory Numerical Analysis.
	J.B.Scarborough: Numerical Mathematical Analysis.
	Jain, Iyengar, & Jain: Numerical Methods (Problems and Solution).
	Balagurusamy: Numerical Methods, Scitech.
	Baburam: Numerical Methods, Pearson Education.
•	N. Dutta: Computer Programming & Numerical Analysis, Universities Press

	IC23-E205B Paper: Computer Graphics			
Contacts Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3				
Course Outcome:				
After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:				
✓ Identify the basic terminologies of Computer Graphics and interpret the mathematical foundation				
of the concepts of computer graphics.				
✓ Apply mathematics to draw basic primitives.				
✓	Illustrate the concepts of windowing and clipping and apply various algorithms to fill and clip			
	polygons.			
✓ Understand and apply the core concepts of computer graphics, including transformation in t				
	three dimensions, viewing and projection.			
✓	Create effective programs using concepts of curves.			
✓	Understand the concepts of color models, lighting, shading models and hidden surface elimination.			
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT			
S	COUNTE CONTENT			
В	Introduction			
	Overview of computer graphics, representing pictures, preparing, presenting & interacting with			
1	pictures for presentations; Visualization & image processing; RGB color model, direct coding, lookup			
1				
	table; storage tube graphics display, Raster scan display, 3D viewing devices, Plotters, printers,			
	digitizers, Light pens etc.; Active & Passive graphics devices; Computer graphics software.			
	Graphics Primitives:			
2	Points, Lines and Circles as primitives, Scan conversion algorithms for primitives, Fill area			
_	primitives includingscan-line polygon filling, inside-outside test, Boundary and Flood-fill,			
	Character generation, line attributes, area-fill			
	attributes, character attributers.			
	2D Transformation and Viewing:			
	Transformations (translation, rotation, scaling), matrix representation, homogeneous coordinates,			
3	composite transformations, reflection and shearing, viewing pipeline and coordinates system,			
	window-to-viewport transformation, clipping including point clipping, line clipping (Cohen-			
	Sutherland, Liang-Bersky), Polygon			
	clipping			
	3D Transformations:			
4	Translation, rotation, scaling & other transformations. Rotation about an arbitrary axis in space,			
7	Reflection throughan arbitrary plane; General parallel projection transformation; clipping, viewport			
	clipping, 3D viewing.			
	Curve:			
5	Curve representation, surfaces, designs, Bezier curves, B-spline curves, end conditions for periodic			
5				
	B-spline curves, rational B-spline curves.			
6	Hidden surfaces  Depth comparison, 7 buffer electrishing Peak food detection, PSP tree method. The Pointer's			
6	Depth comparison, Z-buffer algorithm, Back face detection, BSP tree method, The Painter's			
	algorithm, scan-linealgorithm; Hidden line elimination.			
7	Color & shading models			
	Light &Color Model; Interpolative Shading Models; Texture;			
Reference				
•	D. Hearn and M.P. Baker, Computer Graphics, Pearson Eduction.			
•	D.P. Mukherjee, D. <i>Jana</i> , Computer Graphics: Algorithms and Implementations, Pentice Hall of			
	India.			
•	J. Foley, V. Dam, S. Feiner, J. Hughes, "Computer Graphics Principles and Practice", Pearson			
	Education.			
•	D. Rogers, Procedural Elements for Computer Graphics, TataMcGraw-Hill Publications.			
•	D.Rogers, J.Adams, Mathematical Elements for Computer Graphics, TataMcGraw Hill Publication.			
•	R. Anand, Computer Graphics, Khanna Publishing House.			

	IC23-E205C Paper: Probability and Statistics S Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3				
Course	Outcome:				
After su	After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:				
✓	Explain the concept of probability and its feature in terms of random event, sample space,				
	favorable event.				
✓	Describe the idea of random variable and the probability distribution.				
✓	Calculate the expectation, standard deviation and moments.				
	Critically evaluate the underlying assumptions of analysis tools.				
	Carry out basic statistical analysis of data.				
UNIT S	COURSE CONTENT				
	Probability				
1	Sample Space, Probability Axioms, Combinatorics: probability of finite sample space,				
	Conditional probability and Bayes Theorem, Independence of Events,				
	Random Variables				
2	Discrete, continuous and mixed random variables, probability mass, probability				
_	density and cumulative distribution functions, mathematical expectation, moments,				
	probability and moment generating function, median and quantiles, Markov inequality,				
	Chebyshev's inequality, problems				
	Special Distributions				
3	Discrete uniform, binomial, geometric, negative binomial, hypergeometric, Poisson,				
	continuous uniform,				
	exponential, gamma, Pareto, beta, normal				
	Joint Distributions				
4	Joint, marginal and conditional distributions, product moments, correlation and regression,				
	independence of random variables, bivariate normal distribution, problems.				
_	Sampling Distributions				
5	The Central Limit Theorem, distributions of the sample mean and the sample variance for				
	a normal population, Chi-Square, t and F distributions, problems.				
6	Descriptive Statistics Graphical representation, measures of locations and variability.				
	Estimation				
	Unbiasedness, consistency, the method of moments and the method of maximum likelihood				
7	estimation, confidence intervals for parameters in one sample and two sample problems of				
	normal populations, confidence intervals for proportions, problems.				
	Testing of Hypotheses				
	Null and alternative hypotheses, the critical and acceptance regions, two types of error, power of				
8	the test, the most powerful test and Neyman-Pearson Fundamental Lemma, tests for one sample				
	and two sample problems for normal populations, tests for proportions, Chi-square goodness				
	of fit test and its applications, problems.				
Referenc					
• Reference	Vijay K. Rohatgi, A. K. Md. Ehsanes Saleh- An Introduction To probability And statistics, John				
	Wiley &Sons				
•	V.K.Rohatgi& A.K. Md. E. Saleh - An Introduction to Probability and Statistics				
•	J.S. Milton &J.C. Arnold- Introduction to Probability and Statistics				
•	H.J. Larson -Introduction to Probability Theory and Statistical Inference.				
•	S.M. Ross - Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists The Practice of Business Statistics, Gupta & Gupta, Khanna Book Publishing.				
	The Fractice of Dushiess Statistics, Supta & Supta, Khailia Dook I ubilstillig.				

### Code:MC23-E205D Paper: Introduction to Cyber Security Contacts Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3 **Course Outcome:** After successful completion of this course, students will be able to: ✓ Know Fundamental knowledge in Cyber Security Understand the security challenges as well as the best practices that are essential to protect one from becoming the victims of cybercrimes. Understand the current status of cyber world. To safe-guard the individual, society, organization and the government from the dangers of cyber frauds, scams, threats and attacks. Able to further exploration in Cyber Security Domain. COURSE CONTENT UNI TS Introduction 1 Introduction to Cyber Space, Information Systems, Need for Cyber Security **Cyber Attacks**: Introduction to Cyber Attacks, Classification of Cyber Attacks, Classification of Malware, Threats 2 **Intrusion Detection and Prevention** Vulnerability Assessment Intrusion Detection Systems, Intrusion 3 Prevention Systems Authentication Methods: Introduction to User Authentication Methods 4 Biometric Authentication Methods, Biometric Systems Security Models: Different Security Models and Security Mechanisms Information Security and Network Security Operating System Security 5 Online Security Web Security Email Security Mobile Device Security, Cloud Security 6 **IoT & Social Media Security** IoT SecurityCyber Physical System Security Social Media Security 7 **Security and Virtual Currency** Virtual Currency, Block Chain Technology Security Auditing 8 Cyber Crimes 9 Introduction, Different Types of Cyber Crimes, Scams and Frauds, Analysis of Crimes, Human Behavior, Stylometry, Incident Handling, Investigation Methods, Criminal Profiling, Cyber Trails **Digital Forensics** 10 Digital Forensics, History, Challenges, Branches of Digital Forensics, Digital Forensic Investigation Methods, Reporting, Management of Evidence Cyber Law Cyber laws, Cyber terrorism, Information Technology Act 2000 and 11 Amendments, Evidentiary value of Email/SMS, Cybercrimes and Offenses dealt with IPC, RBI Act and IPR Act in India, Jurisdiction of CyberCrime, Cyber Security Awareness Tips

- Fundamentals of Cyber Security By MayankBhushan, BPB Publications
- https://heimdalsecurity.com/pdf/cyber\_security\_for\_beginners\_ebook.pdf

- Information Security & Cyber Laws, Gupta & Gupta, Khanna Publishing House
  Certified Ethical Hacker Certification Exam by William Manning
  Data communication and Networking by Behrouz A. Forouzan, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.
  http://larose.staff.ub.ac.id/files/2011/12/Cyber-Criminology-Exploring-Internet-Crimes-and-Criminal-Behavior.pdf

