# Gopal Narayan Singh University Jamuhar, Sasaram, Rohtas (Bihar) **Faculty of Medicine**



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ORDINANCES AND SYLLABUS GOVERNING

O 02 YEARS MASTER OF PHYSIOTHERAPY [MPT] Dr. Navenchu Kurner Pt Amisternt Protestin **PROGRAMME** 

Dr. Arguy fullmin (1)

As per

National Commission for Allied and Healthcare Professions Curriculum -

Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India

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# Curriculum MASTER OF PHYSIOTHERAPY [M.P.T]

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## Master of Physiotherapy [M.P.T]

#### **Masters of Physiotherapy**

#### 1.0 Introduction:

- 1.0.1 The Master's program in Physiotherapy is designed to provide advanced education and specialized training in the field of physiotherapy. The program aims to produce highly competent practitioners capable of addressing the diverse and evolving healthcare needs of the population. This comprehensive program combines in-depth theoretical knowledge with extensive practical skills, focusing on evidence-based practice, clinical reasoning and research methodologies in various specialties such as musculoskeletal science, neuroscience, cardio-pulmonary science, sports science, pediatrics and neonatal science, obstetrics and gynecological science, oncology, community physiotherapy and many more as the profession evolves.
- 1.0.2 On successful completion of M.P.T programme, the Physiotherapist will be able to practice in his / her specialty area with advanced knowledge and skills, take up physiotherapy teaching assignments independently for undergraduate teaching programme, as well as will be able to design and undertake research (using sound data processing techniques and statistical methods) independently in the field of physiotherapy.
- 1.0.3 Learning Objectives: At the completion of this course, the student should be -
  - 1. Able to execute all routine physiotherapeutic procedures based on evidence-based practice.
  - 2. Able to apply advanced assessment techniques to identify and treat various conditions needing physiotherapeutic procedures.
  - 3. Able to develop individualized treatment plans and implement advanced therapeutic techniques independently based on evidence-based practice and clinical guidelines.
  - 4. Able to provide adequate knowledge about the treatment procedures and its benefit to patients, families and other healthcare professionals.
  - 5. Able to transfer knowledge and skills to students as well young professionals.
  - 6. Able to design and undertake independent research studies.
  - 7. Able to critically appraise and apply current research in clinical practice.
  - 8. Able to apply multidisciplinary practice skills and be a prominent member of the team.
  - 9. Able to practice and assess patient independently.
  - 10. Able to develop and apply leadership skills necessary for roles in clinical settings, academia and healthcare administration.

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#### 1.1 Expectation from the future graduate in the providing patient care.

- 1.1.1 Course work includes advanced knowledge and skills related to the respective branch of specialty.
- 1.1.2 Acquire in-depth knowledge of structure and function of human body related to the respective branch of specialty.
- 1.1.3 Acquire the in-depth knowledge of movement dysfunction of human body, cause thereof principles underlying the use of physiotherapeutic interventions for restoring movement dysfunction towards normalcy.
- 1.1.4 Demonstrate skills in Physical and Functional diagnosis pertaining to patient under his/her care.
- 1.1.5 Demonstrate ability to critically appraise recent primary and secondary literature from journals and adopt diagnostic and therapeutic procedures based on it.
- 1.1.6 Perform independent research within the department and help the department and the team for treatment planning of the patient.
- 1.1.7 Engage in continuous professional development and lifelong learning to stay abreast with the advancement and new technology in the field. The professional should opt for continuous professional education credits offered by national and international institutes recognized by the NCAHP.
- 1.1.8 Demonstrate ability to make clinical decision (based on evaluation) regarding Physiotherapy strategy techniques and select appropriate outcome measures based on the comprehensive knowledge of specialty.
- 1.1.9 Demonstrate an expertise in evidence-based skill in the management disorders including movement dysfunction in concerned specialty.
- 1.1.10 Demonstrate an expertise in health promotion, early identification and intervention for quality restoration of function.
- 1.1.11 Planning and implementation of treatment programme adequately and appropriately for all clinical conditions common as well as rare related to respective specialty in acute and chronic stage, Various situation and places related to the specialty
- 1.1.12 Demonstrate proficiency in creating awareness using newer technology, at various levels in community for healthcare and professional awareness.
  - 1.1.13 Demonstrate leadership, managerial, administrative and communication skills.
- 1.1.14 Demonstrate the knowledge of legislation applicable to compensation for functional disability welfare schemes and rights of the disabled, laws related to industrial workers and disabled and appropriate certification.

1.1.15 Demonstrate proficiency in classroom and clinical teaching using newer and appropriate technology.

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#### 1.2 Eligibility for admission:

#### 1.2.1 Selection procedure:

- 1. He/she has passed the Bachelor of Physiotherapy recognized by any recognized University with pass marks (50%).
- 2. He/she has to furnish at the time of submission of application form, a certificate of physical fitness from a registered medical practitioner and two references from persons other than relatives testifying to satisfactory general character.
- 3. Admission to Masters of Physiotherapy course shall be made on the basis of eligibility and an entrance test to be conducted for the purpose at the State/ University level. No candidate will be admitted on any ground unless he/she has appeared in the admission test and interview.
  - a) Entrance test, to be conducted by the university/State government as per the syllabus.
  - b) Successful candidates based on written test will be called for the interview and shall have to face an interview board. The board will include the Head of the Department of Physiotherapy (Chairman of the Board) and other members as per the policy of institute/ university, whose recommendations shall be final for the selection of the students.
  - c) During subsequent counseling (s) the seat will be allotted as per the merit of the candidate depending on the availability of seats on that particular day.
  - d) Candidate who fails to attend the Medical Examination/ physical fitness on the notified date(s) will forfeit the claim for admission.

#### 1.3. Duration of the course

Duration of the course: 2 Years Total minimum hours - 3240

#### 1.4 Medium of instruction:

English shall be the medium of instruction for all the subjects of study and for examination of the course.

#### 1.5 Attendance:

A candidate will be permitted to appear for the University Examination if he / she secures not less than 85% of attendance in the number of instructional days/ practical at hospitals during the calendar year, failing which he / she should complete the number of days/hours and undergo the next year/final examination conducted by the university.

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#### 1.6 Methods of training

The training of the MPT student shall be conducted on a full-time basis, with progressively increasing responsibilities in the management and treatment of patients assigned to their care. Acquisition of practical competencies being the keystone of post graduate education, the training should be skills oriented. Learning in post graduate programme should be essentially self-directed and primarily emanating from clinical and academic work. The formal sessions are merely meant to supplement this core effort. Participation of all the students in all facets of educational process is essential and each candidate should take part in seminars, group discussions, clinical rounds, case presentations, clinics, journal review meetings and continuous professional education (CPE). Training should also include involvement in clinical research studies and every Masters' candidate should be engaged in the teaching and training programs of undergraduate Physiotherapy students.

# 1.7 Formal teaching sessions [minimum]

Master's candidate should be subjected to at least 4-hrs of formal teaching per week per subject. The departments may select a mix of the following sessions:

Journal club once a week Seminar;

Lecture twice a week

Case discussions twice a week

Interdepartmental case or seminar once a week

#### 1.8 Assessment:

It is essential to monitor the learning progress of each Master's candidate through continuous appraisal and regular assessments. It not only helps teachers to evaluate the students, but also students to evaluate themselves. The monitoring is done by the staff of the department, based on participation of students in various teaching / learning activities. The assessment may be structured using checklists that assess various aspects of competencies. Also stated in 5.15

#### 1.9 Log book

- 1.9.1 Every candidate shall maintain a log book and record his/her participation in the training programs conducted by the department such as journal reviews, seminars etc. Candidates must also record research presentations and details of clinical research studies, if any.
- 1.9.2 The log book shall be scrutinized and certified by the Head of the Department (HoD) and Head of the Institution and presented in the university examination.

#### 1.10 Periodic tests

- The College may conduct periodic tests based on the pattern of university examination. Such tests may include written theory papers, practical, viva voce and clinical assessment. Records and marks obtained in such tests will be maintained by the HoD and shall be produced as and when called for.
- 2. The assessment will be a combination of formative and summative assessments
  - i. Theory, inter-departmental meeting
  - ii. Practical-clinical rounds and bed side evaluation and application.

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- iii. Teaching Activities UG Teaching
- iv. Learning Activities: Self Learning, use of computers and library
- v. Participation in departmental activities;
  - a. Journal review meetings
  - b. Seminars
  - c. Clinical presentation
  - d. Special clinics
  - e. Inter departmental meetings
  - f. Community work, camps / field visits
  - g. Clinical rounds
  - h. Dissertation work
- vi. Participation in conferences/ presentation of paper -Minimum 2 in two years
- vii. Any other Specify (eg: CPE)
- viii. Rotation and posting in other departments for a maximum of 6 months the candidate must spend 18 months in the department of specialty concerned

# 1.11. Graded responsibility in the care of patients and operative work (Structured training schedule of clinical and elective subjects only)

Table 1.1: Graded responsibility in the care of patients and operative work

Category	I year MPT	II year MPT
0	20 Cases	20 Cases
Α	20 Cases	30 Cases
PA	100 Cases	75 Cases
PI	25 Cases	50 Cases

Key: O - Observes

A - Assists a senior Physiotherapist

PA – Performs procedure under the direct supervision of a senior specialist.

PI - Performs Independently

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#### 1.12. Intake of Students

The PG teacher/guide to student's ratio shall be 1:3 for admission in M.P.T. first year and cannot be increased in any case. The guide should be of the same specialty stream. The intake of students to the course shall be at the starting of academic year only.

Maximum 24 students can be admitted per academic year in an institution.

#### 1.13. Guide

- 1. To be recognized as a guide, one must have a minimum of 5 years' of teaching experience after post-graduation as a lecturer/assistant professor.
- 2. Guide should be of the same elective/specialty stream as of student.
- 3. Change of Guide: In the event of registered guide being unavailable for any reason, the guide for the concerned students may be changed with prior permission from the university as per the following guidelines

Students cannot be left without a guide for more than 3 months in total during their postgraduation study (i.e. in the event of resignation of guide, the college should appoint a guide within 3 months)

For student benefit, services of visiting faculty can be utilized, but these faculty members will not be counted in the PG teachers

#### 1.15. Assessment:

- FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT: Formative assessment should be continuous and should assess clinical knowledge, patient care, procedural and academic skills, interpersonal skills, professionalism, self-directed learning and ability to practice in the system. Quarterly assessment during the MPT training shall be done by the faculty members of the department based on:
  - Journal based / recent advances learning
  - Patient based /Laboratory or Skill based learning
  - Self-directed learning and teaching iii.
  - iv. Departmental and interdepartmental learning activity
  - External and Outreach Activities. The assessment may be structured using checklists that assess various aspects of competencies.

#### 2. SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT

- Theory Examination: Clinical / Practical and viva voce Examination: All examiners shall be recognized post graduate teachers. At least 50 % of total examiners shall be externals. (from other universities)
- Dissertation Thesis shall be submitted at least three months before the Theory and Clinical / Practical examination. The thesis shall be examined by a panel of three examiners; one internal and two external examiners, who shall also be the examiners of Clinical examination.
- iii. Practical examination shall be conducted at the end of second year by a panel of 3 examiners out of which two should be from other institutions and one of these two must be from outside the State. Practical examination should be conducted in two days:
  - On day one- clinical examination (OSCE and OSPE), should be conducted.
  - On second day dissertation should be examined along with teaching skills and viva voce. Student shall make a 15-minute presentation of the dissertation followed by 10-minute question and answer session by the examiners.
- iv. Marks to be awarded separately be each examiner and an average shall be taken as the final marks awarded to the student in both practical as well as dissertation

#### 1.16. **Examiners:**

A Postgraduate Physiotherapy examiner should be a recognized PG teacher of same elective/ specialty.

## 1.17. Proposed Paper Style: MPT

## 1.17.1. Theory paper: Duration: 3 Hours, Total Marks: 100

Table 1.2. Type of Theory question paper and Question type for M.P.T and Marking scheme

SI. No.	No. of Questions	Question Type	Marks
1	1	Long Answer	1 x 20 = 20
2	. 1	Long Answer	1 x 20 = 20
3	1	Long Answer	1 x 20 = 20
4	1	Long Answer	1 x 20 = 20
5	1 '	Long Answer	1 x 20 = 20
	To	otal	100

1.17.2. Practical Exam: Total marks = 450

Table 1.3.: Practical Exam Scheme and marks distribution for M.P.T

SI. No.	Exams	Marks
1	ONE Clinical case presentation-Major Elective	1 x 150=150
2	TWO Clinical Presentation - Minor Elective	2 x 75 = 150
3	OSPE/OSCE	100
4	Dissertation Presentation	50
	Total	450

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## 1.18. SCHEME OF STUDY MASTER OF PHYSIOTHERAPY (M.P.T.)

## 1.18.1. First Year M.P.T Examination Scheme

Table 1.4. First Year M.P.T Examination Scheme

S. No	Subject	Internal Assessment Marks		University Examination Marks			Total Mark	Theor y	Practica	Total Hour	Credit	Credits Practica	The latest
		Theor	Practica I	Theor	Viv	Practica I	S	hours	I hours	S	Theor	1	Total
1	M.P.T -101 Laws, Ethics, Administratio n educational methodology (LEM)	20		80			100	90		90	6		6
2	M.P.T-102 Research methodology and biostatistics, EBP (RMB)	20		80			100	90		90	6		6
3	M.P.T - 103 Biomechanics & Therapeu- Tics (BCT)	20		80			100	90		90	6		6
4	M.P.T -104 Physical & Functional Diagnosis in the speciality. Speciality paper-1	20	20	80	20	60	200	120	120	240	8	4	12
5	M.P.T-105 Skills acquisition and refinement (SAR-I)	-	ing Assig tudies et		Sem	inars, jou	ırnal cl	ub &	240	240		8	8

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S. No	Subject	Internal Assessment Marks		University Examination Marks			Total Mark		Practica	Total	Credit	Credits Practica	Credit
		Theor	Practica I	Theor y	Viv a	Practica I	4	hours	I hours	S	Theor		Total
6	M.P.T-106 Clinical training (CT-I)								540	540		18	18
7	M.P.T-107 Dissertation (DSS-I)								240	240		8	8
	Grand Total						500	390	1140	1530	26	38	64

i. N.B.-The [NUE] Subjects will on college level and students needs to pass the college level examination before appearing for the University Examination, But the marks will be counted with University Marks and will be added in the Scheme and Marks Sheet given by university.

## SCHEME OF STUDY MASTER OF PHYSIOTHERAPY (M.P.T.)

#### 1.18.2. 2ND Year M.P.T Examination

Table 1.5. Second Year M.P.T Examination Scheme

S. No	Subject	Internal Assessment Marks		University Examination Marks			Total Mark	Theor	Practica	Total Hour	Credit	Credits Practica	Credit 5
		Theor y	Practica I	Theor y	Viv a	Practica I	5	hours	I hours	5	Theor	1	Total
1	M.P.T-201 Exercise Physiology (EP)	20		80			100	90		90	6	0	6
2	M.P.T-202 Specialty Paper 2	20	20	80	20	60	200	120	120	240	8	4	12
3	M.P.T-203 Specialty paper 3( Recent advances in the specialty)	20	20	80	20	60	200	120	120	240	8	4	12

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s. No	Subject	Internal Assessment Marks		University Examination Marks			Total Mark	Theor	Practica	Total Hour	Credit s Theor	Credits Practica	Credit
•		Theor	Practica I	Theor y	Viv	Practica I	S	hours	I hours	S	y	T	Total
4	M.P.T-204 Dissertatio n [spread over a period of 18 months] (DSS-II)				100		100		720	720			24
5	0.000-00-1	(2.5)	ng Assign Case Stud	nars, jour	nal		240	240		8	8		
6	M.P.T-206 Clinical training (CT-II)		81						540	540		18	18
10/4	Grand Total						600	330	1740	2070	22	58	80

#### N.B.-

- i. Viva marks will be added in theory marks along with internal assessment theory; candidate have to get min. 50% marks in theory and viva collectively for passing the examination.
- ii. The [NUE] Subjects will on college level and students needs to pass the college level examination before appearing for the University Examination, But the marks will be counted with University Marks and will be added in the Scheme and Marks Sheet given by university.