Code:MCZ Contacts I	23-E205E Paper: Introduction to IoT Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3				
Course O					
After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:					
✓ Explain what Internet of Thins is					
✓ Describe key technologies in Internet of Things.					
	✓ Understand wireless sensor network architecture and its framework along with WSN applications.				
	plain resource management in the Internet of Things.				
	nderstand business models for the Internet of Things.				
UNT S	COURSE CONTENT				
	Introduction:				
1	What is the Internet of Things?: History of IoT, About IoT, Overview and Motivations,				
	Examples of Applications, Internet of Things Definitions and Frameworks: IoT Definitions, IoT				
	Architecture, GeneralObservations, ITU-T Views, Working Definition, IoT Frameworks, Basic				
	Nodal Capabilities				
	Fundamental IoT Mechanisms And Key Technologies				
	Identification of IoT Objects and Services, Structural Aspects of the IoT, Environment				
2	Characteristics, Traffic Characteristics, Scalability, Interoperability, Security and Privacy, Open				
	Architecture, Key IoT Technologies, Device Intelligence, Communication Capabilities, Mobility				
	Support, Device Power, Sensor Technology, RFID				
	Technology, Satellite Technology,				
	Radio Frequency Identification Technology				
	RFID: Introduction, Principle of RFID, Components of an RFID system, Issues EPCGloba				
2	Architecture Framework: EPCIS & ONS, Design issues, Technological challenges, Securit				
3	challenges, IP for IoT, Web of Things. Wireless Sensor Networks: History and context, WS				
	Architecture, the node, Connecting nodes, Networking Nodes, Securing Communication WSI				
	specific IoT applications, challenges: Security, QoS, Configuration, Various integratio approaches, Data link layer protocols, routing protocols and infrastructure				
	establishment.				
	Resource Management In The Internet Of Things: Clustering, Software Agents, Clustering				
	Principles in an Internet of Things, Architecture, Design Guidelines, and Software Agents for				
4	Object Representation, Data Synchronization. Identity portrayal, Identity management, various				
4	identity management models: Local, Network, Federated and global web identity, user-centric				
	identity management, device centric identity management and hybrid-identity management,				
	Identity and trust.				
	Internet Of Things Privacy, Security And Governance Vulnerabilities of IoT, Security				
5	requirements, Threat analysis, Use cases and misuse cases, IoT security tomography and layered				
	attacker model, Identity establishment, Access control, Message integrity, Non-repudiation and availability, Security model for IoT.				

- Jeeva Jose, Internet of Things, Khanna Book Publishing House, (AICTE Recommended).
- Pethuru Raj and Anupama C Raman, The Internet of Things Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and use cases, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis
- Internet of Things A Hands-on Approach, Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, Universities Press.
- Yasuura, H., Kyung, C.M., Liu, Y., Lin, Y.-L., Smart Sensors at the IoT Frontier, Springer International Publishing.
- David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Robert Barton, Jerome Henry, IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things, 1stEdition, Pearson Education (Cisco Press Indian Reprint).
- Srinivasa K G, Internet of Things, CENGAGE Leaning India.

	IC23-E205F Paper: Automata Theory & Computational Complexity S Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3				
Course Outcome:					
After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:					
$\checkmark$	✓ Understand the formal notation for strings, languages and machines.				
✓ Design and Implement Finite automata to accept a string of a language.					
	For a given language determine whether the given language is regular or not.				
	Design context free grammars to generate strings of context free language.				
$\checkmark$	Determine equivalence of languages accepted by Push Down Automata and languages generated				
	by context freegrammars				
$\checkmark$	Understand and analyze the hierarchy of formal languages, grammars and machines.				
	Distinguish between computability and non-computability and Decidability and un-decidability.				
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT				
S					
1	Introduction				
	Introduction: Alphabet, languages and grammars, productions and derivation, Chomsky hierarchy of				
	languages.				
	Regular languages and finite automata:				
2	Regular expressions and languages, deterministic finite automata (DFA) and equivalence with				
2	regularexpressions, nondeterministic finite automata (NFA) and equivalence with DFA, regular				
	grammars and equivalence with finite automata, properties of regular languages,				
	pumping lemmafor regular languages, minimization of finite automata)				
	Context-free languages and pushdown automata: Context-free grammars (CFG) and languages (CFL), Chomsky and Greibach normal forms, nondeterministic pushdown automata (PDA) and				
3	equivalence with CFG, parse trees, ambiguity in CFG, pumping lemma for				
	context-free languages, deterministic push down automata, closure properties of CFLs.  Turing machines:				
	The basic model for Turing machines (TM), Turing recognizable(recursively enumerable) and Turing-				
	decidable (recursive) languages and their closure properties, variants of Turing machines,				
4	nondeterministic TMsand equivalence with deterministic TMs, unrestricted grammars and equivalence				
	with Turing machines, TMsasenumerators.Context Sensitive Language, The model of Linear Bounded				
	Automaton, relation between LBA and context sensitive language				
	Decidability:				
5	Decidability, decidable language and undecidable language, Halting problem of TM, Halting problem of				
	TM				
	Complexity				
6	Growth rate of functions, The classes P and NP, Polynomial time reduction and NP completeness,				
	SAT is NPcomplete, Cook's theorem, Church-Turing Thesis				

- Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation, John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani and Jeffrey D.Ullman, Pearson Education Asia.
- Theory of Computation, R.B. Patel & Prem Nath, Khanna Publishing House.
- Elements of the Theory of Computation, Harry R. Lewis and Christos H. Papadimitriou, Pearson Education Asia.
- Theory of Computer Science, Automata Languages and computation, Mishra and Chandra shekaran, 2nd edition, PHI.
- Automata and Computability, Dexter C. Kozen, Undergraduate Texts in Computer Science, Springer.
- Introduction to the Theory of Computation, Michael Sipser, PWS Publishing.
- Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, John Martin, Tata Mc Graw Hill., PEARSON.

Code: M	C23-291 Paper: Data Structure Lab using C Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 2	
	Outcome:	
After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:		
	Γο understand linear and non-linear data structures.	
	Γo understand different types of sorting and searching techniques.	
	Γο know how to create an application specific data structure.	
	Γο solve the faults / errors that may appear due to wrong choice of data structure.	
✓ ′	Γo analyze reliability of different data structures in solving different problems.	
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT	
$\mathbf{S}$		
1	Implementation of data structure operations (Insertion, deletion, traversing, searching) on array.	
1	Linear search, Binary search.	
2	Implementation of stack, queue operation using array. Pop, Push, Insertion, deletion, Implementation	
2	of circular queue. Infix to postfix conversion, postfix expression evaluation	
	Implementation of linked lists: Single linked list, circular linked list, double linked list, doubly circular	
3	linked list.	
	Implementation of stack and queue using linked list. Merging two linked list, Linked list	
	representation of apolynomial, polynomial addition, polynomial multiplication.	
4	Tree: creating Binary Search tree, recursive and non-recursive traversal of BST, deletion in BST,	
4	calculating height of a BST, building AVL tree.	
5	Implementation of sorting techniques: selection, bubble, quick sort, insertion sort, merge sort,	
5	heap sort, implementation of priority queue. Hash table implementation.	
6	Implementation of Graph: representation, searching, BFS, DFS	

	MC23-292 Paper: Operating System Lab (Unix) ets Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 2		
Course	Outcome:		
After su	accessful completion of this course, students will be able to:		
✓	Do the use of basic UNIX Commands from the command line, and create Shell Scripts to		
	customize their UNIXWorking Environment.		
✓	Organize and manage their processes within UNIX through system calls.		
✓	Organize and manage their files within the UNIX through system calls.		
✓	Provide a mechanism for handling asynchronous events through signals (Software Interrupt).		
✓	Implement the Inter-process communication using FIFOs, Message Queues, Semaphores, and Shared		
	Memory.		
✓	Explain Socket programming to design Client-Server Environment.		
✓	Understand and implement Multithreaded Programming Environment.		
UNITS	COURSE CONTENT		
	Shell programming		
1	Creating a script, making a script executable, shell syntax (variables, Conditions, control structures		
	functions and commands).		

	2	Process Starting new process, replacing a process image, duplicating a process image, waiting for a process, Zombie Process, Orphan Process
	3	File Handling Programming on files (use create(), open(), read(), write(), close(), lseek(), dup()).
	4	Signal Signal Handling, Blocking, Suspending, Delivering Signals, Various Signal Related Functions.
	5	Inter-process communication Pipes (use functions pipe(), popen(), pclose()),Named Pipes (FIFOs, accessing FIFO), Message Queues (use functions msgget(), msgsnd(), msgrcv(), msgctl()),Semaphores (use functions semctl(), semget(), semop()) Shared Memory (use functions shmget(), shmat(), shmdt(), shmctl())
6 Sockets: TCP Sockets, UDP Sockets, Socket Options, Cliient /Server Example, Na		Sockets: TCP Sockets, UDP Sockets, Socket Options, Cliient /Server Example, Name and Address Conversions
	7	POSIX Threads Programming with pthread functions (viz. pthread_create(), pthread_join(), pthread_exit(), pthread_attr_init(),pthread_cancel())

Code: MC23-293 Contacts Hours / Week: 4		Paper: Object Oriented Programming Lab using JAVA Credit: 2	
Course	e Outcome:		
After s	uccessful completion of this	course, students will be able to:	
✓	Apply object-oriented pringlife applications.	nciples or features in software design process to develop Java programs for real	
✓	Reduce the complexity of	procedural language by employing different OOP technologies for	
	developing robust andreus	sable software.	
✓	Develop programs using s	tream classes for various I/O operations and design concurrent.	
✓	Design graphical user inte	erface to develop user interactive applications.	
UNIT S	COURSE CONTENT		
1	Assignments on class, co	nstructor, overloading, inheritance, overriding.	
2	Assignments on wrapper	class, arrays.	
3	Assignments on developi	ng interfaces- multiple inheritance, extending interfaces.	
4	Assignments on creating	and accessing packages.	
5	Assignments on multithre	eaded programming	
6	Assignments on applet pr	rogramming	

# Second Year-III Semester

Code:	MC23-301 Paper: Software Engineering using UML	
Contac	ets Hours / Week: 4	Credit: 4
Course	e Outcome:	
After s	uccessful completion of this course, students will be able to:	
✓	Analyze the problem scenario and identify classes/ objects and their properties, relationship	in class model.
✓	Demonstrate the conceptual modeling techniques of UML for solving Real-World problem.	
✓	To learn software development life cycle for Object-Oriented solutions for Real-World Prob	olems.
✓	Ability to apply the concepts of object oriented methodologies to analyze requirements and	design to the
	point where it is ready for implementation.	
✓	Demonstrate the concept of Testing to measure quality of software	

UNITS	COURSE CONTENT		
	Introduction to Software Engineering:		
1	What is Software Engineering? Software Engineering Concepts, Software Engineering Development		
	Activities, Managing Software Development.		
	Object Oriented Concept and Modelling:		
	Object-Oriented Principals and Concepts: Classes and Object, Modularity, Abstraction and		
	Encapsulation; Object Relationship like Association, Aggregation and Composition; Inheritance,		
2	Polymorphism and Dynamic Binding Interfaces		
	Model: Importance of Modeling, Object Oriented Modeling		
	Identifying the Elements of an Object Model: Identifying classes and objects, Specifying the		
	attributes Defining operations, Finalizing the object definition.		
2	Introduction to UML:		
3	Overview of UML, Conceptual Model of UML, Architecture, S/W Development		
	Life Cycle.		
	Basic and Advanced Structural Modeling:		
4	Classes Relationship, Common mechanism, Diagrams, Class Diagram, Advanced classes, Advanced		
	Relationship, Interface, Types and Roles, Packages, Object Diagram.		
	Basic and Advanced Behavioral Modeling:		
5	Interactions, Use cases, Use Case Diagram, Sequence Diagram, Collaboration Diagram, Interaction		
	Diagram, Activity Diagram, State Chart Diagram.		
6	Architectural Modeling:		
U	Artifacts, Artifact Diagram, Implementation Diagram, Deployment Diagram.		
	Object-Oriented Design:		
7	Generic components of Object-Oriented Design model, System Design process, Partitioning the		
/	Analysis Model, Concurrency and subsystem Allocation, Task Management component, Data		
	Management Component, Resource		
	Management Component, Inter Sub-system Communication.		
	Object Oriented Analysis:		
8	Iterative Development, Unified process & its Phases: Inception, Elaboration, Construction, Transition		
	Understanding requirements.		
	Object Oriented Testing:		
9	Overview of Testing and object oriented Testing, Types of Testing, Object oriented Testing strategies		
	Test casedesign for Object-Oriented software, Inter class test case design.		
Reference			
•	Software Engineering, N.S. Gill, Khanna Publishing House		
•	The Unified Modeling Language User Guide, Grady Booch, James Raumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson.      The Unified Modeling Language User Guide, Grady Booch, James Raumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson.		
Object Oriented Software Engineering, Ivar Jacobson, ACM Press			
Applying UML and Patterns, Craig Larman Motifal Uk Books of India     Object Oriented Software Francisco Height UML, Patterns and Local Parada Process. Allen Dutait.			
Object-Oriented Software Engineering: Using UML, Patterns, and Java, Bernd Bruegge, Allen Dutoit,  Page 2017  Page 2			
Pearson.  • Software Engineering – A Practitioner's Approach, Roger. S. Pressman and Bruce R. Maxim, McGraw			
•	Hill		
	11111		

Code: MC23-302		02 Paper: Artificial Intelligence			
Contact	Contacts Hours / Week: 4		Credit: 4		
Course	e Outco	me:			
✓	After su	uccessful completion of this course, students will be able to understand the underlying a	ssumption of		
	philoso	phy of the logical sequences of real life problem by applying State Space Search behind the	limitation of		
	non-sol	ving methodof conventional computational approach.			
✓	Incorpo	orating heuristic search technique on Game Playing.			
✓	Various	Various strategies of representing knowledge with decision making algorithms. Creation of substantial domain			
	knowle	dge base with meta data. Application of knowledge representation issues using Prolog/LIS	P.		
✓	To reco	recognize the adoption of new system through learning by an Intelligent System and processing of Natura			
	Language.				
✓	Ability	to apply machine learning techniques to solve real world problems and how Expert Systems	can be carried		
	out by t	the help of learning, analyzing by applying various search techniques and resolute to provide	de solutions.		
UNITS		COURSE			
		CONTENT			

Introduction to Intelligent Systems:	
1	Overview of Artificial intelligence- Problems of AI, AI technique, Tic – Tac – To
	problem.
	Search Techniques:
2	Problems, Problem Space &
2	search. Heuristic Search
	Techniques,
	Game planning –Minimax search procedure, adding alpha beta cut-off's, Iterative
	Deepening.
	Knowledge Representation Issues:
	Representing knowledge
3	using rules. Weak slot & filler
3	structures.
	Strong slot & filler structures.
	Implementation of Knowledge with Prolog Programs.
	Basic knowledge of programming language like Prolog & Lisp.
	Adoption of New Knowledge:
4	Deep Learning: Introduction to Neural Networks, Convolution of New
'	KnowledgeNatural language processing, Understanding.
	Learning – induction & explanation based learning.
5	Expert systems:
	Expert system shells, knowledge acquisition.

- A Classical Approach to Artificial Intelligence, Munesh Trivedi, Khanna Book Publishing.
- Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Stuart Russell & Peter Norvig, Pearson Education.
- Artificial Intelligence, Rich & Knight, TMH.Reference Books
- Artificial Intelligence & Intelligent Systems, N.P Padhy, Oxford University Press.
- Introduction to Artificial Intelligence & Expert Systems, Dan W. Patterson, PHI.
- Artificial Intelligence: A new Synthesis, Nils J. Nilsson, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, Inc.

	IC23-303 Paper: Design and Analysis of m Contacts Hours / Week: 4 Credit:	
Course (	Outcome:	
After suc	cessful completion of this course, students will be able to:	
	Understand and analyze the running times of algorithms based on asymptotic analysis and justify the correctness of algorithms.	
<ul> <li>Describe the divide-and-conquer paradigm and explain when an algorithmic design situation calls for it.</li> <li>Understand and implement the greedy paradigm for a given problem.</li> </ul>		
$\checkmark$	Design the dynamic-programming paradigm and implement it.	
	Understand and implement the Back Tracking and Branch-&-Bound problem.	
✓ For a given model engineering problem model it using graph and write the corresponding algorithm to solve the problems.		
	Explain the ways to analyze randomized algorithms (expected running time, probability of error).	
UNIT S	COURSE CONTENT	
	Introduction:	
Characteristics of algorithm. Analysis of algorithm: Asymptotic analysis of complexity be		
1	best, average and worst-case behavior; Performance measurements of Algorithm, Time and space	
	trade-offs,	
	Analysis of recursive algorithms through recurrence relations: Substitution method, Recursion tree method and Masters' theorem.	

2	Divide-&-Conquer and Greedy Method:  Divide & Conquer: General Method - Finding maximum and minimum - Merge sort, Quick sort, Selection, Strassen's matrix multiplication.  Greedy Method: General Method -knapsack problem - Tree vertex splitting - Job sequencing with deadlines -optimal storage on tapes.	
3	Dynamic Programming: Assembly-line programming, Matrix Chain Multiplication, 0-1 knapsack problem	
4	Graph Algorithms: Introduction to Spanning tree, growing a minimum spanning tree, Prims and Kruskal Algorithm	
5	Back Tracking and Branch-&-Bound:  Back Tracking: General Method – 8-queens - Sum of subsets - Graph Coloring –Hamiltonian cycles. Branchand Bound: General Method - Traveling Salesperson problem.	
6	Lower Bound Theory: Comparison trees - Oracles and advisory arguments – Lower bounds through reduction - Basic Concepts of NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems.	
Reference	Books:	l
•	Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Gajendra Sharma, Khanan Publishing House. E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and S. Rajasekaran, 2008, Computer Algorithms, 2ndEdition, Universities Press, India. Thomas H Cormen, Charles E Lieserson, Ronald L Rivest and Clifford Stein, Introduction to Algorithms, 4THEdition, MIT Press/McGraw-Hill. A.V. Aho, J.E. Hopcroft, J.D. Ullmann, 1974, The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms,	
	Addison Wesley,Boston.	

Code: M	C23-E304A Paper: Image Processing
Contacts	Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3
Course C	Outcome:
After succ	cessful completion of this course, students will be able to:
✓ I	Describe the fundamental concept of the digital image processing system.
✓ I	Experiment the images in the frequency domain and spatial domain using various transforms.
✓ I	Evaluate the techniques for image enhancement and restoration.
✓ I	Explain different feature extraction techniques for image analysis and recognition.
	Categorize various compression techniques.
✓ I	Develop any image processing application.
UNIT COURSE CONTENT	
S	
	Introduction
1	Background, Digital Image Representation, Fundamental steps in Image Processing, Elements of Digital
	Image
	Processing - Image Acquisition, Storage, Processing, Communication, Display.
	Digital Image Formation
2	A Simple Image Model, Geometric Model- Basic Transformation (Translation, Scaling, Rotation),
	PerspectiveProjection, Sampling & Quantization - Uniform & Non uniform.