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#### 1.19. Curriculum Outline and detailed Curriculum

#### 1. Common subjects for all PG

- 1. Laws, Ethics, Administration and Educational methodology
- 2. Research methodology, biostatistics and EBP
- 3. Biomechanics and Therapeutics
- 4. Locomotor Disability Assessment: To be taught in First year as a part of syllabus
- 5. BLS and ALS- To be taught in First year as a part of syllabus
- 6. Disaster Management To be taught in First year as a part of syllabus
- 7. Exercise physiology
- 8. Dissertation
- 9. Practical / clinical examination

#### 2. General design for specialties

- 1. Clinical and functional diagnosis in specialty
- 2. Concepts of specialty

#### 3. Recent advances in the specialty SPECIALITY OFFERED

- 1. Master of Physiotherapy in Musculoskeletal science
- 2. Master of Physiotherapy in Neuroscience
- 3. Master of Physiotherapy in Cardio-Pulmonary science
- 4. Master of Physiotherapy in Sports science
- 5. Master of Physiotherapy in Pediatrics and neonatal sciences
- 6. Master of Physiotherapy in Obstetrics and Gynecology science
- 7. Master of Physiotherapy in Oncology science
- 8. Master of Physiotherapy in Community Rehabilitation

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#### 1.20. M.P.T. Curriculum

#### 1.20.1 COURSE CODE -M.P.T-101

COURSE TITLE - Laws, Ethics & Administration and Educational Methodology: (LEM)

Course Contents: M.P.T LEM Theory (L)

#### SECTION -A: ETHICS AND LAW

- LEM 1.1. Principles of ethics History and evolution of ethics Helsinki declaration; Nuremberg Code; Principles of ethics and its importance Autonomy, Beneficence, Non-maleficence, Justice
- LEM 1.2. Professionalism
- LEM 1.3. Ethics in professional practice Principles of practice in respective profession. Privacy, confidentiality, shared decision making, informed consent, equality and equity, justice
- LEM 1.4. ICMR Guidelines General principles, Responsible conduct of research, Risk benefit assessment
- LEM 1.5. Informed Consent Process Components of informed consent document, Procedure in obtaining informed consent, Special situations, waivers, and proxy consent
- LEM 1.6. Roles and Responsibilities of IEC Ethical Review process, Classification of projects for review, Roles and responsibilities of members, Communications with investigators and authorities
- LEM 1.7. Ethics in Special and Vulnerable Populations Types of Vulnerability and vulnerable population, Challenges for research in vulnerable population, Guidelines for research in special and vulnerable population
- LEM 1.8. Conflict of Interest Definition and Types of Conflict of Interest, Identifying, mitigating and managing Conflict of Interest, Conflicts of Interest in international collaborations
- LEM 1.9. Publication Ethics Importance of publishing, Authorship guidelines according to ICMJE,
  Plagiarism
- LEM 1.10. Laws governing Physiotherapy practice: NCAHP Act, Consumer Protection Act, Rights of persons with disability act Ethical issues in practice of Physiotherapy-Clinical, Research and Academics

# SECTION -B: Management and administration in Physiotherapy

- LEM 2.1. Principles and applications of Management and Administration to Physio Therapy practice:
- LEM 2.2. Management PROCESS: planning, organizing, staffing, finance, marketing, controlling, directing.
- LEM 2.3. Quality assurance: Total Quality Management: basis of quality management, qualityassurance program in hospitals, medical audit and international quality system.

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- LEM 2.4. COMMUNICATION: Process of Communication Barriers to Communication Types of Communication Written vs. Oral Communication Elements of good communication
- LEM 2.5. Hospital as an organization: functions and types of hospitals MANAGEMENT IN HOSPITAL Setting of a physiotherapy service unit

#### SECTION-C: Management of Teaching Institution and Educational Methodology In Physiotherapy

- LEM 3.1. Education: definition, aims and objectives of education, Agencies of education, Formal and informal education, brief introduction to the philosophies of education, taxonomy of educational objectives, essentials of Physiotherapy education, NEP
- LEM 3.2. Basics of Adult Learning Theories including Learning Styles and Motivation
- LEM 3.3. Concept of teaching learning nature of learning, type and stages of learning, factors affecting learning, laws of learning, learning style teaching learning process, role of teacher in teaching learning process, adult learning
- LEM 3.4. Teaching skills, Teaching Methods in Classroom Setting, clinical teaching methods, planning of teaching: lesson planning and unit planning Teaching aids and educational technology
- LEM 3.5. Formulating Intended Learning Outcomes Including Tyler's principles, Bloom's Taxonomy, Miller's Pyramid, Clinical Competence, and Dreyfus' Model of Skill Acquisition
- LEM 3.6. Entrepreneurship in Physiotherapy Practice: Need, Advantages and Opportunities,

#### Recommended books for LEM

- 1. Beauchamp and Childress, Principles of Biomedical Ethics, Fourth Edition. Oxford.
- 2. Patricia A Marshall. Ethical challenges in study design and informed consent for health research in resource poor settings. World Health Organization. 2007.
- 3. Natio4n2a6l Ethical guidelines for Biomedical and Health Research involving human participants. Indian Council of Medical Research. 2017.
- ABC of Learning and Teaching in Medicine. Editor(s): Peter Cantillon, Diana Wood, Sarah Yardley. Ed: 3
- Understanding Medical Education: Evidence, Theory, and Practice, Editor(s): Tim Swanwick Kirsty Forrest Bridget C. O'Brien. Ed 3
- Principles of Medical Education. Editor(s): Tejinder Singh, Piyush Gupta, Daljit Singh. Jaypee Brothers. 2012. New Delhi.

#### 1.20.1 COURSE CODE -M.P.T-102

COURSE TITLE - Research methodology and Biostatistics and Evidence based practice (RMB)

Course Contents: M.P.T RMB Theory (L)

#### SECTION-A: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

- RMB 1.1. Introduction to research
- RMB 1.2. Types of research
- RMB 1.3. Defining a research question
- RMB 1.4. Qualitative study designs
- RMB 1.5. Quantitative study
- RMB 1.6. Type I and type II bias
- RMB 1.7. Study design: types
- RMB 1.8. Case study, Case series, longitudinal cohort, Pre post design, Time series design, repeated measures design, Randomized control design.
- RMB 1.9. Sampling design, calculating minimum sample size based on design
- RMB 1.10. Measurement: Properties of measurement: reliability, validity, responsiveness, MCID.
- RMB 1.11. Outcome measures: Use of outcome measures in rehabilitation research
- RMB 1.12. Research Methods: Designing methodology, Reporting results, Type I and Type II bias.
- RMB 1.13. Communicating research.
- RMB 1.14. Evaluating published research: looking at the evidence
- RMB 1.15. Introduction to evidence-based practice, evaluating evidence,
- RMB 1.16. Asking clinical questions
- RMB 1.17. Translating of evidence into practice: strategies
- RMB 1.18. Use of clinical practice guidelines, clinical pathways, prediction rules to inform practice.

#### **SECTION-B: BIOSTATISTICS**

- RMB 2.1. Descriptive Statistics and measurement variability
- RMB 2.2. Inferential Statistics
- RMB 2.3. Comparison of group means: T-test
- RMB 2.4. Analysis of variance
- RMB 2.5. Multiple comparison tests
- RMB 2.6. Parametric and non parametric tests

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- RMB 2.7. Correlations
- RMB 2.8. Regression
- RMB 2.9. Analysis of frequencies: Chi square
- RMB 2.10. Statistical measure of validity and reliability
- RMB 2.11. Factorial Design analysis
- RMB 2.12. Power analysis Determining sample size, Epidemiological Measures Rate, Ratio, Proportion, Incidence and prevalence, Relative risk, Risk ratio, Odds ratio
- RMB 2.13. Application of various statistical software.

#### **SECTION-C: SCIENTIFIC WRITING**

- RMB 3.1. Definition and kinds of scientific documents Research paper, Review paper, Book, Reviews, Thesis, Conference and project reports (for the scientific community and for funding agencies).
- RMB 3.2. Publication Role of author, Guide, Co-authors.
- RMB 3.3. Structure, Style and contents; Style manuals (APA, MLA); Citation styles: Footnotes, References; Evaluation of research
- RMB 3.4. Significance of Report writing; Different steps in Report writing; Mechanics and precautions of writing research reports Oral and poster presentation of research papers in conferences/symposia; Preparation of abstracts.
- RMB 3.5. Structure of Thesis and Content Preparing Abstracts.

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#### Recommended books for RMB

- 1. Bailey, N.T.J. -Statistical methods in Biology. The English universities press, London
- 2. Bajpai, S.R.- Methods of Social Survey and Research, Kitab Ghar, Kanpur.
- 3. Colton Statistics in medicine, Little Brown Company, Boston
- 4. Gupta, S.P -Statistical methods. Sultan Chand and Sons Publishers, New Delhi.
- 5. Goulden C.H.- Methods of Statistical Analysis. Asia Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 6. Mohsin S.M.- Research Methods in Behavioral Sciences: Orient Publications. New Delhi.
- 7. Mahajan Methods in Biostatistics, Jay Pee Brothers. Medical Publishers (P) Ltd. New Delhi.
- 8. Hicks- Research for Physiotherapists, Churchill Livingstone, London.
- 9. Meenakshi. First Course in Methodology of Research. Kalia Prakashan, Patiala.
- 10. Kumar, R.- Research Methodology. Pearson Education, Australia.
- 11. Snedecor, G.W Statistical Methods, Allied Pacific Pvt. Ltd., London
- 12. Singh, I.- Elementary Statistics for Medical Workers. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd. New Delhi.
- 13. Rehabilitation Research: Principles and Applications by Elizabeth Domholdt (Elsevier Science Health Science Div, 2004)

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#### 1.20.1 COURSE CODE -M.P.T-103

#### **COURSE TITLE -BIOMECHANICS & THERAPEUTICS (BCT)**

Course Contents: M.P.T BCT Theory (L)

#### SECTION A - Concepts of Biomechanics:

- BCT 1.1. Introduction to Kinesiology and Biomechanics. Biomechanics of Tissues and structures of the musculoskeletal system
- BCT 1.2. Principle of Biomechanics
- BCT 1.3. Nature and importance of Biomechanics in Physiotherapy.
- BCT 1.4. Methods of kinetics and kinematics investigation
- BCT 1.5. Introduction to biomechanical analysis of human motion.
- BCT 1.6. Analytical tools and techniques -
  - 1. Isokinetic Dynamometer,
  - 2. Kinesiological EMG,
  - 3. Electronic Goniometer,
  - 4. Force Platform,
  - 5. Videography.
- BCT 1.7. Upper Extremity: Shoulder and Shoulder girdle, Elbow joint, Wrist joint and Hand.
- BCT 1.8. Lower Extremity: Pelvic Girdle, Hip joint, Knee joint, Ankle & Foot
- BCT 1.9. Spine
- BCT 1.10. Gait
- BCT 1.11. Gait Analysis: Kinetic & Kinematic Analysis.
- BCT 1.12. Pathological Gait: Kinetic & Kinematic Analysis
- BCT 1.13. Ergonomic approach to lifting and handling, workspace and environment. Patient positioning, body mechanics and Transfer techniques

#### **SECTION-B: Physiotherapy techniques**

- BCT 2.1. Principle of therapeutic exercises
- BCT 2.2. Definition, details of effects and uses of following exercises.
- BCT 2.3. Dynamic Exercises
- BCT 2.4. Plyometric Exercises
- BCT 2.5. Isokinetic Exercises

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- BCT 2.6. Kinetic chain exercises
- BCT 2.7. Balance and coordination exercises
- BCT 2.8. Biophysics of contractile and non-contractile tissues, Response to mechanical loading
- BCT 2.9. Clinical reasoning and differential clinical diagnosis based on various approaches such as Maitland, Kaltenborne, Cyriax, Mulligan, Mckenzie etc.
- BCT 2.10. Proprioceptive neuromuscular Facilitation,
- BCT 2.11. Hydrotherapy Techniques
- BCT 2.12. Functional assessment and re-education
- BCT 2.13. Yoga: Introduction, Historical background and Origin of Yoga, Meaning and Concept of Yoga and its relationship with Physical Education and Sports, **Yoga in Global Scenario**, **Pranayama:** Meaning, Types and its importance. **Asanas:** Asanas- meaning, types, principles, Techniques of asanas and effects of asanas on various systems of the body-circulatory, respiratory and digestive system.
- BCT 2.14. Electro diagnosis: introduction to methods of electro diagnosis SD CURVE
- BCT 2.15. Electromyography: technique of EMG, interpretation of normal and abnormal responses
- BCT 2.16. Nerve conduction studies: MNCV, SNCV, variables affecting nerve conduction, measurement of NCV of nerves of upper limb and lower limb, interpretations of normal and abnormal responses.
- BCT 2.17. Evoked potentials, H-reflex, P wave, repetitive nerve stimulation, VEP, BAEP, SSEP, SSR.
- BCT 2.18. Review of Principles underlying the application of following modalities with reference to their Production, biophysical and therapeutic effects, indications and contraindications and the specific uses of:
  - Superficial heating modalities
  - Deep heating modalities
  - 3. Ultrasound
  - Cryotherapy
- BCT 2.19. Review of Principles underlying the application of following modalities with reference to their Production, biophysical and therapeutic effects, indications and contraindications and the specific uses of Physiotherapy
- BCT 2.20. Low Frequency Current: Diadynamic Current, Iontophoresis

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- BCT 2.21. High Voltage, Pulsed Galvanic Stimulation, TENS, IFT, Russian Currents. LASER
- BCT 2.22. Advanced Electro Therapeutics in Tissue healing, Wound care, Management of Scars, keloids, Muscle Plasticity & Integumentary Conditions.
- BCT 2.23. BIO-FEED BACK

#### **Recommended books for BCT**

- 1. James G. Hay The Biomechanics of Sports Techniques, Prentice Hall.
- 2. Brunnstrom Clinical Kinesiology, F.A. Davis.
- 3. Luttgens K., Hamilton N.: Kinesiology Scientific Basis of Human Motion, Brown & Benchmark.
- 4. Kreighbaum E., Barthels K.: Biomechanics A Qualitative approach for studying human Motion, MacMillan.
- 5. Rasch and Burk: Kinesiology and Applied Anatomy, Lee and Fabiger.
- 6. White and Punjabi Biomechanics of Spine Lippincott.
- 7. Norkin & Levangie: Joint Structure and Function A Comprehensive Analysis F.A.
- 8. Davis.
- 9. Kapandji: Physiology of Joints Vol. I, II & III, W.B. Saunders.
- 10. Northrip et al: Analysis of Sports Motion: Anatomic and Biomechanics perspectives,
- 11. W.C. Brown Co., IOWA.
- 12. Leveac B.F.: Basic Biomechanics in Sports and Orthopedic Therapy, C.V. Mosby.
- 13. De Boer & Groot: Biomechanics of Sports, CRL Press, Florida.
- 14. Basmajian Muscle alive Williams & Wilkins.
- 15. Nordin & Frankel Basic Biomechanics of Muscular Skeletal Systm Williams & Wilkins.
- 16. Bartlet Introduction to Sports biomechanics F & FN Spon Madras.

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#### 1.20.2. Locomotor disability Assessment content:

DISABILITY (PERMANENT PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT) ASSESSMENT AND CERTIFICATION GUIDELINES & GAZETTE NOTIFICATION:

**Detail study of Government Gazette to be done:** (The Gazette of India is regularly updated, and its publications can change over time. Refer the recent Gazette publications issued by the Government of India, from the official website)

PWD Act 1995 and Rights of person with Disability Act 2016, to study in detail.

#### 1.20.3. BLS and ACLS Training:

Course Title: Basics of Emergency Care and Life Support Skills (ECLS): Theory (L) Practical (P)

#### ECLS 1.0. Subject Description and instruction to teacher

Basic life support (BLS) is the foundation for saving lives following cardiac arrest. Fundamental aspects of BLS include immediate recognition of sudden cardiac arrest (SCA) and activation of the emergency response system, early cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), and rapid defibrillation with an auto- mated external defibrillator (AED). Initial recognition and response to heart attack and stroke are also considered part of BLS. The student is also expected to learn about basic emergency care including first aid and triage. The purpose of this course is to equip the students with the skill to save the life of a person in different emergency situation as first responder. The training should be provided using Mannequins and dummies and Videos presentations and Role plays should be also used to impart knowledge and skill besides the lecture - demonstrations.

#### **ECLS 1.0.1.** Course Outcomes:

After completion of this course the student shall be able to

- 1.20.3.1. Perform Opening and maintaining and patent airway: assessment and knowledge of airway maneuvers and adjuncts
- 1.20.3.2. Ventilate patients: Assessment and management of breathing with Mouth to mouth and mouth to mask
- 1.20.3.3. Administer basic life support skills including cardiopulmonary resuscitation
- 1.20.3.4. Provide first aid of simple and multiple system trauma such as Controlling hemorrhage Managing Burns and wounds Response to effects of weapons of mass destruction manually stabilizing injured extremities
- 1.20.3.5. Provide first aid to patients with medical emergencies like heart attack and stroke Identifying signs of Stroke and heart attack and safe transfer after first aid without delay in transfer. Manage general medical complaints seizures and animal bites (snake /dog bite)

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- 1.20.3.6. Reassure patients and bystanders by working in a confident, efficient manner
  Avoid mishandling and undue haste while working expeditiously to accomplish the task
- 1.20.3.7. Manage safe patient transport Entailing-Extrication of the victim, helmet removal and spine protection during transport.
- 1.20.3.8. Explain Roles, responsibilities and limitation of first responder.

#### **Course Contents:**

#### **SECTION-A**

#### UNIT 1

- ECLS 1.1. Emergent conditions and magnitude, Concept of golden hour, Duties and responsibilities' of first responder
- ECLS 1.2. Ethical issues and Gather information from observation, experience and reasoning. Identification of rapidly changing situations and adapt accordingly. Planning and organization of work. Scene safety. Dealing with emotional reactions family members and bystanders
- ECLS 1.3. Well-being of first responder Personal protection
  - 1. Steps to be taken against airborne and blood-borne pathogens
  - 2. Personal protective equipment necessary for each of the following situations: Hazardous materials Rescue Operations Violent Scenes Crime scenes
  - 3. Electricity, Water and ice
  - 4. Exposure to blood-borne pathogens Exposure to airborne pathogens

#### UNIT 2

#### ECLS 2.1. Airway

- 1. Signs of inadequate breathing
- 2. Mechanism of injury to opening the airway
- 3. Steps in the head-tilt chin-lift
- 4. Steps in the jaw thrust
- 5. Taking out foreign body
- 6. Ensuring patent airway during seizures and vomiting.