	3	Mathematical Preliminaries Neighbour of pixels, Connectivity, Relations, Equivalence & Transitive Closure; Distance Measures, Arithmetic/Logic Operations, Fourier Transformation, Properties of The Two Dimensional Fourier
		Transform, Discrete Fourier Transform, Discrete Cosine & Sine Transform
	4	Image Enhancement Spatial Domain Method, Frequency Domain Method, Contrast Enhancement -Linear & Nonlinear Stretching, Histogram Processing; Smoothing - Image Averaging, Mean Filter, Low-pass Filtering; Image Sharpening. High- pass Filtering, High-boost Filtering, Derivative Filtering, Homomorphic Filtering; Enhancement in the frequencydomain - Low pass filtering, High pass filtering.
	5	Image Restoration  Degradation Model, Discrete Formulation, Algebraic Approach to Restoration - Unconstrained & Constrained; Constrained Least Square Restoration, Restoration by Homomorphic Filtering, Geometric Transformation - Spatial Transformation, Gray Level Interpolation.
	6	Image Segmentation Point Detection, Line Detection, Edge detection, Combined detection, Edge Linking & Boundary Detection – Local Processing, Global Processing via The Hough Transform; Thresholding - Foundation, Simple Global Thresholding, Optimal Thresholding; Region Oriented Segmentation - Basic Formulation, Region Growing by Pixel Aggregation, Region Splitting & Merging.
	Reference Books:  • Digital Image Processing, Rafael C.Gonzalez & Richard E.Woods, Pearson	
	• Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Anil K. Jain, Pearson Education-2003.	
		Digital Image Processing, Jahne, Springer India
		Digital Image Processing & Analysis, Chanda & Majumder, PHI
		Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Jain, PHI Digital Image Processing, Munesh Trivedi, Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.
	. •	Digital image i locessing, withest fillyed, Khaima i donsting flouse, Denn.

Code: MC23-E304B		aper: Web Enabled JAVA Programming
Contacts	s Hours / Week: 3	Credit: 3
Course (	Outcome:	
After suc	ccessful completion of this course, st	udents will be able to:
✓	Understand the basic working method	odology of JSP, servlet and JSF Frameworks
✓	Create dynamic web application usi	ng JSP and servlet and database.
✓	Design and develop a Web site using	g AJAX.
✓	Debug the Programs by applying co	ncepts and error handling techniques.
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT	
S		
Core Java Overview:		
	Object oriented concepts, Exception	on Handling, Multi Threading Introduction to JDBC: Overview of JDBC
1	API, The Java.sql package, JDB0	C Drivers, Executing SQL commands using JDBC Drivers, static and
1	dynamic Execution of SQL state	ments, Execution of Stored Procedures using JDBC. Introduction to
		Methods. Introduction to JNDI, Introduction to Data Source and
	Connection pooling, Introduction	
	Web Applications, Web Servers C	Overview of J2EE Technologies.
	Introduction to Java Servlets:	
Static and Dynamic contents, Servlet life Cycle and L		rvlet life Cycle and Life cycle methods, Servlet Request and Response
2	Model, Deploying a Servlet, Ser	vlet State Transitions, Servlet Config and Servlet Context, Servlet
	Redirection and	
	Request Dispatch, Servlet Synchr	onization and Thread Model. Maintaining Client State: Cookies, URL

	The state of the s	
rewriting, Hidden form fields, Session Tracking.		
	Introduction to JSP:	
	JSP & Servlet as Web Components, Servlets vs. JSP, JSP Lifecycle, JSP Page Lifecycle Phases, General	
3	Rules of Syntax, JSP syntactic elements, JSP element syntax, Template content. JSP elements-directives,	
	declarations, expressions, scriptlets, actions. JSP Standard Actions: jsp:useBean, jsp:getPreoperty,	
	jsp:setProperty, jsp:include, jsp:forward, jsp:plugin, jsp:param,java Server Pages Standard Tag	
	Library(JSTL).	
	Introduction to JSF Frameworks:	
	Getting started: A Simple Example, Sample Application Analysis, Development Environments for JSF.	
	Managed Beans: A Sample Application, Bean Scopes Configuring Beans, Navigation, Static Navigation,	
	Dynamic Navigation, Standard JSF tags, Data tables, conversion and validation Overview of the	
4	Conversion and Validation Process, Using Standard Converters. Event Handling: Life Cycle Events,	
	Value Change Events, Action Events, Event Listener Tags, Immediate Components, Passing Data from	
	the UI to the Server, Custom Components, Converters and Validators: Classes for Implementing Custom	
	components, Tags and Components, The Custom Component Developer's Toolbox, Encoding:	
	Generating Markup, Decoding: Processing Request Values, Using Converters, Implementing Custom Component Tags, The TLD File, The Tag Handler Class, Defining Tag	
	Handlers in JSF 1.1.	
	AJAX:	
	Ajax Fundamentals, JavaScript Libraries, The Prototype Library, The Fade Anything Technique Library,	
_	Form Completion. Realtime Validation, Propagating Client-Side View State Direct Web Remoting, Ajax	
5	Components, Hybrid Components, Keeping JavaScript Out of Renderers, Transmitting JSP Tag Attributes	
	to JavaScript Code, Ajax4jsf, Implementing Form Completion with Ajax4jsf, Implementing	
	Realtime Validation with Ajax4jsf.Introduction to Java Web Services.	
Reference		
<ul> <li>Core JAVA, Tanweer Alam, Khanna Publishing House.</li> </ul>		
•	Professional Java Server Programming- J2EE 1.3 Edition- SubrahmanyamAllamaraju and Cedric	
_	Buest- Apresspublication, 2007.	
•	Core JavaServer Faces-Second Edition-David Geary, CayHorstmann-Prentice Hall-2007	

Code: MC23-E304C Paper: Cloud Computing		
Contacts Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3		
Course Outco	me:	
After successfu	al completion of this course, students will be able to:	
✓ Under	rstandand identify the architecture and infrastructure of cloud computing, including SaaS,	PaaS,
IaaS,	publiccloud, private cloud,hybrid cloud.	
✓ Descr	ibe the core issues of cloud computing such as security, privacy, and interoperability to ch	oose the
appro	priatetechnologies, algorithms, and approaches for the identified problems.	
✓ Analy	ze various cloud computing solutions.	
✓ Under	rstand cloud Storage systems and Cloud security, the risks involved, its impact.	
✓ Apply	knowledge for solving real life cloud computing problem scenario and illustrate solutions	S.
UNIT COURSE CONTENT		
S		
	Basics of Cloud Computing	
	Defining a Cloud, Cloud Types - NIST Cloud Reference Model, Cloud Cube Model, I	
1	Models (Public, Private, Hybrid and Community Clouds), Service Models - IaaS, P	aaS, SaaS,
	Benefits and Advantages of Cloud Computing	
2	Concepts of Abstraction and Virtualization	
2	Taxonomy of Virtualization, Reference model for Virtualization	

	Services and Applications by Type	
	IaaS – Basic Concept, Workload, Partitioning of Virtual Private Server Instances, Pods,	
3	Aggregations, SilosPaaS – Basic Concept, Tools and Development Environment with examples	
	SaaS - Basic Concept and Characteristics, Open SaaS, examples of SaaS Platform	
	Identity as a Service (IDaaS), Compliance as a Service (CaaS)	
4	Concepts of Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) and Web Service (WS) Service Oriented Architecture – Basics, Terminologies, Components, Standards and Technologies, Benefits and Challenges	
	Web Services – Basics, Characteristics, Terminologies, Characteristics and Scope, Business Models	
5	Cloud-based Storage Cloud File Systems, including GFS and HDFS	
	Cloud Security	
	Cloud security concerns, security boundary, security service	
	boundaryOverview of security mapping	
6	Security of data: cloud storage access, storage location, tenancy, encryption, auditing,	
	complianceIdentity management (awareness of identity protocol standards)	
	Risk Management and Compliance	
	Introduction to Various Web Services	
7	Amazon Web Services, Google Web Services, Microsoft Cloud Services	
	Cloud Federation	
8	Definition, different scenario description, replace ability and negotiation mechanism	
Reference Bo	oks:	
• M	astering Cloud Computing by RajkumarBuyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. ThamaraiSelvi, McGraw Hill	
Education		
Cloud Computing Bible by Barrie Sosinsky, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd		
Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach by Anthony T. Velte, Tata Mcgraw-Hill     Dividing Applications in Clouds Consent Potterns and Projects by Mayor Program		
Building Applications in Cloud: Concept, Patterns and Projects by Moyer, Pearson.  Cloud Security by Ronald Krutz and Russell Dean Vines, Wiley India.		
	<ul> <li>Cloud Security by Ronald Krutz and Russell Dean Vines, Wiley-India</li> <li>Code: MC23-E304D Paper: Web Technology using PHP</li> </ul>	
Contacts Hou		
Course Oute		
✓ After of de	successful completion of this course, students will be able to understand the underlying assumption fining variables, constants, operators, expressions, HTML Form creation and submissions. POST & Method.	
✓ Incor	porating HTML form with PHP	
✓ Implementation of Decision, Loops, Functions, Array and Exception Handling concepts using PHP serv		
concept.		
✓ Strategy to connect with MYSQL Server.		
✓ Ability to check validation using JavaScript & JQuery.		
✓ Connecting Forms using AJAX Concept.		
UNIT COURSE CONTENT		
S	I de la de la Wala Tarlanda de Caralan de de C	
1	Introduction to Web Technology & implementation of PHP Programs:	
1	Evaluation of PHP. Basic Syntax. Defining variables and constants. PHP Data type Operator and	
	Expression.  Basics of HTML: Form Creation, Handling of Forms, Submission of Forms. POST& GET method.	
	Handling Html Form with PHP	
2	Capturing Form. Data Dealing with Multi-value files. Generating File uploaded form. Redirecting a	
	form aftersubmission.	
	101111 attersatorinssion.	