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#### ECLS 2.2. Ventilation

- 1. Of a patient with a mask or barrier device
- 2. Steps in providing mouth-to-mouth and mouth-to-stoma ventilation

#### ECLS 2.3. Circulation

- 1. Evaluate the cardiac status of the patient
- 2. Determine the need for and take necessary action to proper circulation
- 3. Steps for control of bleeding: Pressure bandage and tourniquet
- ECLS 2.4. Clearing a foreign body airway obstruction

#### ECLS 2.5. CPR

- 1. Implications of cardiac arrest
- 2. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)
  - i. How it works
  - ii. Steps
  - iii. When to stop CPR
- 3. Brief overview of AED Automated external defibrillator (only demonstration –no hands on)

#### **SECTION-B**

#### UNIT 3

#### ECLS 3.1. Bleeding and Soft Tissue Injuries

- 1. Difference between arterial and venous bleeding
- 2. Stopping external bleeding
- 3. Identification of Internal bleeding
- 4. types and Functions of dressings and bandages
- 5. How to help a victim of burn injury

## ECLS 3.2. Injuries to Muscles and Bones

- 1. Suspecting bony/spinal injury
- 2. Splinting -materials used
- 3. Importance of splinting

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#### UNIT 4

- ECLS 4.1 Medical Emergencies
- ECLS 4.2 Identification of the patient steps in providing first aid to a patient with
  - i. A general medical complaint -
  - ii. Seizures
  - iii. Chest-pain
  - Shortness of breath
  - v. Exposure to heat
  - vi. Including other medical complaints like allergy, diarrhea, fainting, low blood sugar, stroke
  - vii. Drowning
  - viii. Poisoning
- ECLS 4.3 Transportation Importance of timely and proper transportation methods of transportation of victim from site of injury to ambulance. Importance of spine protection methods of spine protection during transportation
- ECLS 4.4 Disaster preparedness -. Preparedness and risk reduction Incident command and institutional mechanisms Resource management

#### **Practicals**

Student should practice on Mannequins and dummies and should be able to

- ECLS (P) 5.1. Provide Airway & Ventilation
- ECLS (P) 5.2. Perform Basic Life Support: CPR
- ECLS (P) 5.3. Perform Initial management of Thermal injury, electric injury
- ECLS (P) 5.4. Perform stabilizing injured extremity and wound management
- ECLS (P) 5.5. Demonstrate bandaging techniques to various body parts
- ECLS (P) 5.6. Demonstrate Extrication, Helmet removal and spine protection
- ECLS (P) 5.7. Demonstrate Stretcher use

#### Recommended text books for ECLS

Indian red cross: INDIAN FIRST AID MANUAL 2016 (7th edition) available at https://www.indianredcross.org/publications/FA-manual.pdf

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#### 1.20.4. Disaster Management:

#### Course Title: Disaster Management (DM): Theory (L)

DM 1.0 Subject Description and instruction to teacher: The commission's goal is to emphasize the vital role physical therapists (physios) play in disaster management and contribute to national and global preparedness. To achieve this, it's essential to raise awareness among physiotherapists about national and international organizations and emphasize the crucial role physical therapists play in disaster management, particularly within Emergency Medical Teams. Also it may be noted that the acts, policies, gazettes are regularly updated, and its publications can change over time. The teachers and students should thus refer the recent publications issued on the official website

#### DM 1.20.1. Course Outcomes: After completion of this course the student shall be able to

- 1.20.4.1. Understand the crucial role physical therapists play in disaster management, particularly within Emergency Medical Teams.
- 1.20.4.2. Should be able to identify national and international organizations that play a vital role in disaster management
- 1.20.4.3. Should be able to identify the legal framework for disaster management in India and disaster-prone areas.
- 1.20.4.4. Provide essential information to other physical therapists interested in disaster response work and to make them aware of national and international agencies already active in the field.
- 1.20.4.5. Promote global preparedness and support physical therapists in making a meaningful difference in disaster response and recovery efforts

#### Course Content: Disaster Management (DM): Theory (L)

- DM 1.1. Definition of disaster and the hazards associated with disaster, Vulnerable groups in Disaster
- DM 1.2. Definition of Advocacy, disability advocacy, Contingency planning wrt to disaster management, Hazard, Risk, Vulnerable groups
- DM 1.3. History of involvement of Physiotherapists in rehabilitation efforts during emergencies
- DM 1.4. National organisations who are involved in disaster preparedness and management strategies:
  - 1. The legal framework for disaster management in India: Key takeaways of Disaster Management Act 2005, National Policy on Disaster Management 2009 and National Disaster Management Plan 2018
  - 2. Different types of disasters managed in India, Epidemiologic surveillance and disease control, main goal of the National Disaster Management Authority, areas in India are most prone to disasters, Institutional structure for disaster management in India at various levels, Central Ministry that coordinates disaster management and leader of NDMA in India
  - 3. Disaster Management Act of 2005 key take aways and its significance, Phases of Disaster management, long term prevention measures, role of various stake holders in disaster management, role of community involvement in disaster management, challenges faced in disaster management in India
  - 4. Prime minister's 10-point agenda and Community based and Technology driven approaches: Key policies and strategies

- **DM 1.5.** International organisations who facilitate contributions of physiotherapists in disaster preparedness and management strategies. Role of physiotherapists in:
  - 1. Disaster management within their own countries, benefits of rehabilitation provided following disasters
  - 2. Prevention of a disaster
  - 3. Preparedness for disaster with respect to essential locally appropriate preparedness for a disaster,
  - 4. Identifying and connecting professional associations, health service providers and training institutions.
  - 5. Developing international humanitarian response
  - 6. Response to disaster: Required skills and knowledge and required actions and secure resources with respect to assessment, coordination, psycho-social support and advocacy
  - 7. Recovery: with respect to planning of medical management and local capacity building and physiotherapy rehabilitation, advocacy
- **DM 1.6.** The type and distribution of injuries caused by disasters, the type of hazards, common injuries that can lead to long-lasting or permanent disability.
- **DM 1.7.** Clinical Practice in Response phase along with documentation (conservative and surgical), record management, data and research, informed consent and confidentiality, regulations and scope of practice, hand hygiene and infection control, communication, referral, discharge planning with respect to international management strategies.
- **DM 1.8.** International Disaster Management Rehabilitation Response Plans and role of Physiotherapists with respect to: Systems in Place, Identifying Personnel, Facilities and Resources, Advocacy and Partnerships, Training and Capacity Building
- **DM 1.9.** Elements to be considered "essential" components in any disaster education or training programme for health professionals as defined by Global Response Framework,
- **DM 1.10.** The World Health Organization (WHO): the lead UN agency in the health cluster and its emergency response framework and Humanitarian principles

#### Recommended websites for references: Disaster management

National Disaster Management Plan, 2016. A publication of the National Disaster Management Authority, Government of India. May 2016, New Delhi at www.mha.gov.in www.wcpt.org/disaster-management.

#### 1.20.5. Exercise Physiology

Details presented on next page

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#### 5.20.8. Dissertation:

Each candidate will have to carry out of a dissertation on Speciality related subject of MPT. Ethical approval certificate from **Registered Institutional Ethical committee** and Clinical Trial Registration is mandatory for intervetional Dissertation study topic. The dissertation to be guided by Guide of the speciality of faculty of physiotherapy of the department under whom the student is persuing MPT. The dissertation will be evaluated by the External/Internal Examiners. The final dissertation duly approved by the External/Internal examiners will be submitted to the Dean/Principals office with the result. The dean/ Principal's office will send the dissertation to the library for record.

#### 5.20.9. Practical / clinical examination

Compulsary rotatory Clinical Posting as per the Speciality and Clinical Assessment during Clinical posting is mandatory.

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#### 2ND YEAR M.P.T

#### 5.20.7. COURSE CODE -M.P.T-201

#### COURSE TITLE -EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY (EP) Theory (L) Practical (P)

- EP 1.0. Subject description Course outcomes
  - CO1: Comprehend the basic knowledge of sources of energy, aerobic and anaerobic synthesis of ATP along with the understanding of utilization of substrates in relation to the intensity and duration of exercise
  - 2. CO2: Appreciate the measurement of energy cost of exercise and importance of energy transfer and energy expenditure at rest and during various physical activities
  - CO3: Understand the role of various macro and micro nutrients as well as their caloric requirements along with the basic classification, functions and utilization of nutrients.
  - 4. CO4: Acquire about importance of diet for various competitions, nutrient supplements for performance and to design caloric requirements for various sports and age groups.
  - 5. CO5: Critically evaluate the central and peripheral mechanism that regulates the cardiovascular and respiratory systems in exercise along with the physiological responses and adaptations of these systems to exercise and training.
  - 6. CO6: Identify the regulation and significance of acid base balance following exercise CO7: Understand the responses of various hormones with respect to exercise

#### **SECTION -A**

- **EP 1.1. Bioenergetics of exercise:** High energy phosphates, Anaerobic and aerobic ATP synthesis, Bioenergetics Control, exercise intensity & substrate utilization, protecting CHO stores, muscle adaptation to endurance training, processes that potentially limit the rate of fat oxidation, regulation of substrate utilization, training induced increase in FFA oxidization:
- EP 1.2. Basal metabolic and resting metabolic rates and factors affecting them, Classification of Physical Activities by energy expenditure. Concept of MET measurement of energy cost of exercise
- EP 1.3. Nutrition metabolism of Carbohydrate, fats, proteins, vitamin, mineral and water
- EP 1.4. **Nutrition in exercise** optimum nutrition for exercise, nutrition for physical performance, pre game meal carbohydrate loading, food for various athletic events, fluid and energy replacement in prolonged exercise

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- EP 1.5. Respiratory responses to exercise: Ventilation at Rest and during Exercise, Ventilation and the Anaerobic Threshold, static and dynamic lung volume. Gas diffusion, Oxygen and carbon dioxide transport second wind, stich by side control of pulmonary ventilation during exercise adaptive changes in the respiratory systems due to regular physical activities.
- EP 1.6. Cardiovascular responses to exercise- Cardiovascular system and exercise, acute vascular effects of exercise, Circulatory responses to various types of exercise regulation of cardiovascular system during exercise, Pattern of redistribution of blood flow during exercise, adaptive responses of cardiovascular system to aerobic and anaerobic training. Athlete heart
- **EXERCISE and Acid Base Balance:** Acid and Bases, Buffers, pH, Respiratory Regulation of pH, Alkali Reserve, the kidneys and Acid base balance, Alkalosis and Acidosis, Acid base balance following heavy exercise.
- EP 1.8. Hormonal responses to exercise with respect to Growth Hormone (GH), Thyroid and Parathyroid Hormones. Antidiuretic Hormone (ADH) and Aldosterone, Insulin and Glucagons, The catecholamine; epinephrine and norepinephrine. The sex hormones. The glucocorticoids (Cortisol) and Adreno Corticotropic Hormones (ACTH). Prostaglandins and Endorphins.

#### **SECTION-B**

#### EP 2.1. Training and conditioning

Physiological basis of physical training, training principles, interval training, continues running concept of anaerobic threshold and vo2 max, physiological effects of various physical training methods- aerobic and anaerobic training, strength training factors influencing training effects – intensity, frequency, duration, detraining, process of recovery, post exercise oxygen consumption factors affecting recovery process, overtraining

#### EP 2.2. Body temperature regulation during exercise

Mechanism of regulation of body temperature, Body temperature responses during exercise, Physiological responses to exercise in the heat, Acclimatization to exercise in the heat, Effects of age and gender on body temperature regulation during exercise, Physical activity and heat illness [heat exhaustion, dehydration exhaustion heat cramps & heat stroke] Prevention of Heat Disorders

#### EP 2.3. Exercise in the Cold

Effects of exposure to cold and severe cold, Wind chill, Temperature receptors, Role of hypothalamus, shivering, Frost Bite and other problems, Clothing and Environment

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#### EP 2.4. Exercise at Altitude

Exercise at altitude immediate physiological responses at high altitude, physiological basis of altitude training, phases of altitude training and specific training effects, altitude acclimatization, oxygen dissociation curve at altitude, disorders associated with altitude training

#### EP 2.5. Exercise and body fluids

Measurement and regulation of body fluids, Body fluid responses and adaptations to exercise, Effects of dehydration and fluid replenishment on physiological responses to exercise and performance Fluid/carbohydrate replacement beverages

#### EP 2.6. Physical activity, body composition, energy balance and weight control

Significance and measurement of body composition, Body composition during growth and aging, Body composition and physical performance, Effect of diet and exercise on body composition, Physical activity, energy balance, nutrient balance and weight control, Physical activity, fat distribution and the metabolic syndrome, Healthy weight loss, Ways and methods of weight reduction, fluid maintenance, disordered eating, nutritional ergogenic aids, diet supplements in athletes and others involved in physical activity.

#### EP 2.7. Exercise and Diabetes Mellitus

Exercise in insulin, requiring diabetes and non-insulin dependent diabetes mellitus, Effect of physical training on glucose tolerance and insulin sensitivity, Management of diabetes by diet and insulin

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#### Books suggested for EP

- 1. Essentials of Exercise Physiology: McArdle, WD, Katch, FI, and Katch, VL. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.
- 2. Fundamentals of Exercise Physiology: For Fitness Performance and Health, Robergs RA, and Roberts, S.O. McGraw Hill
- 3. Exercise Physiology: Powers, SK and Howley ET; Mc Graw Hill
- 4. Physiology of Sport and Exercise: Wilmore, JH and Costil, DL. Human Kinetics
- 5. Exercise Physiology- Human Bioenergetics and its Application: Brooks, GA, Fahey, TD, White, TP. Mayfield Publishing Company
- 6. Komi, P. (Ed.) Strength and power in sport. Blackwell Scientific Publications.
- 7. Levick, J.R. An introduction to Cardiovascular Physiology. 2nd ed. Butterworth Heinemann
- 8. McArdle, WD, Katch, FI & Katch, VL Exercise Physiology. Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins.
- 9. Shephard and Astrand Endurance in sport. Blackwell Scientific Publications.
- 10. Willmore, JH & Costill, DL Physiology of Sport and Exercise. 2nd ed. Human Kinetics.
- 11. Guyton, A.C. Textbook of Medical Physiology. Philadelphia: Saunders,
- 12. Nutrition for sport and exercise; Berning and Steen

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## 1.21. Specialty papers

COURSE CODE -M.P.T-104, M.P.T 202, & M.P.T-203

# 1) Master of Physiotherapy in Musculoskeletal Sciences

MPT (MS)104: Clinical, Physical and Functional diagnosis in Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy

MPT (MS) 202: Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy

MPT (MS) 203: Recent advances in Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy

COURSE CODE-M.P.T (MS)-104

COURSE TITLE Clinical, Physical and Functional diagnosis in Musculoskeletal physiotherapy (MCPFD)

MCPFD 1.0. Subject description

MCPFD 1.0.1. Course outcome students will be able to:

- Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms of diseases commonly seen in Orthopedics& interpret clinical tests and special investigations commonly used in the diagnosis of these conditions.
- 2. Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses consistent with typical presentations.
- 3. Identify normal & pathological anatomy on diagnostic images.
- Discuss how the serious and common disorders and the specialized areas of medical practice may impact on Orthopedic Physiotherapy practice.
- 5. Demonstrate a broad range of technical skill in diagnosing the Physiotherapy related Orthopedic conditions.
  - a) Cardiac efficiency tests and spirometry
  - b) Fitness test for sports
  - Physical disability evaluation and disability diagnosis. Gait analysis and diagnosis.
  - d) Coping Strategies in chronic painful musculoskeletal conditions. Checkouts
    of orthotics and prosthetics for neuro-musculoskeletal problems. Effect of
    Immobilization on Musculoskeletal System
  - e) Application of ICF in Musculoskeletal diagnosis
  - f) Medical screening for potential referred pain and Red Flags

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#### Course Content: M.P.T (MS)-104

#### Part I

MCPFD 1.1. Clinical Decision Making - Planning Effective Treatment. Clinical decision-making models, Team approach, Foundation for clinical decision making.

MCPFD 1.2. Vital Signs. Identification of reasons for monitoring vital signs; importance of monitoring vital signs; common techniques of monitoring vital signs; identification and analysis of normal values with that of abnormal values.

MCPFD 1.3. Principles and application of investigative and imaging techniques in Physiotherapy

- a. Blood test
- b. Arterial Blood Gas (ABG) analysis
- c. Pulmonary Function Test (PFT)
- d. Radiological examination
- e. Computerized Tomography (CT)
- f. Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)
- g. Ultrasonography (US)
- h. Electrocardiography (ECG)
- i. Dope testing

MCPFD 1.4. Evaluation assessment and treatment planning strategies for musculoskeletal, neurological, cardiopulmonary, sports specific and other physiotherapy conditions: Principles of evaluation, clinical manifestations, general and specific clinical examination.

- i. Physiotherapy assessment of the following:
  - a. Range of motion (ROM)
  - b. Tone
  - c. Muscular strength and endurance
  - d. Flexibility
  - e. Coordination Non equilibrium test Equilibrium test
  - f. Sports specific skills
  - g. Cardiac efficiency
  - h. Sensory evaluation
  - i. Functional Evaluation Various scoring methods in functional assessment Validity and reliability
  - j. Fitness evaluation Aerobic Anaerobic

- k. Spasm
- I. Trigger Point
- m. Tender Point
- n. Spasm
- ii. Assessment of cognitive, perceptual dysfunctions and vestibular dysfunction.

## MCPFD 1.5. Electro-Diagnosis:

- i. Characteristics and components of Electro therapeutic stimulation systems and Electro physiological assessment devices.
- ii. Instrumentation for neuromuscular electrical stimulation.
- iii. Electrical properties of muscle and nerve.
- iv. Neurobiology of afferent pain transmission and central nervous system mechanisms of pain modulation.
- v. Electrical stimulation and circulation.
- MCPFD 1.6. Clinical Electro physiological testing: Instruments, Techniques and Interpretations of
  - a. Nerve conduction velocity including Repetitive Nerve Stimulation (RNS)
  - b. Electromyography
  - c. Bio-feedback technique.
  - d. Late responses
- MCPFD 1.7. Concepts of electro physiological studies in neuro muscular diseases as a diagnostic and therapeutic tool.
- MCPFD 1.8. Evoked potentials VEP, SSEP, MEP, BAEP

#### Part II

MCPFD 2.1. Psychological aspects of rehabilitation in disability: Psychological tests.

## MCPFD 2.2. Developmental Screening

- i. Factors Motor control assessment
- ii. Motor control theories/mechanism
- iii. Patterns of normal development
- iv. specific procedures and tests used to assess motor control defects

## MCPFD 2.3. Anthropometry

- 1. Body measurements Height Weight Circumference
- 2. Body Proportion Body Mass Index (BMI) Walst Hip Ratio (WHR)

## 3. Body Composition

- i. Somatotyping
- ii. Methods of measurement
  - a. Water displacement method for body fat.
  - b. Skin fold measurement
  - c. Under water weighing
  - d. Bioelectric Impedance Analysis (BIA)

MCPFD 2.4. Differential diagnosis in Physiotherapy

## MCPFD 2.5.

- i. Functional evaluation.
  - a. The concepts of health status impairment; functional limitations;
  - b. Disability and handicap;
  - c. Definition of functional activity and the purposes and components of the functional assessment;
  - d. Selection of activity and roles for an individual based on his or her capabilities and functional limitations.
- ii. Various forms of functional tests;
  - a. Physical function test
  - b. Multi-dimensional functional assessment instrument,
  - c.Identification of instrument for testing function.
- iii. Various scoring methods used in functional assessment;
- iv. Reliability and validity of various functional assessments.

MCPFD 2.6. Evaluation of aging

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#### **SPECIALITY PAPER 2 COURSE CODE-202**

COURSE CODE-M.P.T (MS)-202

## COURSE TITLE Musculoskeletal physiotherapy (MSK)

MSK 1.0. Subject description

MSK 1.0.1. Course outcome students will be able to:

- Develop a management plan, generally including some lifestyle factors, in cooperation with the Clinical Supervisor and consider a prognosis that reflects on the patient's problem.
- Manage a patient in consultation and co-operation with the clinical supervisor, identifying the presenting problem, developing a basic working diagnosis and selecting a treatment regime that considers the presenting problem with some consideration for ethical, practical and pragmatic concerns.
- 3. Maintain legal (accurate, clear and legible) patient histories, write basic referral letters and recognize the need of further referral in conference with Clinical Supervisor and peers.
- 4. Discuss the Common exercise prescriptions and their clinical use, and the sequence of treatment and how to advise different sorts of patients

## **SECTION-A**

- MSK 1.1. Advanced instruction in treatment and follow-up of the musculoskeletal system
- MSK 1.2. Upper Quarter and Lower Quarter Muscle imbalances leading to dysfunction with corrective measures Exercise planning and Exercise Prescription for musculoskeletal conditions
- MSK 1.3. Management of pathological gaits and Postural deviations
- MSK 1.4. Orthopaedic implants designs, materials indications, post operative Physiotherapy
- MSK 1.5. Manual therapy Principles, indications, contraindications, and methods of application of joint mobilization techniques and soft tissue manipulations Cumulative Traumatic Disorders and management
- MSK 1.6. Aids and appliances, adaptive functional devices to improve neuro-musculoskeletal dysfunctions Physiotherapy management of locomotor impairments, and disabilities at institutional & community levels
- MSK 1.7. Taping techniques in orthopedic conditions Sports injuries and their management

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#### **SECTION-B**

- MSK 2.1. Physiotherapy management in Fractures, Joint Instabilities, Soft Tissue Disorders,
  Deformities, Nerve Injuries, Metabolic, Hormonal Conditions, Neoplastic, Infective
  Conditions of Bones and Joints of musculoskeletal system pertaining to upper quarter
  lower quarter and spine
- MSK 2.2. Pre and Post surgical Rehabilitation of Joint replacement surgeries
- MSK 2.3. Physiotherapy management after tendon transfer, Electrical stimulation and biofeedback procedures Assessment and management of Paediatric and geriatric musculoskeletal disorders
- MSK 2.4. Physical Agents and Electrotherapeutic management in orthopedic conditions.

  Rehabilitation of congenital conditions and malformation of musculoskeletal disorders.

  Physiotherapy management in Amputation and Prosthetic Prescription.
- MSK 2.5. Equipment in orthopedic Physiotherapy such as: Isokinetic, EMG and Biofeedback, Proprioception assessment equipments, Gait analyzers. Home and self-help programme in orthopedic Physiotherapy.
- MSK 2.6. Disability prevention and management

## **SPECIALITY PAPER 3**

## COURSE CODE-M.P.T (MS) 203

Course Title: Recent advances and Evidence Based Practice in Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy (MRAEB)

MRAEB 1.0. Subject description

MRAEB 1.0.1. Course outcome

Students will be able to:

- 1. Understand and apply the information regarding recent advances in Orthopedic Manual Therapy for patient care.
- 2. Search the evidences available for assessment and management of orthopedic conditions.
- 3. Apply the evidences available for the management of various orthopedic conditions.

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#### **SECTION A:**

- MRAEB 1.1. Manual therapy: soft tissue manipulations and mobilization, neural mobilization, acupressure. (Cyriax, Maitland, Butler, McKenzie, Kaltenborn, Mulligan)
- MRAEB 1.2. EBP and Recent advances in clinical assessment, laboratory investigations and diagnosis of musculoskeletal disorders. EBP in Management of pain in musculoskeletal disorders.
- MRAEB 1.3. Recent Advances in management of orthopedic conditions- medical, surgical and Physiotherapy Recent Advances in Physiotherapy management in arthritis and allied conditions.
- MRAEB 1.4. Recent Advances and Controversies in Electrotherapy for orthopedic conditions.
- MRAEB 1.5. Assessment and training for Core, postural stability and balance in musculoskeletal conditions Recent advances in Kinematic & kinetic analysis.
- MRAEB 1.6. Use of advance Assistive devices and technologies in musculoskeletal system Current trends in sports injuries and management.
- MRAEB 1.7. Evidence Based Physiotherapy in management of metabolic and hormonal, neoplastic and infective conditions of bones and joints.

#### **SECTION-B**

- MRAEB 2.1. Recent Advances in Physiotherapy following arthroplasty, implants and soft tissue repairs.
- MRAEB 2.2. EBP and recent advances in Physiotherapy after tendon transfer, Electrical stimulation and biofeedback procedures. EBP in Rehabilitation of congenital conditions and malformation of musculoskeletal disorders.
- MRAEB 2.3. Recent Advances in External aids, appliances, adaptive self-help devices; prescription, biomechanical compatibility, check- out and training. EBP and Recent advances in electro diagnosis, Electromyography, NCV and evoked potential studies.
- MRAEB 2.4. Community based rehabilitation in musculoskeletal disorders. Recent Advances and Controversies in Orthopedic physiotherapy. Ergonomics assessment and management at work place.
- MRAEB 2.5. Evidence Based Practice and Recent Advances of Manual Therapy in Musculoskeletal Conditions Evidence based practice and recent advances of Aquatic therapy in Orthopedic conditions.

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## Suggested reading

- 1. Jones, M. A., &Rivett, D. A. Clinical reasoning for manual therapists. Edinburgh: Butterworth Heinemann.
- 2. Eyal Lederman Fundamentals of manual therapy.
- 3. Grieve's Modern manual therapy
- 4. Walter Herzog Clinical Biomechanics of spinal manipulation
- 5. Sandy Fritz, Kathleen Paholsky and M.Janes Grosenbach Basic Science for soft tissue and movement therapies.
- 6. Jean Sayne Adams, Steve Wright Theory and practice of therapeutic touch.
- 7. Akhoury Gourang Sinha Principle and practice of therapeutic massage
- 8. Carol Manheim The Myofascial release manual 3rd Edition
- 9. Maitland's Peripheral manipulation
- 10. Maitland's Vertebral manipulation
- 11. Chaitow Cranial manipulation theory and practice
- 12. Lynn Paul Taylor Taylor's manual of physical evaluation and treatment
- 13. Denise Deic Positional release technique from a dynamic systems perspective.
- 14. Goodman and Snyder Differential diagnosis in physical therapy
- 15. Tidy's Physiotherapy, Elsevier Publication.
- 16. Chaitow Muscle energy technique
- 17. Reid et al Sports injury assessment and rehabilitation.
- 18. Kjaer et al Text book of sports medicine
- 19. Scudder Mc Can Sports medicine, A comprehensive approach
- 20. Norris Sports injuries, diagnosis and management for physiotherapists.
- 21. Werner Kuprian Physical therapy for sports.
- 22. McGinnis Biomechanics of sports and exercises.
- 23. Chew, F. Skeletal radiology: The bare bones. Baltimore, MD: Williams & Wilkins.
- 24. Eisenberg, R. L., & Johnson, N. M. Comprehensive radiographic pathology. St Louis, MO: Mosby.
- 25. Hughes, J., & Hughes, M.. Imaging: Picture tests. Edinburgh: Churchill Livingstone.
- 26. Mace, J. D., & Kowalczyk, N. Radiographic pathology for technologists. St Louis, MO: Mosby.
- 27. Redhead, D. N. Imaging: Colour guide. Edinburgh: Churchill Livingstone.

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- 28. Yochum, T. R., & Rowe, L. R. Yochum and Rowe's essentials of skeletal radiology. Baltimore, MD: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 29. Gunn, C. Bones and joints: A guide for students. London: Churchill Livingstone.
- 30. Haines, D. E. Fundamental neuroscience W. B. Saunders Co.
- 31. Kandel, E. R., Schwartz, J. H., & Jessell, T. M. Principles of neural science McGraw-Hill.
- 32. Longmore, J., Wilkinson, I., & Rajagopalan, S. Oxford handbook of clinical medicine Oxford: OUP.
- 33. Newman D4o4r5land, W. A. Dorland's illustrated medical dictionary W. B. Saunders Co.
- 34. Nolte, J. The human brain: An introduction to its functional anatomy. St Louis, MO: Mosby.
- 35. Nolte, J., & Angevine, Jr. J. B. The human brain in photographs and diagrams. St Louis, Mosby.
- 36. Wicke, L. Atlas of radiologic anatomy, Munich, Germany: Lea & Febiger.
- 37. Seidel, H. Mosby's guide to physical examination. St Louis, MO: C.V. Mosby.
- 38. Cailliet, R. Neck and arm pain Philadelphia: FA Davis.
- 39. Cailliet, R. Shoulder pain Philadelphia: FA Davis.
- 40. Cailliet, R. Knee pain and disability Philadelphia: FA Davis.
- 41. Cailliet, R. Hand pain and impairment Philadelphia: FA Davis.
- 42. Cailliet, R. Low back pain syndrome Philadelphia: FA Davis.
- 43. Cailliet, R. Soft tissue pain and disability Philadelphia: FA Davis.
- 44. Chaitow, L. Cranial manipulation: Theory and practice Edinburgh: Churchill Livingstone.
- 45. Greenman, P. E. Principles of manual medicine. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 46. Wilson, A. Effective management of musculoskeletal injury: A clinical ergonomics approach to prevention. Churchill Livingstone.
- 47. O'Sullivan, F.A. Davis, Philadelphia. Physical rehabilitation: assessment and treatment.
- 48. Victor H. Frankel and Mangareta Nordin Basic Biomechanics of the Musculoskeletal system 2nd Edition
- 49. Essentials of Orthopedics for physiotherapists by John Ebenezer Jaypee Publications
- 50. Practical Fracture Treatment by Ronald Mc Rae, Max Esser Churchill Livingstone
- 51. Oxford Textbook of Orthopedics & Trauma Christopher Bulstrode, Joseph Buckwalter, Oxford University Press
- 52. Fractures & Joint Injuries By Watson Jones Churchill Livingstone
- 53. Measurement in Physical Therapy Churchill Livingstone, London

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- 54. Soft Tissue Pain & Disability Cailliet Rene, Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi
- 55. Physical therapy of the low back –Twomey, Churchill, Livingstone, London
- 56. Clinical Orthopaedic Examination by Ronald McRae Churchill Livingstone
- 57. Campbell's operative orthopedics By S. Terry Can ale, James H. Beaty Mosby
- 58. Orthopedic Physical Assessment, By David J. Magee Saunders
- 59. Diagnostic Imaging for Physical Therapists by James Swain, Kenneth W. Bush & Juliette Brosing Elsevier
- 60. Differential Diagnosis for Physical Therapists: Screening for Referral by Catherine C. Goodman & Teresa Kelly Snyder Saunders
- 61. Lynn Paul Taylor Taylor's manual of physical evaluation and treatment
- 62. Goodman and Snyder Differential diagnosis in physical therapy.
- 63. Leon Chaitow, and Judith Walker Delany Clinical application on neuromuscular techniques: Vol-2 (The lower body).

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## 2) Master of Physiotherapy in NeuroSciences

## SPECIALITY PAPER ONE

## **COURSE CODE-MPT-104**

- MPT(N) 104: Clinical, Physical and Functional diagnosis in Neuro-Physiotherapy (NCPFD) 1.
- 2. MPT (N) 202: Neurological Physiotherapy (NPT)
- MPT (N) 203: Recent advances and Evidence Based Practice in Neuro-Physiotherapy (NRAEB) 3.

Course Title: MPT(N) 104: Clinical, Physical and Functional diagnosis in Neuro-Physiotherapy (NCPFD)

NCPFD 1.0. Course description

NCPFD 1.0.1. Course outcome

On successful completion of this unit, it is expected that students will be able to:

- Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms of diseases commonly seen in Neurology medicine & interpret clinical tests and special investigations commonly used in the diagnosis of these conditions.
- 2. Generate a primary physical diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses consistent with typical presentations.
- 3. Identify normal & pathological anatomy on diagnostic images.
- Discuss how the serious and common disorders and the specialized areas of medical practice may impact on Neurological physiotherapy practice.
- Demonstrate a broad range of technical skill in diagnosing the physiotherapy related neurology conditions.

#### SECTION- A

NCPFD 1.1. ICF conceptual frame work

NCPFD 1.2. Importance of assessment & evaluation, Outlines of principles and Methods of evaluation

NCPFD 1.3. Need and types of Documentation

NCPFD 1.4. Critical decision making and selection of outcome measures in Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy

NCPFD 1.5. Assessment, differential diagnosis and diagnosis of various Neurology conditions

NCPFD 1.6. Associated functional disturbances of higher function and their testing

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NCPFD 1.7.	Outcome measures used in Neuro-physiotherapy-for Cognitive impairment and disability, Focal disabilities, Global measures of disability, Motor impairment, ADL and extended ADL tests, Handicap and quality of life, Multiple Sclerosis, Parkinson's disease, Stroke, Head injury, Spinal cord injury, Pain scales
NCPFD 1.8.	Clinical analysis of posture, movement and gait, use of gait analyzer
NCPFD 1.9.	Principles, Techniques and interpretation of Pathological investigations and diagnostic imaging (CT, MRI, Ultra sound, PET, fMRI, bone scan and other diagnostic imaging) for diagnosis of neurological conditions.
NCPFD 1.10.	Clinical examination and detection of movement dysfunction
NCPFD 1.11.	Evaluation of ANS dysfunction with reference to Psycho physiological testing
NCPFD 1.12.	Motor control assessment, reflexes and automatic reactions
NCPFD 1.13.	Neurodevelopment assessment
SECTION- B	
NCPFD 2.1.	Assessment of Hand Function
NCPFD 2.2.	Voluntary control assessment
NCPFD 2.3.	Neuropsychological tests
NCPFD 2.4.	Electrophysiological assessment devices – Instrumentation, Characteristics and components EMG (Qualitative and Quantitative EMG), NCV, Conventional Methods, RNS, EPS, EEG related to neurological disorders with interpretation.
NCPFD 2.5.	Physical disability evaluation and disability diagnosis
NCPFD 2.6.	Assessment of progressive locomotor disorder- Neuropathic, myopathic and NMJ conditions
NCPFD 2.7.	Assessment and scales for diagnosis of pain
NCPFD 2.8.	Biomarkers specific to neurological disorders
NCPFD 2.9.	Assessment of Emotional Intelligence
NCPFD 2.10.	Assessment of Peripheral nerve injuries and Cranial nerve disorders.
NCPFD 2.11.	Neurophysiology and evaluation of Balance and Coordination

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NCPFD 2.12.

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Assessment of Physical and Neurological Functions of Patients in ICU.

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## SPECIALITY PAPER TWO COURSE CODE: MPT (N)-202

MPT (N) 202: Neurological Physiotherapy (NPT)

#### NPT 1.0. **Course Description**

## NPT 1.0.1. Course outcome

- Develop a management plan, generally including some lifestyle factors, in cooperation with the Clinical Supervisor and consider a prognosis that reflects on the patient's problem.
- 2. Manage a patient in consultation and co-operation with the clinical supervisor, identifying the presenting problem, developing a basic working diagnosis and selecting a treatment regime that considers the presenting problem with consideration for ethical, practical and pragmatic concerns.
- Maintain legal (accurate, clear and legible) patient histories, write basic referral letters and recognize the need of further referral in conference with Clinical Supervisor and peers.
- Discuss the Common exercise prescriptions and their clinical use, and the sequence of treatment and how to advise different sorts of patients.