	Decisions, Functions, String, Array & Exception Handling
	Making Decisions. Doing Repetitive task with looping. Mixing Decisions and looping
	with HtmlWhat is a function? Cookies, Session and in-built functions.
3	Creating and accessing String. Searching & Replacing String. Formatting String. String Related
3	Library function.
	PHP Array. Creating index based and Associative array. Accessing array Element. Looping with
	Index basedarray. Looping with associative array using each () and foreach (). Some useful Library
	functions.
	Understanding Exception and error. Try, catch, throw.
	Database Connectivity with MySql
4	Introduction to RDBMS. Connection with MySQL Database. Performing basic database operation
4	(DML) (Insert, Delete, Update, Select). Setting query parameter. Executing query Join (Cross joins,
	Inner joins, Outer Joins,
	Self joins.).
	Java Script & JQuery
5	Introduction to JavaScript. Three ways to use JavaScript. Working with events Client-side
	Validation.Introduction to jQuery. Validation using jQuery. jQuery Forms. jQuery Examples.
6	Connecting Forms using AJAX Concept
U	Introduction to AJAX. PHP with AJAX. Working with database.

- The Joy of PHP Programming: A Beginner's Guide to Programming Interactive Web Applications with PHP and MySQL. Alan Forbes, Fifth Edition, Plum Island
- Beginning Web Programming, Jon Duckett, WROX
- Open Source for the Enterprise: Managing Risks, Reaping Rewards, DanWoods and Gautam Guliani, O'Reilly, Shroff Publishers and Distributors, 2005.
- Learning PHP, Ramesh Bangia, Khanna Publishing House.

Code: MC23-E304E Contacts Hours / Week: 3		Paper: Android Application Development Credit: 3
	Outcome:	Credit. 5
		this course, students will be able to:
		plication development trends and Android platform
✓		mple applications, game development, Location map based services
✓		email, service, binding and deploying APks
		d maintain the Android Applications.
UNIT		COURSE
S		CONTENT
	Android Fundamen	ntals
1	Mobile Application	development and trends - Android overview and Versions - Android open stack,
1	features –	
		environment (Eclipse, SDK, AVD)- Simple Android application development –
		l applications – Activity and Life cycle – Intents, services and Content Providers
		erface Layouts: Linear, Absolute, Table, Relative, Frame, Scroll view, Resize and
	*	orientation - Views:Text view, Edit Text, Button, Image Button, Checkbox, Toggle
2		n, Radio Group, Progress Bar, Auto complete Text, Picker, List views and Web view-
		with views: Gallery and Image View, Image Switcher, Grid view – Displaying Menus:
	Helper methods, Op	
		nared User preferences – File Handling: File system, System partition, SD card
3		ion, security,Internal and External Storage – Managing data using SQLite –User
	defined content prov	viders

	Messaging, Networking and Services
4	SMS Messaging: Sending and Receiving – Sending email and networking – Downloading binary and text
4	data files
	- Access Web services - Developing android services: create your own services, performing long
	running task in aservice-performing repeated task in a service
	Location Access And Publish Android Application
5	Location based services: Display map, zoom control, view and change, Marking, Geocoding, Get
	location - PublishAndroid applications and Deployment
TD 0	D 1

- Beginning Android Application Development, WeiMeng Lee, (2012) Wrox Publications (John Wiley, New
- Hello Android: Introducing Google's Mobile Development Platform, Ed Burnette (2010), The Pragmatic Publishers, 3rd edition, North Carolina USA
- Professional Android 4 Application Development, Reto Meier (2012), Wrox Publications (John Wiley, New York).
- Programming Android: Java Programming for the New Generation of Mobile Devices, Zigurd Mednieks, Laird Dornin, Blake Meike G, Masumi Nakamura (2011), OReilly Media,
- Mastering Android, Khanna Publishing House.

Code: MC23-E304F	Paper: Basic Data Science using R
Contacts Hours / Week: 3	Credit: 3
Course Outcome	

#### Course Outcome:

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- ✓ Understand the fundamental knowledge of Data Science and the task of Data Science people.
- ✓ Understand fundamental of statistics.
- ✓ Calculate the correlation, covariance, central tendency.
- ✓ Estimate confidence interval.
- ✓ Perform hypothesis testing.
- ✓ Understand the mechanics of regression analysis.
- ✓ Carry out regression, classification using kNN, decision tree.
- ✓ Use clustering method to cluster records.

UNIT S	COURSE CONTENT
1	Introduction to Data Science Define Data Science, why data science, data science in business
2	Descriptive Statistics Matrix, Matrix operations, Sample, Population, Descriptive statistics, Central tendency, outlier detection
3	Inferential Statistics Basics of probability, probability distribution, Central Limit theorem
4	Hypothesis testing Null and Alternate Hypothesis, Making a Decision, and Critical Value Method, p-Value Method and Types of Errors, Two-Sample Mean and Proportion Test
5	Regression Analysis Fundamentals of Regression analysis, assumption of regression analysis, accuracy, validity, Dealing withcategorical data
6	Classification Introduction, Logistic regression, model building and evaluation
7	Clustering Introduction to clustering, k-means clustering, hierarchical clustering
8	Decision tree and kNN Introduction to decision tree, regression tree, truncation & pruning, random forest, kNN for regression, classification, weighted kNN

- Data Sciences and Analytics, V.K. Jain, Khanna Publishing House. Introducing Data Science; Davy Cielen, Arno D Meysman and Mohamed Ali; Dreamtech Press
- Practical Statistics for Data Scientists; Peter Bruce and Andrew Bruce; O"Reilly Media Inc.
- Doing Data Science; Cathy O"Neil and Rachel Schutt; O"Reilly Media Inc.
- Mining of Massive Datasets; Jure Leskovek, AnandRajaraman and Jeffrey Ullman; Cambridge University

	IC23-E305A Paper: Information Retrieval S Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3
	Outcome:
	cessful completion of this course, students will be able to:
	Learn the information retrieval models.
✓	Be familiar with Web Search Engine.
	Be exposed to Link Analysis.
	Understand Hadoop and Map Reduce.
	Learn document text mining techniques.
UNIT S	COURSE CONTENT
	Introduction
1	Introduction -History of IR- Components of IR - Issues -Open source Search engine Frameworks - The
1	impact of the web on IR - The role of artificial intelligence (AI) in IR - IR Versus Web Search -
	Components of a Search
	engine- Characterizing the web.
	Information Retrieval Boolean and vector-space retrieval models- Term weighting - TF-IDF weighting
2	cosine similarity – Preprocessing - Inverted indices - efficient processing with sparse vectors – Language
_	Model based IR -Probabilistic IR –Latent Semantic Indexing - Relevance feedback and query expansion.
	Web Search Engine – Introduction And Crawling Web search overview, web structure, the user, paid
3	placement, search engine optimization/spam. Web size measurement - search engine optimization/spam
3	- Web Search Architectures - crawling - meta-crawlers-
	Focused Crawling - web indexes Near-duplicate detection - Index Compression - XML retrieval.
	Web Search – Link Analysis And Specialized Search Link Analysis –hubs and authorities – Page
	Rank and HITS algorithms -Searching and Ranking - Relevance Scoring and ranking for Web -
4	Similarity - Hadoop & Map Reduce - Evaluation - Personalized search - Collaborative filtering and
	content-based recommendation of documents and products – handling "invisible"
	Web - Snippet generation, Summarization, Question Answering, Cross- Lingual Retrieval.
_	Document Text Mining
5	Information filtering; organization and relevance feedback – Text Mining -Text classification and
	clustering -
	Categorization algorithms: naive Bayes; decision trees; and nearest neighbor - Clustering algorithms:
Reference	agglomerative clustering; k-means; expectation maximization (EM).
xererence	Manning, P. Raghavan, and H. Schütze, "Introduction to Information Retrieval", Cambridge University
•	Press.
_	
•	Ricardo Baeza -Yates and Berthier Ribeiro - Neto, "Modern Information Retrieval: The Concepts and Technologybehind Search", ACM Press Books.
	<del></del>
•	Bruce Croft, Donald Metzler and Trevor Strohman, "Search Engines: Information Retrieval in
_	Practice", AddisonWesley.  Mark Layers "An Introduction to Search Engines and Web Navigation". Edition Wiley.
•	Mark Levene, "An Introduction to Search Engines and Web Navigation", Edition Wiley.
•	Stefan Buettcher, Charles L. A. Clarke, Gordon V. Cormack, "Information Retrieval: Implementing and
	Evaluating Search Engines", The MIT Press.
•	Ophir Frieder "Information Retrieval: Algorithms and Heuristics: The Information Retrieval Series",
	Springer.