## **SECTION-A**

- NPT 1.1. History of neurological Physiotherapy, Epidemiology, classification of Neurology disorders, ICF classification of Neurological Disorders, symptomatology, pathophysiology and management of Neurological Disorders.
- NPT 1.2. Physiotherapy interventions of various disorders of Central Motor control
- NPT 1.3. Physiotherapy interventions of various disorders of the Motor Unit Neuropathies, Myopathies and Neuromuscular Junction Disorders.
- NPT 1.4. Physiotherapy interventions for Autonomic Nervous system dysfunction
- NPT 1.5. Physiotherapy intervention for Peripheral Nervous system conditions (injuries and lesions)
- NPT 1.6. Physiotherapy interventions for Tonal abnormalities.
- NPT 1.7. Physiotherapy intervention for Traumatic conditions of CNS
- NPT1.8. Physiotherapy management for Demyelinating, Inflammatory, Infectious Degenerative conditions.
- NPT 1.9. Physiotherapy management for CNS Neoplasia.
- NPT 1.10. Metabolic and Deficiency Disorders and their management
- NPT 1.11. Congenital Neurological Disorders and management
- NPT 1.12. Disorders of Perception & Cognition & their Rehabilitation,

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- NPT 1.13. Sensory System Dysfunction and rehabilitation
- NPT 1.14. Oromotor Dysfunctions and Management
- NPT 1.15. Visual Deficits and its management.

#### **SECTION-B**

- NPT 2.1. Vestibular Dysfunction and its rehabilitation
- NPT 2.2. Psychosomatic conditions and management.
- NPT 2.3. Neuro Surgical conditions and its postoperative management.
- NPT 2.4. Neuro-Physiotherapy management in Intensive Care Units (ICU).
- NPT 2.5. Physiotherapy interventions for muscle imbalances and corrective measures. Musculoskeletal and Neurological complications of Locomotor Disorders
- NPT 2.6. Pain Management
- NPT 2.7. Adaptive and Assistive Functional Devices and technologies to improve neurological dysfunction.
- NPT 2.8. Management of Bladder and Bowel Dysfunction
- NPT 2.9. Neuro-physiotherapeutic approaches Compensatory training approach, Muscle reeducation approach, Novel Approach, Neuro-physiological approaches NDT, Brunnstrom, Roods, PNF, Sensory integration therapy. Motor relearning program, Constraint Induced movement therapy, Task Oriented approach, Novel approach, Vojta therapy. Biofeedback training, Neural mobilization and Neuro Dynamics, Sensory rehabilitation, Body Weight Supported Treadmill Training, Myofacial Release Technique, Inhibitory and Facilitation technique, Functional Re-Education, learning skills, A.D.L, Tapping in neurological conditions.
- NPT 2.10. FES, NMES, Biofeedback, Various equipment used in Neuro-physiotherapy
- NPT 2.11. Problem Based Learning clinical conditions in Neurology physiotherapy.
- NPT 2.12. Pharmacology in Neurophysiotherapy.
- NPT 2.13. Training of Emotional Intelligence.
- NPT 2.14. Hydrotherapy for Neurological conditions.
- NPT 2.15. Palliative Care Approach.
- NPT 2.16. Physiotherapy Management of Cerebellar Disorders.

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## SPECIALITY PAPER -THREE COURSE CODE: MPT (N)-203

MPT (N) 203: Recent advances and Evidence Based Practice in Neuro-Physiotherapy (NRAEB)

## NRAEB 1.0.1. Course outcome

- Understand and apply the information regarding recent advances in Neuro Physiotherapy for patient care.
- 2. Search the evidences available for assessment and management of neurological conditions.
- 3. Apply the evidences available for the management of various neurological conditions

#### **SECTION-A**

- NRAEB 1.1. Basics of Genetic counseling, Stem cell therapy, Gene therapy
- NRAEB 1.2. Recent advances in Pain Modulation and Rehabilitation.
- NRAEB 1.3. Recent advances in Vocational Rehabilitation in Neurology Disorders with disability
- NRAEB 1.4. Recent advancement in Neurology Orthosis prescription and training.
- NRAEB 1.5. Psychiatry problems in Neurological conditions and Physiotherapy (BAT, CBT).

  Psychological aspects of adaptation during various aspects of neurological disabilities
- NRAEB 1.6. Institutional & community-based rehabilitation for Neurological Dysfunction.
- NRAEB 1.7. Recent Neuro Physiotherapy technique Mental Imagery technique, Virtual Reality Therapy/Virtual Clinic, Robotic Movement Therapy, Pilates therapy, Mirror Box therapy, Mime therapy, Floatation Therapy, Cupping Therapy, Jadestone Therapy, Matrix Rhythm Therapy, IASTM and Dry needling, CranioSacral therapy, Neurodynamics in Neurological conditions and Neural Mobilization, Hippo-therapy, Transcranial Direct Current Stimulation, Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation, Artificial Intelligence, Whole Body Vibrator and Neuromuscular Technique
- NRAEB 1.8. Eclectic Approach.

#### **SECTION-B**

- NRAEB 2.1. History of Evidence Based Practice in Neurological Physiotherapy, Clinical Decision Making, importance of Evidence Based Practice, Evidence about prognosis, experience and diagnosis, locating evidences, challenges and barriers in EBP.
- NRAEB 2.2. Evidences in interventions for Neurological Impairments (Sensory, Motor, Cognitive and Perceptual)
- NRAEB 2.3. Evidences for Physiotherapy in Traumatic CNS conditions
- NRAEB 2.4. Evidences in Physiotherapy management of Stroke, Cerebellar Ataxia.
- NRAEB 2.5. Evidences in Physiotherapy management of Peripheral Nerve Injuries

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- NRAEB 2.6. Evidences in Physiotherapy management of Parkinson's Disease
- NRAEB 2.7. Evidences in Physiotherapy management of Myopathies, Neuropathies and NMJ Disorders
- NRAEB 2.8. Sports training in Neurological Physiotherapy.
- NRAEB 2.9. Tele rehabilitation in Neurological Physiotherapy

#### **Books for Masters in Neurosciences**

For paper III, IV, V.

- American Psychological Association. Publication manual of the American Psychological Association. Washington, DC: Author.
- Chichester, UK: John Wiley. Domholdt, E. Physical therapy research: Principles and applications, WB Saunders, Philadelphia, USA.
- Kuzma, J. W., & Bohnenblust, S. E. Basic statistics for the health sciences. Boston: McGraw Hill. 3.
- 4. Munro, B. H. Statistical methods for Healthcare research. Philadelphia: Lippincott.
- 5. Coakes, S. J., & Steed, L. G. SPSS: Analysis without anguish: Version 11.0 for Windows. Milton, Australia: John Wiley & Sons Inc. Jenkins, S., Price CJ, &Straker L.
- The researching therapist. A practical guide to planning, performing and communicating research. Edinburgh: Churchill Livingstone.
- 7. Campbell, M.J., & Machin, D. Medical statistics: A commonsense approach. Chichester, UK: John
- 8. Domholdt, E. Physical therapy research: Principles and applications. Philadelphia: WB Saunders.
- Gowitzke, Williams and Wilkins. Scientific Basis of Human Movement. Baltimore.
- 10. Handbook of Physiology in Aging- Masoro, C.R.C. Press.
- 11. Hicks C:Research of Physiotherapists. Chrchhill Living stone, Edingburgh
- 12. Polgar S.: Introduction to Research in Health Sciences. Livingstone London.
- 13. Currier D.P: Elements of Research Physical Therapy. Williams & Wilkins, Baltimore.
- 14. Sproull: Hand Book of Research method. Scarecrow Press
- 15. Wilenski, Hale & Iremonger: Public Power and Administration.
- 16. Hickik Robert J: Physical Therapy Administration and management.
- 17. Nosse Lorry J: Management Principles for Physiotherapists.
- 18. Carpenter M.B: Human Neuroanatomy. Williams & Wilkins, Baltimore, n
- 19. Fraser: Physical Management of Multiple Handicapped. William & Wilkins, Baltimore

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- 20. Aisen: Orthotics in neurological rehabilitation. Demos Publication, New York
- 21. Delisa: Manual of nerve conduction velocity techniques. Raven press, New York,
- 22. Kimura J, F.A Davis: Electrodiagnosis in diseases of nerve and muscle. Philadelphia.
- 23. O' Sullivan, F. A Davis: Physical rehabilitation: Assessment and treatment. Philadelphia,
- 24. Farber: Neuro rehabilitation. W.B. Saimders, Philadelphia
- 25. Kerb D: Bio-Feedback A practitioners guide. Guiford press.
- 26. Black I: The neural basis of motor control. Churchill, Livingstone, London -
- 27. Turnbull Gerode I: Physical therapy management of Parkinson's disease. Churchill, Livingstone, Londo -
- 28. Bobath B: Abnormal postural reflex activity caused by Brain Lesions. Aspen publications, Rockville
- 29. Eagel: Disord4e5r5s of Voluntary Muscle. Churchill, Living stone Edingburgh
- 30. Knot M. and Voss: Proprioception, neuro muscular facilitation techniques. Harper and Row, New York
- 31. Laidler, Capman and Hall: Stroke rehabilitation. London
- 32. Carr J.H, Shephered R.B: Motor relearning programme for stroke. Aspen publication, Rock Ville,
- 33. Bobath B. Heinmann: Adult hemiplegia evaluation and treatment: London
- 34. Brombley: Paraplegia and tetraplegia. Churchill, Livingstone, Edingburgh
- 35. Measurement in Physical therapy Churchill, Livingstone, London
- 36. Maria stokes: Physical management neurological rehabilitation, Elsevier, Mosby.
- 37. Misra U.K, Kalita J: Clinical Neurophysiology NCV, EMG, Evoked Potentials, Elsevier, New Delhi,
- 38. Joel A Delisa, Gans B.M: Rehabilitation medicine principles and practice, revan, Philadelphia, New York,
- 39. Robert Gunzbng, MarekSzpalski: Whiplash Injuries, current concepts in prevention diagnosis and treatment, Lippincot Williams & wilkins.
- 40. Krusen's: Hand book of physical rehabilitation, kottke, lehmann, Saunder's Publications,
- 41. Ropper A.H, Brown R.H: Adam and victors principle of neurology, Mcgraw hill companies USA
- 42. Richard S. Snell: Clinical Neuroanatomy for medical students, Lippincott Williams & wilkins
- 43. Martha Freeman Somers: Spinal cord injury functional rehabilitation
- 44. David S Butler: Mobilisation of the nervous system Churchill Livingstone, New York.
- 45. Darcy A. Umphred: Neurological rehabilitation, Mosby, Sydney,

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- 46. Kenneth W. Lindsay, Ian Bone: Neurology & Neurosurgery illustrated,
- 47. M Flint Beal, Anthony.E. Lang, Albert Ludolph: Neurodegenerative Diseases, Cambridge University Publication, USA
- 48. Jose I. Suarez: Critical Care Neurology and Neurosurgery, HUMANA PRESS PUBLICATIONS, USA.
- 49. David R. Lynch: Neurogenetics-Scientific& Clinical Advances, Taylor& Francis Group Publication New York
- 50. Asbury, Mckann, Medonald: Diseases of Nervous System- Vol. I and Vol. II, Mcarthur public, 3rd edition.

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## 3) Master of Physiotherapy in Cardio-Pulmonary Sciences

MPT (C) 104: Clinical, Physical and Functional diagnosis in Cardio-Pulmonary Physiotherapy (CCPFD)

MPT (C) 202: Cardio-Pulmonary Physiotherapy (CPT)

MPT (C) 203: Recent advances and Evidence Based practice in Cardio- Pulmonary Physiotherapy (CRAEB)

## SPECIALITY PAPER ONE COURSE CODE: MPT (C)-104

Course Title: Clinical, Physical and Functional diagnosis in Cardio- Pulmonary Physiotherapy (CCPFD)

## CCPFD 1.0.1. Course outcome

- Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms of cardio-vascular and pulmonary diseases & interpret clinical tests and special investigations commonly used in the diagnosis of conditions.
- 2. Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses consistent with typical presentations.
- 3. Identify normal & pathological anatomy on diagnostic images in various cardio-vascular and pulmonary disorders.

## **SECTION-A**

- CCPFD 1.1. ICF conceptual frame work
- CCPFD 1.2. Importance of assessment & evaluation, Outlines of principles and Methods of evaluation Need and types of Documentation
- CCPFD 1.3. Critical decision making and selection of outcome measures in cardiopulmonary Physiotherapy
- CCPFD 1.4. GENERAL: Review of Anatomy, Embryology and Epidemiology of cardio-vascular, pulmonary and lymphatic pulmonary system.
- CCPFD 1.5. Role of cardio respiratory therapist in patient assessment.
  - 1. Patient clinician interaction and communication with assessment findings.
  - 2. Confidentiality, concern and universal precautions.
  - 3. A detailed and comprehensive cardio-respiratory health history.
  - 4. Assessment standards, common scales, questionnaire indices used for patients with cardio-pulmonary dysfunction.
- CCPFD 1.6. **Detailed assessment of cardio- vascular and pulmonary symptoms** (dyspnea, cough, sputum production, hemoptysis, clubbing, cyanosis, chest pain, syncope, fever, night sweating, headaches, altered sensorium, personality changes.

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## CCPFD 1.7. Vital signs assessment

- 1. Obtaining vital signs, clinical impressions
- 2. General clinical presentation
- 3. Temperature
- 4. Pulse including the peripheral pulses
- 5. Blood pressure
- 6. Respiratory rate

## CCPFD 1.8. Fundamentals of physical examination with diagnosis in cardiovascular and respiratory Physiotherapy

- 1. Examination of head and neck
- 2. Lung topography thoracic cage landmarks
- 3. Examination of Thorax/ pulmonary system
- 4. Examination of Precordium/cardiac system
- 5. Examination of Abdomen
- 6. Examination of Extremities

# CCPFD 1.9. Assessment of neonatal and pediatrics patients – new born, critically ill infants, older infants and child

- CCPFD 1.10. Comprehensive geriatric assessment age related sensory deficits, cardio-respiratory deficits and diagnostic tests, standard scales and questionnaires used in geriatric assessment
- CCPFD 1.11. Nutritional assessment of patients with cardio- respiratory diseases

## CCPFD 1.12. Fitness assessment

- 1. Anthropometric and biophysical measurement and body composition
- 2. Flexibility tests and standards
- 3. Muscle strength and standard
- 4. Endurance tests and standards
- 5. Agility tests and coordination tests

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## CCPFD 1.13. Exercise testing and standardization and interpretation

- 1. TMT protocols- Maximal and submaximal protocols
- 2. Field protocols
- 3. Bicycle protocols
- 4. Step test protocols
- 5. Six minute walk test
- 6. Protocols for pediatric and geriatric population

## CCPFD 1.14. Interpretation and clinical relevance of investigations in cardio- pulmonary Physiotherapy

- 1. Clinical laboratory studies hematology, microbiology, urine analysis, histology, pathology
- 2. Pulmonary function tests normal values
- Spirometry, arterial blood gas analysis and its interpretation in cardio –
  respiratory Physiotherapy, capnography and pulse oximetry and its relevance in
  cardio- pulmonary Physiotherapy
- Clinical application of chest radiograph chest x-ray, examination, views; computed tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, lung scans - PET scan. Evaluation of chest radiography – clinical and radiographic findings in cardio-pulmonary disorders and its relevance cardio-pulmonary Physiotherapy
- Laboratory and bedside interpretation of ECG findings interpretation of normal and abnormal ECGs and its importance in cardio-respiratory physiotherapy and various ECG patterns in cardiac and lung disease
- 6. Cardio respiratory monitoring in critically ill patients including patients with artificial airways
  - i. Ventilator assessment and evaluation of oxygenation in ICU
  - ii. Assessment of cardiac output in ICU
  - iii. Assessment of haemodynamic pressures in ICU
  - Clinical diagnosis in cardio- respiratory disorders in intensive care.

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## **SECTION-B**

- CCPFD 2.1. Blood flow studies-arteriography, venography, Color Doppler, ANS testing and interpretation used in cardio- respiratory Physiotherapy and edema evaluation and interpretation.
- CCPFD 2.2. Cardio respiratory assessment and diagnosis of patient on mechanical ventilator and interpretation of graphical forms, weaning modes and indices
- CCPFD 2.3. Risk factor stratification, disability evaluation with reference to cardio vascular and pulmonary disorders
- CCPFD 2.4. Psychological evaluation with reference to stress and anxiety in cardio- pulmonary disorders, Evaluation of stress and anxiety using various scales and questionnaires
- CCPFD 2.5. Outcome measures used in Cardio vascular and pulmonary Physiotherapy
- CCPFD 2.6. Cardio-pulmonary Exercise Testing, VO2 max, METs its importance in calculating energy expenditure and physical activities
- CCPFD 2.7. Calculating energy expenditure using calorimetry method, various formulae and equations with emphasis on its importance in prescribing exercise in various patient population

CCPFD 2.8. Evaluation and diagnosis of sleep and breathing disorders.

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## SPECIALITY PAPER TWO

## COURSE CODE: MPT (C)-202

Course Title: MPT (C) 202: Cardio and pulmonary Physiotherapy (CPT)

#### CPT 1.0.1. Course Outcomes:

- 1. Develop a management plan, generally including some lifestyle factors, incorporation with the Clinical Supervisor and consider a prognosis that reflects on the patient's problem.
- Manage a patient in consultation and co-operation with the clinical supervisor, identifying the
  presenting problem, developing a basic working diagnosis and selecting a treatment regime
  that considers the presenting problem with some consideration for ethical, practical and
  pragmatic concerns.
- 3. Maintain legal (accurate, clear and legible) patient histories, write basic referral letters and recognize the need of further referral in conference with Clinical Supervisor and peers.
- 4. Discuss the Common exercise prescriptions and their clinical use, and the sequence of treatment and how to advise different sorts of patients.

#### **SECTION-A**

- CPT 1.1. Principles of exercise prescription and exercise program adherence.
- CPT 1.2. Components of physical fitness and Basic principles of exercise program design.
- CPT 1.3. The art of science of exercise prescription in various patient population
- CPT 1.4. Bioenergetics of exercise and training
- CPT 1.5. Warm ups, stretching and cool down and its importance
- CPT 1.6. Exercise program adherence and factors affecting exercise adherence.
- CPT 1.7. Different forms of training methods.
- CPT 1.8. Designing cardio-respiratory exercise programs for cardiac and pulmonary patients, geriatric and general population. Essentials of a C.R. exercise work- out, Aerobic training. Methods and modes, personalized programs.
- CPT 1.9. Designing Resistance exercise programs.
  - Types of resistance training and developing respiratory exercise program including calisthenics.
  - 2. Resistance exercise program for children and older adults.
- CPT 1.10. Designing flexibility and stretching programs.
- CPT 1.11. Designing weight management (weight loss and weight gain) and

CPT 1.12. Application of exercise prescription principles in various cardio-pulmonary disorders including edema management

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## **SECTION-B**

- CPT 2.1. Nutrition and cardio-vascular and pulmonary diseases including diabetic population-Role of carbohydrates, proteins, fats, vitamins in health and disease.
- CPT 2.2. Diet prescription in diabetic, hypertensive, cardio-metabolic syndromes, obesity and cancer patients according to calorie expenditure.
- CPT 2.3. Exercise prescription/ physical activity in a high risk cardiac patient including L.V Dysfunction, chronic heart failure, myocardial ischemia.
- CPT 2.4. Exercise prescription in prevention of CAD, obesity, renal dysfunction, diabetes mellitus, hypertension.
- CPT 2.5. Cardio-vascular disorders and physiotherapy management including prescription in:
  - i. Myocardial infarction
  - ii. Acquired heart conditions
  - iii. Hypertension, hypotension
  - iv. Rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease and non-rheumatic valvular diseases.
  - Diseases of myocardium, pericardial diseases, cardiomyopathies
  - vi. Vascular diseases, peripheral vascular diseases and lymphatic diseases
  - vii. Tumors of heart
  - viii. Athlete heart
  - Congestive cardiac failure
  - Cardiac arrhythmias X.
  - Congenital heart diseases
  - xii. Cardiac transplantation

## **SECTION-C**

- CPT 3.1. PULMONARY DISORDERS AND PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT INCLUDING EXERCISE PRESCRIPTION IN:
  - i. Obstructive pulmonary diseases
  - ii. Restrictive pulmonary diseases
  - Infective lung diseases iii.
  - Occupational lung diseases
  - Lung cancer

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- vi. Chest wall deformities and spinal cord injury
- vii. Diaphragmatic diseases
- viii. Sleep apnea/ hyperventilation syndrome
- ix. Respiratory disorders in children, cystic fibrosis
- x. COVID-19
- CPT 3.2. Common emergency conditions in cardio-respiratory system in adults and children and ethical issues in intensive care
- CPT 3.3. Management of Pediatric and geriatric Cardiac and pulmonary disorders
- CPT 3.4. Burns rehabilitation in Critical Care unit
- CPT 3.5. Cardio-pulmonary problems and complications in various neuromuscular disorders, facilitatory and inhibitory techniques and PNF techniques in various pulmonary disorders, manual techniques for various pulmonary disorders.
- CPT 3.6. Physical agents used in various cardio-vascular and respiratory disorders
- CPT 3.7. Cardio-vascular and pulmonary pharmacology- Indications, contraindications and effects and pharmacological management in cardiac and pulmonary disorders.
- CPT 3.8. Body positioning: art and its physiological importance in general and in ICUs
- CPT 3.9. Aerosol therapy- Principles and its role in physiotherapy.
- CPT 3.10. Humidifiers and Atomizers role in physiotherapy.
- CPT 3.11. Stress, Importance of exercise in stress management and various stress coping strategies, relaxation techniques including yogic postures and yogic breathing in various lifestyle disorders and other cardio-vascular and pulmonary conditions.
- CPT 3.12. Importance of Patient education and counseling in various cardio-vascular and pulmonary disorders in cardio- respiratory conditions, CBR in cardio vascular and respiratory conditions.
- CPT 3.13. Role of Tele-rehabilitation in cardiac and pulmonary disorders.
- CPT 3.14. Clinical decision making in Cardiovascular and pulmonary physiotherapy.

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## SPECIALITY PAPER THREE

## COURSE CODE: MPT (C)-203

MPT (C) 203: Recent advances and Evidence Based Practice in Cardio and pulmonary Physiotherapy (CRAEB)

## CRAEB 1.0.1. Course Outcome

- 1. Understand and apply the information regarding recent advances in cardio-pulmonary physiotherapy for patient care.
- 2. Search the evidences available for assessment and management of cardiopulmonary conditions.
- 3. Apply the evidences available for the management of various cardio-pulmonary conditions

#### **SECTION-A**

#### CRAEB 1.1. GENERAL:

- Optimizing treatment prescription: relating treatment to the underlying pathophysiology of cardio-vascular and pulmonary disorders- an evidencebased practice
- ii. Documentation of the data, Report writing -prescription of exercises
- iii. Importance of creating awareness in community, Patient education and psychological counseling in various cardio-vascular and pulmonary disorders evidence-based practice
- iv. Recent advancement in Cardio- pulmonary resuscitation (basic and advanced)
- CRAEB 1.2. Bronchial hygiene- Physiological basis and clinical application, evidence-based practice and recent advances of airway clearance techniques, including Facilitating airway clearance with coughing techniques.
- CRAEB 1.3. Care of a dying patient. Ethical issues and recent guidelines
- CRAEB 1.4. Cardiopulmonary training in various patient populations. Athletes, Geriatric and pediatric population
- CRAEB 1.5. Medical gas therapy including oxygen therapy: physiological basis, modes of administration, and home delivery care- an evidence-based practice and recent advances including hyperbaric oxygen therapy.
- CRAEB 1.6. Aerosol therapy- An Evidence based practice in chest physiotherapy.

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#### **SECTION-B**

- CRAEB 2.1. Recent advances and evidence-based practice in Exercise testing, planning, principles of exercise prescription and PT management in cardio- vascular and pulmonary conditions.
- CRAEB 2.2. Recent advances and evidence base practice in cardio-respiratory Physiotherapy and exercise prescription in special populations like cancer, renal conditions, burns, abdominal surgeries, Neurological patients and Diabetic mellitus patients.
- CRAEB 2.3. Recent advances in the use of physical agents and PT management in wounds, ulcers, grafts and incisions and vascular disorders.
- CRAEB 2.4. Evidence based practice of core muscle strengthening, resistance training, endurance training, and other training methods in cardiac and pulmonary rehabilitation
- CRAEB 2.5. Pilates- school of thought for cardiopulmonary conditions.
- CRAEB 2.6. Physiotherapy management in oncology- Evidence based practice and recent advances.
- CRAEB 2.7. Recent advances and evidence-based practice in Respiratory Physiotherapy training techniques and respiratory Physiotherapy devices.
- CRAEB 2.8. Evidence based practice and recent advances in improving Cardio-respiratory fitness training in all populations including general, pediatric and geriatric population.
- CRAEB 2.9. Evidence based practice and Recent guidelines in cardiac rehabilitation and pulmonary rehabilitation
- CRAEB 2.10. Role of exercise and quality of life and cardio-pulmonary rehabilitation, health status measurements and recent advances
- CRAEB 2.11. Use of advance Assistive devices like Robot therapy, continuous lateral rotation therapy, intrapulmonary percussive ventilator and technologies in Cardiovascular and pulmonary system.
- CRAEB 2.12. Evidence based practice and recent advances of Aquatic therapy in Cardiovascular conditions like diabetes, PVD, hypertension etc.

## **BOOKS for Physiotherapy in Cardio Pulmonary Sciences:**

- 1) Froelicher / Myers- "Exercise and heart' Saunders publication.
- 2) Jean Jobin et al. Advances in Cardio-Pulmonary Rehabilitation"
- Scot Irvin, Lan Stephen Tecklin- "Cardio-Pulmonary physical therapy-a guide to practice", Mosby.
- 4) Frances J Brannon, Margaret W Foley, Julie Ann Stars, Lauren M Saul
- 5) "Cardio-Pulmonary Rehabilitation-Basic Theory and Application", F A Davis Company.
- 6) Cynthia Coffin Zadai- "Pulmonary management in Physical therapy", Churchill Livingstone.
- 7) Barbara A Webber and Jennifer A Pryor- "Physiotherapy for respiratory and cardiac problems", Churchill Livingstone.
- 8) George G. Burton, John E Hodgin, Jeffrey J Ward- "Respiratory Care-A Guide to Clinical Practice" 4th edition, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins,
- 9) Robert MBerne, Matthew N Levy- "Cardio-vascular physiology", Mosby.
- 10) John B. West- "Respiratory Physiology-the essentials", Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.
- 11) Macleod's Clinical Examination.
- 12) Andrews Davies and Carl Moores- "The Respiratory System", illustrated by Robert Britton, Churchill Livingstone.
- 13) George G. Burton, John E Hodgin, Jeffrey J Ward- "Respiratory Care-A Guide to Clinical Practice", Lippincott Williams and Wilkins,
- 14) Richard d Branson/Robert L Chatburn- "Respiratory Care Equipment", J B Lippincott Company.
- 15) NR Malentyre/RD Branson- "Mechanical Ventilation", Saunders.
- 16) Joanne Watchie- "Cardio-Pulmonary Physical Therapy", Saunders.
- 17) Hillegass and Sadowsky. "Essentials of Cardio-Pulmonary Physical Therapy", Saunders, Elsevier.
- 18) Michael L. Pollock and Donald H Schmidt- "Heart disease and Rehabilitation".
- 19) Scot Irvin, Lan Stiphen Tecklin. "Cardio-Pulmonary physical therapy-a guide to practice", Mosby.
- 20) Frances J Brannon, Margaret W Foley, Julie Ann Stars, Lauren M Saul
- 21) Cardio-Pulmonary Rehabilitation-Basic Theory and Application". F A Davis Company

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## 4) Master of Physiotherapy in Sports Sciences

MPT (S) 104: Sports traumatology (STT)

MPT (S) 202: Concepts in sports medicine (SSM)

MPT (S) 203: Recent advances and Evidence Based practice in Sports Physiotherapy (SRAEB)

## SPECIALITY PAPER - ONE COURSE CODE: MPT (S)-104

Course Title: MPT (S) 104: SPORTS TRAUMATOLOGY (STT)

#### **SECTION- A**

## STT 1.1. ICF conceptual frame work

- 1. Importance of assessment & evaluation, Outlines of principles and Methods of evaluation Need and types of Documentation
- 2. Critical decision making and selection of outcome measures in SPORTS Physiotherapy
- 3. Investigative Procedures. Diagnostic imaging (CT, MRI, Ultra sound, bone scan and other diagnostic imaging's) for diagnosis of congenital anomalies and normal variants, traumatic injuries, scoliosis, degenerative disorders and infections)
- 4. Principles of pathological investigations and imaging techniques related to musculoskeletal disorders with interpretation Causes & Mechanism of Sports Injuries

## STT 1.2. Evaluaton Of Risk Factors And Pre-Participation Examination:

- 1. Components of pre-participation evaluation, Scope and implementation of pre-participation program in Sports PT
- 2. Evaluation of Physical Fitness: Assessment of components of physical fitness including functional tests: muscle strength, flexibility, agility, balance, co-ordination, sensory deficits, cardio-pulmonary endurance
- 3. Sports-Specific evaluation and criteria for return to sport
- 4. Examination of lower limb
  - i. Pelvis
  - ii. Hip
  - iii. Thigh
  - iv. Knee
  - v. Leg
  - vi. Ankle and Foot

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- 5. Examination of Upper Extremity
  - i. Shoulder girdle
  - ii. Shoulder
  - iii. Arm
  - iv. Elbow &Forearm
  - v. Wrist and hand.
- 6. Assessment of vertebral column:
  - i. Cervical
  - ii. Thoracic
  - iii. Lumbosacral including Tests of Neural Tension
- 7. Sporting emergencies screening
  - i. Head and neck
  - ii. Face
  - iii. Abdominal injuries
- 8. Anthropometric evaluation
- 9. Kinesiological EMG

## SECTION- B

- STT 2.1. Causes & Mechanism of Sports Injuries
- STT 2.2. Prevention of Sports injuries
- STT 2.3. Principle of management of sports injuries
- STT 2.4. Common acute and overuse injuries, causation, prevention and management of lower Extremity in Sports PT
- STT 2.5. Common acute and overuse injuries, causation, prevention and management of upper Extremity in Sports PT
- STT 2.6. Common sports injuries of spine with respect to causation, prevention and management
- STT 2.7. Sporting emergencies first aid
- STT 2.8. Emergency Medical Planning and Cover for Sports Events

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- STT 2.9. Emergency Situations, Primary and secondary emergency assessment, emergency plan,
  Transportation of an injured person
- STT 2.10. Treatment of collapsed athlete- Severe head injury, Athlete with spinal injury,
- STT 2.11. Causes of Collapse
- STT 2.12. Sports specific injuries, with special emphasis on the specific risk factor, nature of Sports,
- STT 2.13. Biomechanical Analysis of Skills, kind of medical intervention anticipated and prevention with respect to various sporting events
  - i. Individual events: Field & Track
  - ii. Team events
  - iii. Contact and Non-contact sports
  - iv. Water sports

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## SPECIALITY PAPER -TWO

COURSE CODE: MPT (S)-202

Course Title: MPT (S) 202: Concepts in sports medicine (SSM)

## **SECTION- A**

Sports Training Parameters and Methods

- SSM 1.1. Training Load, Adaptation and Recovery: Relationship of load and recovery, physiotherapeutic and psychological means of Recovery, Variables of Training:

  Volume, Intensity, Density, Complexity.
- SSM 1.2. Relationship between volume and intensity
- SSM 1.3. Fatigue and overtraining: Diagnosis, Monitoring and preventing overtraining. RECOVERY METHODS
- SSM 1.4. Training Methods: Interval training, Continuous training, Circuit training, Fartlek training, Weight training, Plyometric method, Cross training
- SSM 1.5. Bio Motor Abilities and Program Design
- SSM 1.6. Anaerobic Exercise Training & Prescription: Prerequisites, types and Factors affecting the training variables: Strength Development, Plyometric Training, Speed, Agility and Speed Endurance Development
- SSM 1.7. Aerobic Exercise Training & Prescription: Prerequisites, types and Factors affecting the training variables
- SSM 1.8. Coordination Training: Definition, Classification of coordinative abilities, factors affecting coordination and Methods to develop coordination
- SSM 1.9. **Sports Psychology-**Role of Sports Psychology in Sports performance, Factors affecting growth and development & role of heredity & environment Biofeedback, Mental coping strategies, Visual Imagery, Meditation History and current status of Sports Psychology
  - i. Personality assessment and sports personality · Attention and perception in sports
  - ii. Concentration training in sports · Motivational orientation in sports
  - iii. Pre-competitive anxiety · Relaxation training · Aggression in sports · Role of Psychology in dealing with injuries · Eating disorders · Goal setting (Psychological aspect of doping, stress management, group behaviour and leadership, emotion

SSM 1.10. Para SPORTS

SSM 1.11. Sports Massage

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## **SECTION-B**

## Non traumatic conditions of athletes

- SSM 2.1. General Illness
- SSM 2.2. Chronic/non-communicable diseases
- SSM 2.3. Exercise Induced Asthma
- SSM 2.4. Anemia
- SSM 2.5. Delayed onset muscle soreness (DOMS)
- SSM 2.6. Runner's high & Exercise addiction
- SSM 2.7. G.I.T. Diseases
- SSM 2.8. Eating disorders in athletes
- SSM 2.9. AIDS in sports people

## SSM 2.10. Sports for diseased

- 1. Exercises and congestive heart failure
- 2. Exercise for Post coronary & bye pass patients
- 3. Exercise for diabetics
- 4. Diagnosis and management of skin conditions of Athletes:
  - a. Bacterial infections
  - b. Fungal Infections
  - c. Viral infections
  - d. Boils
  - e. Cellulites.