• Manu Konchady, "Building Search Applications: Lucene, Ling Pipe", and First Edition, Gate Mustru Publishing.

	AC23-E305B Paper: Data Warehousing and Data Mining S Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3			
Course Outcome:				
	After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:			
✓				
✓	Study the technique to extract patterns from time series data and it application in real world.			
✓	Can extend the Graph mining algorithms to Web mining			
✓	Help in identifying the computing framework for Big Data			
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT			
S				
	Introduction to Data Warehousing:			
1	The need for data warehousing, Operational and informational Data stores, Data warehouse			
1	definition and			
	characteristics, Data warehouse architecture, Data warehouse Database, Sourcing, Acquisition,			
	Cleanup and transformation tools, Metadata, Access tools, Data marts, Data warehousing administration			
	and management.			
	Online analytical processing (OLAP):			
2	Need for OLAP, Multidimensional data model, OLAP guidelines, Multidimensional vs. Muilti-			
	relational(OLAP), Categorization of OLAP tools, OLAP tools internet.			
	Introduction to data mining:			
3	The motivation, Learning from past mistake, Data mining, Measuring data mining effectiveness,			
	Embedded data mining into business process, What is decision tree, Business score card, Where to use			
	decision tree, The general idea, How the decision tree works.			
	Classification and prediction:			
4	Cluster Analysis – Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, Partitioning methods, Hierarchical Methods;			
	TransactionalPatterns and other temporal based frequent patterns			
_	Time Series Analysis:			
5	Time series Data, Periodicity Analysis for time related sequence data, Trend analysis, Similarity search			
	in Time-series analysis.  Web Mining:			
6	Web Mining, Mining the web page layout structure, mining web link structure, mining multimedia			
O	data on theweb, Automatic classification of web documents and web usage mining; Distributed Data			
	Mining.			
Reference				
•	Data warehousing, Data mining and OLAP by Alex Berson& Stephon J. Smith, Tata McGraw Hill.2003.			
•	Data Warehousing Fundamentals for IT Professionals, Second Edition by PaulrajPonniah, Wiley India.			
•	Principles and Implementation of Data Ware housing, Rajeev Parida Fire Wall Media, Lakshmi			
	Publications.2006.			
•	Data Mining and Warehousing, Ikvinderpal Singh, Khanna Book Publishing 2017.			

Paper: Introduction to Big Data Analytics Credit: 3

Code: MC23-E305C Contacts Hours / Week: 3

### **Course Outcome:** After successful completion of this course, students will be able to: To optimize business decisions and create competitive advantage with Big Data analytics Explore the fundamental concepts of big data analytics. Learn to analyze the big data using intelligent techniques. ✓ Understand the various search methods and visualization techniques. Learn to use various techniques for mining data stream. Understand the applications using Map Reduce Concepts. Introduce programming tools PIG & HIVE in Hadoop echo system. UNITS **COURSE CONTENT** Introduction to big data 1 Introduction to Big Data Platform - Challenges of Conventional Systems - Intelligent data analysis -Nature of Data - Analytic Processes and Tools - Analysis vs Reporting. Mining data streams Introduction To Streams Concepts - Stream Data Model and Architecture - Stream Computing -2 Sampling Data in a Stream - Filtering Streams - Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream - Estimating Moments - Counting Oneness in a Window - Decaying Window - Real time Analytics Platform(RTAP) Applications - Case Studies - Real Time Sentiment Analysis- Stock Market Predictions. Hadoop History of Hadoop, Hadoop Distributed File System, Components of Hadoop Analysing the Data with 3 Hadoop, Scaling Out, Hadoop Streaming- Design of HDFS-Java interfaces to HDFS Basics-Developing a Map Reduce Application-How Map Reduce Works-Anatomy of a Map Reduce Job run-Failures-Job Scheduling-Shuffle and Sort – Task execution - Map Reduce Types and Formats- Map Reduce FeaturesHadoop environment. Frameworks 4 Applications on Big Data Using Pig and Hive - Data processing operators in Pig - Hive services -HiveQL -Querying Data in Hive - fundamentals of HBase and ZooKeeper - IBM InfoSphere BigInsights and Streams. **Predictive Analytics** Simple linear regression, Multiple linear regression, Interpretation of regression coefficients. 5 Visualizations - Visual data analysis techniques- interaction techniques - Systems and applications. **Reference Books:** Big Data and Hadoop, V.K. Jain, Khanna Publishing House 2021. Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, Tom White Third Edition, O'reilly Media, 2012. Understanding Big Data: Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data, Chris Eaton, Dirk DeRoos, Tom Deutsch, George Lapis, Paul Zikopoulos, McGrawHill Publishing, 2012. Mining of Massive Datasets, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, CUP,2012. Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with Advanced

Code: MC23-E305D	Paper: Graph Theory	
Contacts Hours / Week · 3	Credit: 3	

### Course Outcome:

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

Analytics, BillFranks, John Wiley& sons, 2012.

✓ Write precise and accurate mathematical definitions of objects in graph theory.

Making Sense of Data, Glenn J. Myatt, John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

- ✓ Use mathematical definitions to identify and construct examples and to distinguish examples from non-examples.
- ✓ Validate and critically assess a mathematical proof.
- ✓ Use a combination of theoretical knowledge and independent mathematical thinking in creative investigation of questions in graph theory.
- Reason from definitions to construct mathematical proofs.

## UNITS | COURSE CONTENT

	Introduction:
	Graph, Application of Graph, Finite and Infinite Graph, Incidence & Degree, Isolated & Pendant
1	Vertex, NullGraph, Isomorphism, Subgraphs, Walks, Paths, and Circuits, Connected Graphs,
	Disconnected Graphs, and
	Components, Euler Graphs, Operations On Graphs, Hamiltonian Paths and Circuits, The Traveling
	SalesmanProblem.
	Trees
	Trees, Properties, Distance and Centres, Types of Trees, Tree Enumeration, Labeled Tree, Unlabeled
2	Tree, Spanning Tree, Fundamental Circuits, Cut Sets, Properties, Fundamental Circuit and Cut-set,
	Connectivity, Separability, Related Theorems. Spanning trees, Fundamental circuits, Spanning trees in a
	weighted graph, cut sets, Properties of cut set, All cut sets, Fundamental circuits and cut sets, Connectivity
	and separability.
	Connectivity And Planarity
3	Network Flows, Planar Graph, Representation, Detection, Dual Graph, Geometric and Combinatorial
	Dual, Related Theorems, Digraph, Properties, Euler Digraph.
	Matrices, Colouring
4	Matrix Representation, Adjacency matrix, Incidence matrix, Circuit matrix, Cut-set matrix, Path Matrix,
7	Properties
	- Related Theorems - Correlations. Graph Coloring, Chromatic Polynomial, Chromatic Partitioning,
	Matching, Covering, Related Theorems.
	Graph Theoretic Algorithm
5	Graph Algorithms- Connectedness and Components- Spanning Tree- Fundamental Circuits- Cut
	Vertices-Directed Circuits- Shortest Path – Applications overview.
eferenc	e Books:

- NarsinghDeo, "Graph Theory: With Application to Engineering and Computer Science", Prentice Hall of India.
- Combinatorics and Graph Theory, S.B. Singh, Khanna Publishing House.
- Grimaldi R.P. "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics: An Applied Introduction", Addison Wesley.
- Clark J. and Holton D.A, "A First Look at Graph Theory", Allied Publishers.
- Mott J.L., Kandel A. and Baker T.P. "Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians", PrenticeHall of India.
- Liu C.L., "Elements of Discrete Mathematics", McGraw Hill.

	Paper: Operation Research and Optimates Hours / Week: 3  Credit: 3	zation Techniques		
Course	Course Outcome:			
After su	successful completion of this course, students will be able to:			
✓	Describe the way of writing mathematical model for real-world opt	mization problems.		
✓	Identify Linear Programming Problems and their solution technique	8		
✓	Categorize Transportation and Assignment problems			
✓	Apply the way in which Game Theoretic Models can be useful to a	variety of real-world scenarios in		
	economics and other areas.			
✓	✓ Convert practical situations into non-linear programming problems.			
✓				
UNIT	UNIT COURSE			
S	CONTENT			
	Linear Programming Problem (LPP)-I			
1				
1	Formulation of an LPP; Graphical Method of solution of an LPP;			
	ConvexHull and Convex Polyhedron; Canonical and Standard	form of an LPP; Basic Solution of a		
	system of linear			
	equations; Simplex Method; Big-M Method; Concept of Duality;	Mathematical formulation of duals.		