## SSM 2.11. Female athlete problems

- i. Sports Amenorrhea.
- ii. Injury to female reproductive tract.
- iii. Menstrual Synchrony.
- iv. Sex determination.
- v. Exercise and pregnancy

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## **SPECIALITY PAPER -THREE**

COURSE CODE: MPT (S)-203

Course Title: Recent advances and evidence-based practice in Sports Physiotherapy (SRAEB)

## **SECTION A**

SRAEB 1.1. Exercise and Common Pulmonary Conditions

- i. Exercise induced bronchial obstruction
- ii. Exercise in chronic airway obstruction
- iii. Air pollution and exercise

SRAEB 1.2. Exercise and Cardiac Conditions

- i. Exercise prescription for heart disease
- ii. Exercise in primary prevention in ischemic heart disease
- iii. Exercise for secondary prevention of ischemic heart disease

SRAEB 1.3. Diabetes and Exercise

- i. Exercise in diabetic patients
- ii. Exercise as a method of control of diabetes
- SRAEB 1.4. Protective equipment design of shoe safety factors in equipment. Health club and fitness concept, use and misuse of equipment
- SRAEB 1.5. Special concerns for para-athletes

## **SECTION B**

SRAEB 2.1. Exercises for special categories

- i. Child and adolescent athlete's problems (Exercise for growing bones)
- ii. Special problems of older athletes
- iii. Sports and exercise programme for geriatrics and rheumatic population

SRAEB 2.2. Doping in Sports

- i. IOC prohibited drugs- groups and classifications
- ii. IOC rules and regulations on doping in sports hazards of prohibited substances

SRAEB 2.3. Identification of talent for sports -

- i. Detailed procedure for screening and identification of sports talent
- ii. Prediction of adult potentials at the young age.

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- SRAEB 2.4. Sports Pharmacology and medico-legal issues in sports
- SRAEB 2.5. Segmental Stabilization Concepts of spine
- SRAEB 2.6. Emergency medical planning and cover for Sports events
- SRAEB 2.7. Effect of physical activity intervention in youth
- SRAEB 2.8. Precision heart rate training
- SRAEB 2.9. Current concepts in obesity management XIII- Electromyography and Rehabilitation
- SRAEB 2.10. Current concepts in comprehensive physical examination for the instabilities of knee
- SRAEB 2.11. Current concepts in tendinopathies

## **BOOKS for Physiotherapy in Sports Medicine**

- 1. Chew, F. (110107). Skeletal radiology: The bare bones (2nd ed.). Baltimore, MD: Williams & Wilkins.
- 2. Eisenberg, R. L., & Johnson, N. M. (2003). Comprehensive radiographic pathology (3rd ed.). St Louis, MO: Mosby.
- 3. Hughes, J., & Hughes, M. (110107). Imaging: Picture tests. Edinburgh: Churchill Livingstone.
- Mace, J. D., &Kowalczyk, N. (110104). Radiographic pathology for technologists (2nd ed.).
   St Louis, MO: Mosby.
- 5. Redhead, D. N. (110105). Imaging: Colour guide. Edinburgh: Churchill Livingstone.
- 6. Yochum, T. R., & Rowe, L. R. (2005). Yochum and Rowe's essentials of skeletal radiology (3rd ed., Vols. 1-2). Baltimore, MD: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 7. Nolte, J., & Angevine, Jr. J. B. (2000). The human brain in photographs and diagrams (2nd ed.). St Louis, MO: Mosby.
- 8. Wicke, L. (110107). Atlas of radiologic anatomy (6th ed.). Munich, Germany: Lea & Febiger.
- 9. Seidel, H. (110105). Mosby's guide to physical examination. St Louis, MO: C.V. Mosby.
- 10. Cailliet, R. Neck and arm pain Philadelphia: FA Davis.
- 11. Cailliet, R. Shoulder pain Philadelphia: FA Davis.
- 12. Cailliet, R. Knee pain and disability Philadelphia: FA Davis.
- 13. Cailliet, R. Hand pain and impairment Philadelphia: FA Davis.
- 14. Cailliet, R. Low back pain syndrome Philadelphia: FA Davis.
- 15. Cailliet, R. Soft tissue pain and disability Philadelphia: FA Davis
- 16. O'Sullivan, F.A. Davis, Philadelphia 110104. Physical rehabilitation: assessment and

treatment.

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- 17. Kuprian: Physical Therapy for Sports, W.B. Saunders
- 18. Malone: Orthopeadic and Sports Physical Therapy, C.V. Mosby.
- 19. Zulunga et al: Sports Physiotherapy, W.B. Saunders.
- 20. Reed: Sports Injuries Assessment and Rehabilitation, W.B. Saunders.
- 21. Gould: Orthopaedic Sports Physical Therapy, Mosby.
- 22. Norris: Sports Injuries Diagnosis and Management for Physiotherapists, Heinmann.
- 23. Gait analysis Perry J., Black Thorofare, New Jersy, 110102.
- 24. Mc Ardle, Katch, Katch: Exercise Physiology Edition IV.
- 25. Era Volinski: Nutrition and exercise in Sports CRC Press, New York.
- 26. George A. Brooks, Thomas D. Fahey: Exercise Physiology Human Bioenergetics and its applications 11084, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- 27. Astrand&Rodahl: Text Book of Work Physiology, McGraw Hill.
- 28. Fox and Mathews The Physiological Basis of Physical Education and athletics Holt Saunders.
- 29. Erston and Reilly Kinanthropometry and Exercise Physiology Laboratory Manual tests, Procedures and Data F & FN Spon Madras.
- 30. Rowland D4e7v4elopmental Exercise Physiology Human Kinetics.
- 31. Clarke Exercise Physiology Prentice Hall.
- 32. Gardiner M. Dena: The Principles of Exercise Therapy CBS Publishers Delhi.
- 33. Kisner and Colby: Therapeutic Exercises Foundations and Techniques, F.A. Davis.
- 34. Basmajian John V.: Therapeutic Exercise, Williams & Wilkins.
- 35. Wood & Baker: Beard's Massage, W.B. Saunders.
- 36. William E. Prentice: Rehabilitation Techniques Mosby.
- 37. Werner Kuprian: Physical Therapy for Sports, W.B. Saunders.
- 38. Kennedy: Mosby's Sports Therapy Taping Guide.
- 39. Malone: Orthopeadic and Sports Physical Therapy, C.V. Mosby.
- 40. William E. Prentice: Therapeutic Modalities in Sports Medicine Mosby.
- 41. William E. Prentice: Rehabilitation Techniques Mosby.
- 42. O' Sullivan, Schmitz: Physical Rehabilitation Assessment and Treatment F.A. Davis.
- 43. John Low & Reed: Electrotherapy Explained, Butterworth.
- 44. Meryl Roth Gersh: Electrotherapy in Rehabilitation, FA Davis.

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- 45. Joseph Kahn: Principles and Practice of Electrotherapy, Churchill Livingstone.
- 46. Harrelson and Andrews: Physical Rehabilitation of Injured Athlete.
- 47. Nelson and Currier: Clinical Electrotherapy, Prentice Hall.
- 48. Greenman: Principles of Manual medicine, William and Wilkins.
- 49. Kuprian: Physical Therapy for Sports, W.B. Saunders.
- 50. Bates: Aquatic Exercise Therapy, W.B. Saunders.
- 51. Michlovitz Thermal agents in Rehabilitation F.A. Davis.
- 52. Lehmann Therapeutic Heat and Cold Williams & Wilkins
- 53. Morgan and King: Introduction to Psychology Tata McGraw Hill.
- 54. Suinn: Psychology in Sports: Methods and applications, Surjeet Publications.
- 55. Grafiti: Psychology in contemporary sports, Prentice Hall.
- 56. Manual of nerve conduction velocity techniques De Lisa, Raven press, New York, 11082.
- 57. Physical rehabilitation: assessment and treatment O'Sullivan, F.A. Davis, Philadelphia 110104.
- 58. Bio-feedback A practitioners guide Kerb D, Guiford press
- 59. James G. Hay The Biomechanics of Sports Techniques, Prentice Hall. Brunnstrom Clinical Kinesiology, F.A. Davis.
- 60. Luttgens K., Hamilton N.: Kinesiology Scientific Basis of Human Motion, Brown & Benchmark.
- 61. Kreighbaum E., Barthels K.: Biomechanics A Qualitative approach for studying Human Motion, MacMillan.
- 62. Rasch and Burk: Kinesiology and Applied Anatomy, Lee and Fabiger.
- 63. White and Punjabi Biomechanics of Spine Lippincott.
- 64. Norkin&Levangie: Joint Structure and Function A Comprehensive Analysis F.A. Davis.
- 65. Kapandji: Ph47y5siology of Joints Vol. I, II & III, W.B. Saunders.
- 66. Northrip et al: Analysis of Sports Motion: Anatomic and Biomechanic perspectives, W.C. Brown Co., IOWA.
- 67. Leveac B.F.: Basic Biomechanics in Sports and Orthopeadic Therapy, C.V. Mosby.
- 68. Morris B. Mellion: Office Sports Medicine, Hanley & Belfus.
- 69. Richard B. Birrer: Sports Medicine for the primary care Physician, CRC Press.
- 70. Torg, Welsh & Shephard: Current Therapy in Sports Medicine III Mosby

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- 71. Zulunga et al: Sports Physiotherapy, W.B. Saunders.
- 72. Brukner and Khan: Clinical Sports Medicine, McGraw Hill.
- 73. Reed: Sports Injuries Assessment and Rehabilitation, W.B. Saunders.
- 74. Gould: Orthopaedic Sports Physical Therapy, Mosby.
- 75. C. Norris: Sports Injuries Diagnosis and Management for Physiotherapists, Heinmann.
- 76. D. Kulund: The Injured Athlete, Lippincott.
- 77. Nicholas Hershman:
- 78. Vol. I The Upper Extremity in Sports Medicine.
- 79. Vol. II The Lower Extremity and Spine in Sports Medicine.
- 80. Vol. III The Lower Extremity and Spine in Sports Medicine. Mosby.
- 81. Lee & Dress: Orthopaedic Sports Medicine W.B Saunders.
- 82. Fu and Stone: Sports Injuries: Mechanism, Prevention and Treatment, Williams and Wilkins.
- 83. Scuderi, McCann, Bruno: Sports Medicine Principles of Primary Care, Mosby.
- 84. First Aid to Injured: St. John's Ambulance Association.
- 85. Andrea Bates and Norm Hanson: Aquatic Exercise Therapy, W.B. Saunders.
- 86. Dvir: Isokinetics: Muscle Testing, Interpretation and Clinical Applications,
- 87. W.B. Saunders.
- 88. Hartley: Practical Joint Assessment, A Sports Medicine Manual, upper and lower quadrants, C.V. Mosby.
- 89. Albert: Eccentric Muscle Training in Sports and Orthopedics, W.B. Saunders.
- 90. Voss et al Proprioceptive Neuromuscular Facilitation Patterns & Techniques Williams & Wilkins
- 91. Torg, Welsh and Shephard: Current Therapy in Sports Medicine III Mosby.
- 92. Reed: Sports Injuries Assessment and Rehabilitation, W.B. Saunders.
- 93. Nordinand Frankel: Basic Biomechanics of Muscular Skeletal System: Williams and Wilkins.
- 94. Mc Ardle, Katch, Katch: Exercise Physiology.
- 95. Brukner and Khan: Clinical Sports Medicine, McGraw Hill.
- 96. O'Leary: Drugs and Doping in sports.

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- 97. Wilson, A. Effective management of musculoskeletal injury: A clinical ergonomics approach to prevention. Churchill Livingstone.
- 98. Lee and Dres4s7:6 Orthopaedic Sports Medicine W.B Saunders
- 99. Kurt Dorr and Jonathan S. Rakich: Hospital Organization and Management:

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# 5) Master of Physiotherapy in Pediatrics and Neonatal Sciences:

MPT (P) 104: Clinical, physical & functional diagnosis in pediatric physiotherapy (PCPFD)

MPT (P) 202: Pediatric physiotherapy (PPT)

MPT (P) 203: Recent advances and Evidence Based practice in PEDIATRIC PHYSIOTHERAPY (PRAEB)

#### **SPECIALITY PAPER -ONE**

## COURSE CODE: MPT (P)-104

Course Code: CLINICAL, PHYSICAL & FUNCTIONAL DIAGNOSIS IN PEDIATRIC & NEONATAL PHYSIOTHERAPY MPT (P) 104 (PCPFD)

### PCPFD 1.0.1. Course outcome

On successful completion of this unit, it is expected that students will be able to:

- Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms of diseases commonly seen in Pediatric (neurology, cardio-respiratory, musculoskeletal) medicine & in- terpret clinical tests and special investigations commonly used in the diagnosis of conditions.
- 2. Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses consistent with typical presentations.
- 3. Identify normal & pathological anatomy on diagnostic images.
- 4. Explain the medical management of various conditions typically presented in Pediatric disorders.
- 5. Discuss how the serious and common disorders and the specialized areas of medical practice may impact on Pediatric physical therapy practice.
- 6. Demonstrate a broad range of technical skills, including the ability to manage common pediatric conditions.

## **SECTION-A**

PCPFD 1.1. Review of Embryology

PCPFD 1.2. Maturational, patho -physiological & recovery process in the CNS

PCPFD 1.3. Genetic basis of pediatrics disorders

PCPFD 1.4. Pain assessment in neonates & children

PCPFD 1.5. Patho-mechanics and clinical biomechanics of posture and movement in various Pediatric conditions

PCPFD 1.6. Analysis and diagnosis of functional mechanics and patho-mechanics of gait in children

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PCPFD 1.7. Principles, procedure, interpretation and significance of Diagnostic imaging (CT, MRI, Ultra sound, bone scan, PET scan, fMRI) for clinical and functional diagnosis in various orthopedic, cardio-respiratory and neurological conditions in children PCPFD 1.8. Clinical examination in general and physical and functional diagnosis for detection of movement dysfunction PCPFD 1.9. Principles of pathological investigations, Electro-diagnosis and its interpretation related to common pediatric disorders- Laboratory investigation, clinical tests (EEG, ECG, Evoked potentials, qualitative and quantitative EMG, NCV & Biofeedback) PCPFD 1.10. Evaluation of typical and atypical development of children in various domains of development (Gross, fine, cognitive, speech & language, personal social and adaptive functions) PCPFD 1.11. Evaluation, epidemiology, symptomatology and patho-physiology of common Pediatric congenital, cardio-respiratory, neurological and musculo-skeletal disorders PCPFD 1.12. Clinical, physical and functional diagnosis of developmental disorders PCPFD 1.13. Neurodevelopment assessment PCPFD 1.14. Hand Function-Assessment and diagnosis PCPFD 1.15. Theories of Motor control and Motor learning processes PCPFD 1.16. Principles, administration and interpretation of Developmental screening tools **SECTION-B** PCPFD 2.1. Voluntary control assessment PCPFD 2.2. Outcome measures used in Pediatric Physiotherapy PCPFD 2.3. Pre and post- surgical physiotherapeutic (Physical and functional) evaluation for various surgical conditions in children PCPFD 2.4. Anthropometrics measurements in children- Principles, methods, normal values for different ages, deviation and its clinical and functional significance PCPFD 2.5. Exercise testing & Physical fitness assessment in children with & without disability (Range of motion, Muscle strength, endurance and skills, Body composition, Cardiac efficiency tests and spirometry PCPFD 2.6. Fitness evaluation in children for sports PCPFD 2.7. Physical and functional assessment for Aids, appliances& adaptive devices in Pediatric disorders PCPFD 2.8. Physical disability evaluation and disability diagnosis PCPFD 2.9. Assessment of various pediatric medical and surgical conditions

## SPECIALITY PAPER -TWO COURSE CODE: MPT(P) -202

## MPT (P) 202: Pediatric & Neonatal physiotherapy (PPT)

#### PPT 1.0. Course outcomes

- Demonstrate an understanding of dysfunctions affecting Pediatric musculoskeletal, neurological and cardio -respiratory system including their patho- physiology.
- 2. Demonstrate a range of technical skills related to Pediatric therapy such as NDT, Sensory integration concept, classification and their application following diagnosis of dysfunction, indication, contraindication and adjunct therapies.
- 3. Demonstrate specific rehabilitation skills, principles of rehabilitation of Pediatric disorders.
- 4. Explain factors involved in effective management of patients and also justify the importance of preventive care in rehabilitation

#### **SECTION-A**

- PPT 1.1. Genetic counseling
- PPT 1.2. Physiotherapy management of growth and developmental disorders (gross motor, fine, speech & language, personal-social –adaptive
- PPT 1.3. Therapeutic techniques used in Neuro- pediatric conditions- Handling & positioning techniques, NDT, Vojta, Roods, CIMT, Sensor-motor re-education, PNF, Peto, Temple Fay, Phelps
- PPT 1.4. Adjunct therapies- Manipulation, mobilization, taping, MFR, Cranio-sacral therapy, Body suits, hydrotherapy, hippo-therapy
- PPT 1.5. Pain control & management in children
- PPT 1.6. Motor learning techniques
- PPT 1.7. Sensory integration disorders and management
- PPT 1.8. Management of perceptual and cognitive disorders
- PPT 1.9. Play behavior & its clinical application in therapy
- PPT 1.10. Integrated approach in management of Pediatric disorders
- PPT 1.11. Neonatal care and early intervention for risk babies
- PPT 1.12. Physiotherapy management for congenital loco-motor disorders including prosthetic and orthotic prescription
- PPT 1.13. Pediatric disability management at institutional & community levels