	Linear Programming	Problem (LPP)-II		
Transportation Problems (TP); Representation of Transportation Problems as LPP; Methods of finding			of finding	
		lution of TP: North-West Corner Ru		
	Approximation Metho		sie, Matrix Minima Metrioti, Voge	1.5
	1 1 1	basic feasible solution; Assignment P	Problems; Hungarian Method.	
	Game		-	Theory
3				
3		s; The Minimax and Maximin Criteri		
some Games; Games with saddle Point – Pure Strategies; Games without a Saddle Point – Mixed St				
	Symmetric Games; Dominance Principle; Graphical Method of Solution; Algebraic Method of Solution.			
	Non-Linear	Programming	Problem	(NLPP)
4	Single veriable Ontim	nization; Multivariate Optimization v	with no constraints. Comidefinite	Casa Saddla
		· •		
		etimization with Equality Constraints:		Multivariable
	Optimization with inequality constraints: Kuhn-Tucker Conditions.			
Reference Books:				

- Linear Programming and Game Theory by J. G. Chakraborty and P. R. Ghosh, Moulik Library. Operations Research by KantiSwarup, P. K. Gupta and Man Mohan, S. Chand and Sons. Engineering Optimization by S. S. Rao, New Age Techno Press. Operations Research by J K Sharma, Macmillan India Ltd

	C23-E305F Paper: Pattern Recognition Hours / Week: 3 Credit: 3			
Course Outcome:				
After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:				
✓ Identify where, when and how pattern recognition can be applied.				
✓ Equipped with basic mathematical and statistical techniques commonly used in pattern recognition				
	Understand a variety of pattern recognition algorithms.			
	Apply machine learning concepts in real life problems.			
	Design and develop a pattern recognition system for the specific application			
	Evaluate quality of solution of the pattern recognition system.			
UNIT	COURSE			
S	CONTENT			
	Basics of Probability, Random Processes and Linear Algebra			
1	Probability: independence of events, conditional and joint probability, Bayes theorem Random Processes:			
	Stationary and non-stationary processes, Expectation, Autocorrelation, Cross-Correlation, spectra.			
2	Linear Algebra			
	Inner product, outer product, inverses, eigen values, eigen vectors, singular values, singular vectors.			
_	Bayes Decision Theory			
3	Minimum-error-rate classification. Classifiers, Discriminant functions, Decision surfaces. Normal density			
	anddiscriminant functions. Discrete features.			
	Parameter Estimation Methods			
	Maximum-Likelihood estimation: Gaussian case. Maximum a Posteriori estimation. Bayesian estimation:			
	Gaussian case. Unsupervised learning and clustering - Criterion functions for clustering. Algorithms for			
4	clustering: K-Means, Hierarchical and other methods. Cluster validation. Gaussian mixture models,			
	Expectation-Maximization method for parameter estimation. Maximum entropy estimation. Sequential			
	Pattern Recognition. Hidden Markov Models (HMMs). Discrete HMMs. Continuous HMMs.			
	Nonparametric techniques for density estimation. K-Nearest			
	Neighbour method.			
	Dimensionality reduction			
5	Principal component analysis - it relationship to eigen analysis. Fisher discriminant analysis -			
	Generalised eigenanalysis. Eigen vectors/Singular vectors as dictionaries. Factor Analysis, Total			
	variability space - a dictionary			
	learning methods. Non negative matrix factorisation - a dictionary learning method.			

6	Linear discriminant functions	
U	Gradient descent procedures, Perceptron, Support vector machines - a brief introduction.	
	Artificial neural networks	
7	Multilayer perceptron - feedforward neural network. A brief introduction to deep neural networks,	
	convolutionalneural networks, recurrent neural networks.	
	Non-metric methods for pattern classification	
8	Non-numeric data or nominal data. Decision trees: Classification and Regression Trees (CART).	
	K-Nearest Neighbour method	
Refere	nce Books:	
	• Richard O. Duda, Peter E. Hart, David G. Stork, "Pattern Classification", 2/E, Wiley - Interscience, 2000.	
	Christopher M. Bishop:, "Pattern Recognition And Machine Learning (Information Science and	
	Statistics)" ,1/E,Springer, January 2008	
	• T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. H. Friedman:, "The Elements of Statistical Learning", 1/E, Springer, Reprint 3/E,	
	2003	
	Christopher M. Bishop; "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer, 2006	
	Shigeo Abe, "Advances in Pattern Recognition", Springer, 2005	

Code: MC23-305G

Course Outcome:  After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:  ✓ Understand the concept of machine learning.  ✓ Identify the regression and classification problem.  ✓ Relate the supervised, unsupervised learning in the real life problem.  ✓ Evaluate the machine learning models with respect to the performance parameters.	
<ul> <li>✓ Understand the concept of machine learning.</li> <li>✓ Identify the regression and classification problem.</li> <li>✓ Relate the supervised, unsupervised learning in the real life problem.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>✓ Identify the regression and classification problem.</li> <li>✓ Relate the supervised, unsupervised learning in the real life problem.</li> </ul>	
✓ Relate the supervised, unsupervised learning in the real life problem.	
✓ Evaluate the machine learning models with respect to the performance parameters.	
✓ Design and implement various machine learning algorithms in the range of real world problems.	
UNIT   COURSE CONTENT	
S	
Introduction to Machine Learning	
1 Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning,	
Deep Learning Types of Machine Learning, Application of	
Machine Learning	
Linear Algebra	
2 Scalar, Vector, Matrix, Matrix Operation, Norms, Probability, Joint Distribution, Bayes Theorem,	
Expectation, Co-variance.	
Regression and Classification	
3 Simple Linear Regression, Multiple Linear Regression, Least square gradient descent, Linear	
Classification, Logistic Regression	
Decision Tree Learning	
Representing concepts as decision trees. Recursive induction of decision trees. Picking the best	
splitting attribute:entropy and information gain. Searching for simple trees and computational	
complexity. Overfitting, noisy data, and pruning.	
Ensemble Learning  Description of DECORATE Action learning with an archive	
Bagging, boosting, and DECORATE. Active learning with ensembles.	
Artificial Neural Networks	
Neurons and biological motivation. Linear threshold units. Perceptrons: representational limitation	
gradientdescent training. Multilayer networks and backpropagation. Hidden layers and constructing	
intermediate, distributed representations. Overfitting, learning network structure, recurrent network	S.

Paper: Machine Learning

	7	Support Vector Machines  Maximum margin linear separators. Quadratic programming solution to finding maximum margin separators. Kernels for learning non-linear functions.
	8	Bayesian Learning Probability theory and Bayes rule. Naive Bayes learning algorithm. Parameter smoothing. Generative vs. discriminative training. Logistic regression. Bayes nets and Markov nets for representing dependencies.
	9	Clustering and Unsupervised Learning Learning from unclassified data. Clustering. Hierarchical Agglomerative Clustering. k-means partitional clustering. Expectation maximization (EM) for soft clustering. Semi-supervised learning with EM using labeled and unlableddata.
Dimensionality Reduction 10 Principal component Analysis (PCA), Linear Discriminant Analysis manipulationand normalization		Principal component Analysis (PCA), Linear Discriminant Analysis (LDA), Feature selection, Feature

- Machine Learning, Rajiv Chopra, Khanna Publishing House
- Introduction to Machine Learning, Jeeva Jose, AICTE Recommended.
- Machine Learning, V.K. Jain, Khanna Book Publishing, Delhi.
- Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning- Christopher M. Bishop, Springer
- The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, and Jerome Friedman, Springer
  - Machine Learning for Absolute Beginners: A Plain English Introduction Oliver Theobald, Scatterplot Press
- Machine Learning -Tom M. Mitchell, Mc Graw Hill

Datasets may be downloaded from the website "http://www1.aucegypt.edu/faculty/hadi/RABE5/"

	MC23-E394A Paper: Image Processing Lab
	Outcome:
After su	accessful completion of this course, students will be able to:
✓	Students will learn to convert one image form to another image form.
✓	Able to learn various kinds of image enhancement and image restoration techniques.
✓	They will learn various techniques of image compression, image segmentation etc.
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT
1	Display of Grayscale Images
2	Histogram Equalization
3	Non-linear Filtering
4	Edge detection using Operators
5	2-D DFT and DCT
6	Filtering in frequency domain
7	Filtering in spatial domain
8	Display of color images
9	Discrete Wavelet Transform (DWT) of images
10	Segmentation using watershed transform
11	Image Compression
12	Applications of image zooming and image shrinking etc

	C23-E394B Hours / Week: 4	Paper: Web Enabled JAVA Programming LAB Credit: 2
After suce		this course, students will be able to: te/ Web based Applications
UNIT		COURSE CONTENT
1	HTML to Servlet Ap	pplications

2	Applet to Servlet Communication
3	Designing online applications with JSP
4	Creating JSP program using JavaBeans
5	Working with Enterprise JavaBeans
6	Performing Java Database Connectivity.
7	Creating and Sending Email with Java
8	Building web applications

	IC23-E394C Paper: Cloud Computing Lab		
Contacts	s Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 2		
Course Outcome:			
	er successful completion of this course, students will be able to:		
	Trought different types of throughbarrons and increase resource difficulties.		
	Build a private cloud using open-source technologies.		
	Analyze security issues on cloud.		
	Develop real world web applications and deploy on commercial cloud.		
	Demonstrate various service models.		
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT		
1	Study of NIST model of cloud computing		
	Understand different types of virtualizations, Host and bare metal hypervisors and		
2	implement horizontal scalability.		
	Technology: XEN/ Vmwares EXSi		
2	Implement IaaS using your resources.		
3	Technology: Open Stack / Eucalyptus		
4	Simulate identity management in private cloud		
4	Technology: Open Stack		
_	Explore Storage as a Service for remote file access using web interface.		
5	Technology: ownCloud		
	Understand security of web server and data directory		
6	Technology: ownCloud		
_	Deploy Platform as a Service; web applications on commercial cloud.		
7	Technology: Google appEngine/ Windows Azure		
	To create and access VM instances and demonstrate various components such as EC2, S3,		
8	Simple DB, DynamoDB		
	Technology: Amazon Web Services		
	Understand on demand application delivery and Virtual desktop infrastructure (Software as a		
9	Service)		
	Technology: Ulteo		
10	Understanding of implementation/applications of basic fog computing.		
10	Understanding of implementation/applications of basic fog computing.		

Code: MC23-E394D Paper: Web Technology using PHP Lab
Contacts Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 2

### **Course Outcome:**

- ✓ After successful completion of this course, students will be able to understand the underlying assumption of defining variables, constants, operators, expressions, HTML Form creation and submissions. POST & GET Method & Implementation of Decision, Loops, Functions, Array and Exception Handling concepts.
- ✓ How HTML forms are submitted with PHP Server.
- ✓ Strategy to connect with MYSQL Server.
- ✓ Ability to check validation using JavaScript & JQuery.
- ✓ Connecting Forms using AJAX Concept.

UNIT S	COURSE CONTENT
	Fundamental of Web Design
1	HTML: Introduction, Editor(VS Code/ Sublime), Element, Attribute, Head, Heading, Paragraph, Style, Formatting, Quotation, Comment, Color, CSS, Link, Image, Table, List, Block & Inline, Class, ID, Iframe, Script, File path, Layout, Code, Entity, Symbol, Emoji, Charset, Forms, Form Attributes, Elements, Input types, Input Attributes.  CSS: Introduction, Selector, External-Internal-Inline CSS, Comments, Color, Background, Border, Margin, Padding, Height, Width, Box model, Outline, Text, Font, Icon, Link, List, Table, Display,
	Max width, Position, Overflow, Float, Inline-bock, Align, Pseudo-class, Pseudo-element, Opacity, Navigation Bar, Dropdowns, Image gallery, Image sprites, Text Effect, Web Fonts, Transition, Animation, Tooltip, Style Image, Button etc.
2	Advance Web Design CSS Responsive Design: Introduction, Viewport, Grid view, Media queries, Responsive image, Responsivevideo. Bootstrap: Introduction, Container, Grid, Typography, Color, tables, Images, jumbotron, Alerts, Button, Buttongroup, Badges, Progress bar, Spinner, Pagination, List group, Card, Dropdown, Collapse, Navs, Navbar, Forms, Input, Input group, Carousel, Modal, Tooltip, Popover, Toast, Scrollspy, Flex, Media object.
3	Introduction to Web Technology & implementation of PHP Programs & Knowing about ConnectionStrings and Functions.  Implementing basic PHP programs with Form, Loop, Functions Array and Strings.
5	Handling Html Form With PHP: Capturing Form. Data Dealing with Multi-value files. Generating File uploaded form. Redirecting a form aftersubmission.
6	Database Connectivity with MySql: Programs implementing displaying data from MYSQL to HTML forms using PHP.Programs implementing updating data from MYSQL to HTML forms using PHP. Programs implementing deleting data from MYSQL to HTML forms using PHP.
7	Java Script & JQuery: Validating forms using JAVASCRIPT.
8	Connecting Forms using AJAX Concept: Fetching data from one form to another form using AZAX.

	MC23-E394E Paper: Android Application Development Lab ts Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 2
Course	Outcome:
After su	ccessful completion of this course, students will be able to:
✓	Learn to use Android Application development platform.
✓	To create simple android application
✓	To understand and implement various designing components of Android user interfaces
✓	To design application's main navigation screen
✓	To understand and designing Android Notification (including push notification)
✓	To connect android application to database for data insertion and retrieval
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT
S	
	Writing First Application
1	Creating Android Project, Android Virtual Device Creation, Set up debugging environment,
	Workspace set up for
	development, Launching emulator, debugging on mobile devices.
2	Basic UI design
	Basics about Views, Layouts, Resources, Input controls, Input Events, Toasts.
	More UI Design
3	Layouts design GridView and ListView, Action bar, Adapters, Menus: Option menu, context menu,
	sub menu, Pickers - Date and Time, Spinners.
4	Activity and Fragment
	Activity, Fragment, Activity Lifecycle and Fragment Lifecycle.
5	Intents
	Implicit Intents, Explicit intents, communicating data among Activities.
6	Navigation Drawer
	Panel that displays the app's main navigation screens on the left edge of the screen
7	Android Notifications
,	Toast, Dialogs (TimePicker, DatePicker, Progress, Alert), Notification Manager and Push Notification
	Introducing SQLite
8	SQLiteOpenHelper and creating a database - Opening and closing a database, Working with cursors
	Inserts, updates,
	and deletes

Code: MO	C23-E394F Paper: Basic Data Science Lab using R
<b>Contacts</b>	Hours / Week: 4 Credit: 2
Course O	utcome:
After succ	essful completion of this course, students will be able to:
	erform the quantitative and qualitative analysis of the data.
✓ R	tealized the basic trends in two variable plots of numerical data.
	Compute the mean, median, mode, standard deviation, and variance of grouped data
	Determine the equation of the trend line to forecast outcomes for time periods in the future, using
	Iternate coding fortime periods if necessary.
	Use a computer to develop a regression analysis, and interpret the output that is associated with it.
✓ (	Construct machine learning models for providing business ideas.
UNIT	COURSE CONTENT
S	
1	Read the datasets(.txt, .xlsx, .csv) from the local system
2	Make numerical summery(descriptive statistics) of data
3	Apply various measures- range, interquartile range, mean absolute deviation, variance, and standard
	deviation
4	Make graphical summery(histogram, scatterplot, pie plot, boxplot) of data
5	Detect the outliers(if exists), impute the outliers using suitable methods.
6	Implement simple linear regression with suitable datasets, observe the standard error, p-value, R-square
	values.

	Implement the multivariate regression with suitable datasets and present the outputs	Ī
	(a) What percentage of variation in the response is explained by these predictors?	
7	(b) Which observation has the largest (positive) residual? Give the case number.	
/	(c) Compute the mean and median of the residuals.	
	(d) Compute the correlation of the residuals with the fitted values.	
	(e) Compute the correlation of the residuals with the target variable.	
8	Implement the logistic regression using suitable datasets. Evaluate the performance of the model.	Ī
9	Implement kNN for classification and regression problem.	Ī
10	Implement weighted kNN for classification and regression problem.	Ī
11	Implement decision tree and regression tree and check the model performance.	Ī
	Datasets may be downloaded from the website "http://www1.aucegypt.edu/faculty/hadi/RABE5/"	

Code: MC23-381 Paper: Minor Project and Viva-voce

Contacts Hours / Week: 8

A student needs to pursue research/application-based project in his/her institution under the direct

on the basis of Project Report, Project Presentation and Viva-voce.

# **Second Year: Semester-IV**

supervision/mentorship of assigned teacher(s) and on completion of the same an evaluation will be made

**Total Contact Hours: 120** 

Code: MC23-OE401 Paper: Open Elective

Contacts Hours / Week: Not applicable Total Contact Hours: Not applicable Credit: 3

Open Elective: chosen from the MOOCs basket given by Faculty of Information Technology-may include

- Business Analytics
- Robotics
- Bioinformatics
- Information Theory & Coding
- Automation in VLSI Design
- Intelligent Control
- Design of Embedded Systems
- Machine Learning
- Soft Computing
- Information Retrieval
- Distributed System
- Digital Marketing

(While opting for a domain for pursuing the online course, a student needs to ensure that the domain was not covered inprevious semesters of the program.)

Credit: 5

Student may opt for a minimum 12-week online course from Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) in one or any of theabove domains with prior approval form the Faculty of Information Technology of the University. In such case, student needs to submit a self-attested copy of the mark-sheet of this online course to Faculty of Information Technology of the University well before the end of Semester IV. Directly on the basis of the result obtained by a student, final marks will be allocated to him/her. In case a student pursues a non- evaluation based online course, an in-house evaluation would be done by examiner appointed by the Dean Faculty of Information Technology.

Code: MC23-481 Paper: Comprehensive Viva-Voce
Contacts Hours / Week: Not Applicable

Total Contact Hours: Not Applicable

### **Course Objective**

Objective of comprehensive viva-voce is to assess the overall knowledge of the student in the relevant field of computer science and application acquired over 2 years of study in the MCA Program.

The viva shall normally cover the subjects taught in all the semesters of MCA Program. This will test the student's learning and understanding during the course. In doing so, the main objective of this course is to prepare the students to face interview both in the academic and the industrial sector.

Code: MC23-482 Paper: Major Project & Viva-Voce
Contacts Hours / Week: 40 Total Contact Hours: 12-15 Weeks

### A student needs to pursue research/application-based project in any of the following modes:

- [A] In his/her institution under the supervision/mentorship of assigned teacher(s) belonging to that institution.
- [B] In his/her institution under the joint supervision/mentorship of assigned teacher(s) belonging to that institution and invitedexternal expert(s).
- [C] In a research/software/hardware organization under the joint supervision/mentorship of assigned teacher(s) belonging tothat institution and external expert(s) belonging to that research/software/hardware organization.

On completion of the same, an evaluation will be made by the institution on the basis of Project Report, Project Presentation, Viva-voce and sufficient measures will be taken by the institution to understand that the project is an outcome-based work as a product of student's sole effort.

Credit: 2

Credit: 20