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PPT 1.14. Pre and Post-operative management of pediatric surgeries PPT 1.15. Rehabilitation of common pediatric musculo-skeletal disorders PPT 1.16. Management of progressive loco-motor disorders- Neuropathic and Myopathic conditions **SECTION-B** PPT 2.1. Management of learning disabilities, ADHD, Autism, Developmental coordination disorders and behavioral disorders PPT 2.2. Physiotherapeutic management of A.D.L and functional activities PPT 2.3. Sports training in pediatrics PPT 2.4. Psychological and mental health problems in children PPT 2.5. Management of Child abuse and its associated problems PPT 2.6. Management of common congenital, neurological, musculo-skeletal and cardiorespiratory disorders PPT 2.7. Vocational rehabilitation for pediatric disorders PPT 2.8. Metabolic disorders and their management PPT 2.9. Exercise prescription for pediatric disorders

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## SPECIALITY PAPER THREE COURSE CODE: MPT (P)-203

# MPT (P) 203: Recent advances and Evidence Based practice in PEDIATRIC &NEONATAL PHYSIOTHERAPY (PRAEB)

#### PRAEB 1.0.1. Course outcomes

- Understand and apply the information regarding recent advances in Pediatric Physiotherapy for patient care.
- Search the evidences available for assessment and management of Pediatric conditions. 2.
- Apply the evidences available for the management of various Pediatric conditions

#### **SECTION-A**

- PRAEB 1.1. Advanced instruction in physical examination, diagnosis, treatment and reassessment of the Pediatric neurological, musculoskeletal, cardio - respiratory system
- PRAEB 1.2. Psychosocial affects in children and parents
- PRAEB 1.3. Evidence based practice for exercise prescription for home program
- PRAEB 1.4. Report writing for clinical cases & research
- PRAEB 1.5. Recent advances in prescription, indications, assessment and training for orthosis, prosthesis and adaptive equipment in physically challenged children
- PRAEB 1.6. EBP in Muscul4o81skeletal and Neurological loco-motor disorders in children

#### **SECTION-B**

- PRAEB 2.1. Rationale of basic and advanced investigative procedures with differential diagnosis
- PRAEB 2.2. EBP & recent advances on the role of Physical therapy in public and special schools-
- PRAEB 2.3. Recent advances in exercise prescription for children
- PRAEB 2.4. EBP for management of pediatric oncology & burns
- PRAEB 2.5. Recent advances in Pain control, assessment & management in children
- PRAEB 2.6. Equipment's, assessment & treatment in neonatal & pediatric intensive care units
- PRAEB 2.7. Recent advances in instrumentations, theories, handling and pediatric physical therapy techniques
- PRAEB 2.8. Problem based learning relevant to clinical conditions typically seen in pediatrics

#### Books for Pediatrics and neonatal sciences

- 1. Scientific basis of human movement –Gowitzke, Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore,
- 2. Clinical biomechanics of spine White A, and Panjabi- J, B. Lippincot, Philadelphia
- 3. Human Neuroanatomy Carpenter M.B. Williams & Wilkins, Baltimore,
- 4. Physical therapy in early infancy Wilhelm, Churchill Livingstone, New York
- 5. Physical therapy for children Campbell Suzann K. W.B Saunders, Philadelphia,
- 6. Physical management of multiple handicapped Fraser, William and Wilkins, Baltimore.
- 7. Elements of paediatric Physiotherapy Eckersley, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh,
- 8. Physiotherapy in paediatrics Shepherd R Heinmann, London,
- 9. The growth chart WHO, Geneva,
- 10. Orthotics in neurological rehabilitation Aisen, Demos Publication, New York
- 11. Electrodiagnosis in diseases of nerve and muscle Kimura J, F.A. Davis, Philadelphia.
- 12. Orthopaedic physical therapy Donatteli, London, Churchill Livingstone,
- 13. Gait analysis Perry J., Black Thosofare, New Jersey,
- 14. Biofeedback A practitioner's guide Kerb D, Guilford press.
- 15. Abnormal postural reflex activity caused by Brain lesions Bobath B. Aspen publications, Rockville, 1897.
- 16. Disorders of voluntary muscle Eagel, Churchill, Livingstone, Edinburgh
- 17. Proprioceptive Neuro muscular facilitation techniques Knot M. and Voss, Haroer and Row, New York
- 18. Child with Spina Bifida Anderson E.M, and Spain B. Methun, London
- 19. A manual of neonatal intensive care Robert N.R.C, Edward Arnold, London
- 20. Pulmonary rehabilitation: guidelines to success Hoidkina, Butterworth, Boston,
- 21. Cardiac rehabilitation Amundsen L.R, Churchill, Livingstone, London

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# 6) Master of Physiotherapy in Obstetrics and Gynaecology Sciences

MPT (OG) 104: Clinical, physical & functional diagnosis in in OBG Physiotherapy (OGCPFD)

MPT (OG) 202: OBG physiotherapy (OGPT)

MPT (OG) 203: Recent advances and Evidence Based practice in in OBG Physiotherapy (OGRAEB)

#### **SPECIALITY PAPER -ONE**

## COURSE CODE: MPT (OG)-104

MPT (OG) 104: Clinical, physical & functional diagnosis in in OBG Physiotherapy (OGCPFD)

### **OGCPFD 1.0.1. Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to-

- Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms of diseases commonly seen in OBG conditions & interpret clinical tests and special investigations commonly used in the diagnosis of these conditions.
- 2. Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses consistent with typical presentations.
- 3. Identify normal & pathological anatomy on diagnostic images.
- 4. Discuss how the serious and common disorders and the specialized areas of medical practice may impact on OBG Physiotherapy practice.
- 5. Demonstrate a broad range of technical skill in diagnosing the physiotherapy related OBG conditions.

## **SECTION- A**

## OGCPFD 1.1. GENERAL ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY OBG

- 1. Anatomy of female reproductive system and abdominal wall
- 2. Contents of the pelvic cavity- Pelvic diaphragm, Pelvic floor muscles, Perineum and external genitalia
- 3. Pelvic axis, position, obstetric diameters and shape, abnormal bony pelvis
- 4. Clinical biomechanics and patho-mechanics of spine, female pelvis, posture, movement and gait.
- 5. Ovulation induction, Ovarian function, clinical aspects of ovulation

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- 6. Premenstrual syndrome
- 7. Polycystic ovarian syndrome
- 8. Menstruation cycle and other clinical phenomena such as amenorrhea, dysmenorrhea, hemorrhagia, polymenorrhea, oligomenorrhea hypothalamic pituitary dysfunction

#### OGCPFD 1.2. PREGNANCY, LABOR AND PUERPERIUM

- Preconception health, factors affecting conception
- 2. Conception
- 3. Physiological changes during pregnancy.
- 4. Physiology of labor.
- 5. Physiological changes and physical problems in puerperium.
- Injuries of uterine support & pelvic joints during labor, Repair of perineum after delivery.
- 7. Anatomical & physiological changes during postpartum period.

#### OGCPFD 1.3. CONTRACEPTION, STERILIZATION AND FERTILITY

- Inject able and implantable contraception. 1.
- 2. Intra uterine devices.
- Abortion and Miscarriage.
- MTP and sterilization. 4.
- Fertility, infertility, sub fertility.

#### OGCPFD 1.4. Role of PT in high-risk pregnancy

- 1. Abortion, ectopic pregnancy.
- 2. Heart disease in pregnancy assessment.
- 3. Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy.
- 4. UTI in pregnancy.
- HIV in pregnancy.
- Trauma in pregnancy.
- Hypertension in pregnancy. 7.
- 8. Gastrointestinal disorders in pregnancy.
- 9. Viral exposure during pregnancy.
- 10. Vaginal birth after cesarean section.

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## OGCPFD 1.5. UROGYNAECOLOGY SYSTEM

- 1. Review of mechanism of continence and voiding difficulties.
- 2. Review of Sexual dysfunction in Urogynecology.
- 3. Assessment of Urinary bladder dysfunction.
- 4. Genital Prolapse, Assessment and diagnosis.
- 5. Other displacements of uterus, assessment and diagnosis.
- 6. Overactive bladder syndrome, assessment and diagnosis.

#### **SECTION-B**

#### OGCPFD 2.1. THE AGEING FEMALE

- 1. Anatomical & physiological & psychological changes of Menopause
- 2. Assessment and diagnosis of Senile osteoporosis & related complications
- 3. The climacteric- assessment and diagnosis

## OGCPFD 2.2. INVESTIGATIONS IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY WITH INTERPRETATION

- 1. Pregnancy tests and investigations
- 2. Imaging techniques in obstetrics and gynecology
- 3. Urodynamics investigations
- 4. Investigations in endocrinal disorders in females
- 5. Instrumentation for assessment of Pelvic floor muscles- Perineometer
- 6. Outcome measures in OBG Physiotherapy

## OGCPFD 2.3. MISCELLANEOUS

- 1. Antenatal Physiotherapy assessment.
- 2. Postnatal Physiotherapy assessment.
- 3. Breast function, disorders and assessment
- 4. Abdominal incisions & assessment
- 5. Anthropometric measurements
- 6. Assessment, clinical tests and diagnosis of movement dysfunction and other musculoskeletal dysfunctions during pregnancy and postpartum period.

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### **SPECIALITY PAPER TWO**

## **COURSE CODE: MPT-202**

## MPT (OG) 202: OBG physiotherapy (OGPT)

#### OGPT 1.0.1. Course outcomes

On successful completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to-

- 1. Develop a management plan, generally including some lifestyle factors, in co- operation with the Clinical Supervisor and consider a prognosis that reflects on the patient's problem.
- Manage a patient in consultation and co-operation with the clinical supervisor, identifying the
  presenting problem, developing a basic working diagnosis and selecting a treatment regime
  that considers the presenting problem with some consideration for ethical, practical and
  pragmatic concerns.
- 3. Maintain legal (accurate, clear and legible) patient histories, write basic referral letters and recognize the need of further referral in conference with Clinical Supervisor and peers.
- 4. Discuss the Common exercise prescriptions and their clinical use, and the sequence of treatment and how to advise different sorts of patients

#### **SECTION-A**

#### OGPT 1.1. PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT OF MENSTRUAL PROBLEMS

- 1. Nutrition in adolescence
- 2. Physiotherapy management of puberty disorders

## OGPT 1.2. PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT OF MATERNAL MUSCULOSKELETAL DISORDERS

- 1. Neck and upper back strain
- 2. TMJ Pain
- 3. Thoracic outlet syndrome, costal rib pain
- Carpel tunnel syndrome
- 5. Dequervain's diseases
- 6. Diastasis Recti abdominis
- 7. Sacroiliac joint dysfunction (anterior and posterior innominate)
- 8. Symphysis pubis dysfunction
- 9. Low back pain, piriformis syndrome, coccyx pain
- 10. Knee and patella dysfunction
- 11. Nerve palsies, muscle and tendon injuries.

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#### **OGPT** 1.3. PHYSICAL THERAPY MANAGEMENT DURING ANTENATAL PERIOD

- 1. Early bird classes (Classes taken in first or second trimester about nutrition, Exercise, fetal development)
- 2. Methods of relieving pregnancy discomfort
- 3. Preparation for labour
- Relaxation techniques and Stress Management during pregnancy
- 5. Aquanatal exercises during antenatal period
- 6. Exercise prescription during antenatal period
- Orthotic management during pregnancy
- 8. Ergonomics in pregnancy

#### PHYSICAL THERAPY MANAGEMENT DURING LABOUR PAIN **OGPT** 1.4.

- Perinatal care-Coping strategies for labour
- 2. TENS in labour
- 3. Traditional practices related to pregnancy and postpartum management
- 4. Positions for delivery, types of delivery
- 5. Pain management and management of discomforts during labour
- Maternal positions and state during labour 6.
- Stress management during labour 7.
- Relaxation techniques 8.
- Breathing techniques 9.
- 10. Massage

#### PHYSICAL THERAPY MANAGEMENT DURING POSTPARTUM PERIOD **OGPT** 1.5.

- 1. Exercise prescription during postpartum period
- 2. Lactation management and breast clinic
- 3. The postnatal period, postnatal exercises and advise
- Alternative therapies related to pregnancy and postpartum management 4.
- Schools of manual therapy and joint mobilization techniques 5.
- Aquanatal exercises during postnatal period 6.
- Orthotic management during postpartum 7.

- 8. Stress management during postpartum period
- 9. Maternal position and state during postpartum period
- 10. Ergonomic advice in postpartum period
- 11. Massage techniques
- 12. Handling techniques of new born

#### **SECTION-B**

#### OGPT 2.1. GENERAL GYNAECOLOGICAL INFECTIONS

- 1. Physiotherapy management for incontinence
- 2. Physiotherapy management for genital prolapse
- 3. Physiotherapy management for endometriosis
- 4. Physiotherapy management for chronic pelvic pain and dyspareunia
- 5. Physiotherapy management for pelvic inflammatory disease
- 6. Physiotherapy management for sexually transmitted diseases

## OGPT 2.2. PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT FOR SEXUAL DYSFUNCTION

- Sexual desire disorders- Hypoactive sexual desire dysfunction, Sexual Aversion disorders
- 2. Sexual arousal disorders
- 3. Sexual pain disorders- Dyspareunia, Vaginismus
- 4. Female orgasmic disorder

## OGPT 2.3. OPERATIVE PROCEDURES AND PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT

- Principles of surgery and physiotherapy management of intra operative complications
- 2. Preoperative and post operative care
- 3. Hysterectomy and Physiotherapy management
- 4. Fertility awareness and family planning methods
- 5. Cancer rehabilitation (Breast and Cervical cancer)

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## OGPT 2.4. MISCELLANEOUS

- 1. Physiotherapy management for musculoskeletal complications during menopause
- 2. Nutrition for menopause women
- 3. The method of infection control for physiotherapist working with women's health
- 4. Assisted reproduction treatments

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#### **SPECIALITY PAPER -THREE**

### **COURSE CODE: MPT-203**

MPT (OG) 203: Recent advances and Evidence Based practice in in OBG Physiotherapy (OGRAEB)

### **OGRAEB 1.0.1. Course outcome**

On successful completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to-

- 1. Understand and apply the information regarding recent advances in OBG Physiotherapy for patient care.
- 2. Search the evidences available for assessment and management of OBG conditions.
- 3. Apply the evidences available for the management of various OBG conditions.

### **SECTION-A**

- OGRAEB 1.1. Antenatal Pilates and Postnatal Pilates Alternative therapies in OBG conditions
- OGRAEB 1.2. Alternate approaches to fitness in antenatal and postpartum period
- OGRAEB 1.3. Recent advances in outcome measures used in OBG physical therapy
- OGRAEB 1.4. Recent advances in evaluation and treatment of maternal musculoskeletal disorders in obstetrics and gynaecology
- OGRAEB 1.5. EBP and Recent advances of electrotherapy in OBG Physiotherapy EBP and Recent advances of exercise therapy in OBG Physiotherapy

#### **SECTION-B**

- OGRAEB 2.1. EBP and Recent advances of Hydrotherapy in OBG Physiotherapy
- OGRAEB 2.2. EBP and Recent advances of Thermotherapy in OBG Physiotherapy
- OGRAEB 2.3. EBP and Recent advances of Cryotherapy in OBG Physiotherapy
- OGRAEB 2.4. EBP and Recent advances of joint mobilization techniques in OBG Physiotherapy
- OGRAEB 2.5. Recent Advances in Pelvic Floor Assessment, Devices/ Instrumentation for pelvic rehabilitation
- OGRAEB 2.6. EBP of Nutrition in women from adolescence to menopause
- OGRAEB 2.7. EBP and Recent Advances in PT following OBG surgeries
- OGRAEB 2.8. EBP and Recent Advances in Breast Disorders from menarche to menopause
- OGRAEB 2.9. Recent Advances in evaluation and treatment in musculoskeletal conditions Puberty, Reproductive, Menopausal women

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## **Recommended Reading for OBG Physiotherapy**

- 1. Gray, Henry. Anatomy of the Human Body,
- 2. C.Guyton, John E. Hall, Textbook of medical physiology, W.B. Saunder company- Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, Inc.
- 3. D.K.James et al. High Risk Pregnancy-management options, Saunders-An imprint of Elsevier.
- 4. Margaret Polden, Jill Mantle, Physiotherapy in obstetric and gynecology, Butterworth-Heinemann, Linacre house, Jordan Hill, Oxford, Ann Thomson, Tidy's Physiotherapy, Varghese publishing House, Bombay.
- 5. Ruth Sapsford, Joanne Bullock-Saxton, Sue Markwell. Women's Health: A Textbook for Physiotherapists,
- 6. Scientific basis of human movement -Gowitzke, Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore,
- 7. Clinical biomechanics of spine White A, and Panjabi- J, B. Lippincot, Philadelphia
- 8. Physiotherapy in Obstetrics and Gynaecology- 2nd edition- Jill Mantle, Jeanette Haslam, Sue Bartom. Forwarded by Professor Linda Cardow
- 9. Physiotherapy in Obstetrics & Gynaecology Polden & Mantle, Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi,
- 10. D.C Datta -Textbook of Gynaecology. 1st edition
- 11. Women's Health- A textbook for Physiothgerapists. R. Sapsford J. Bullock. Saxton. S, Markwell. (W.B. Saunders)
- 12. Obstetrics & Gynaecologic care in Physical Therapy 2nd edition Rebecca. C. Stephenson, Linda. J. O'contuor
- 13. Clinical Cases in Obstetreics & Gynaecology Haresh U. Doshi, published by Arihant publishers
- 14. Advanced in Obstetrics & Gynaecology (vol 2) ShaliniRajaram, Sumita Mehta, Niraj Goel (Jaypee brothers.
- 15. Physiotherapy Care for Women's Health R. Baranitharan, V. MahalaKshmi (jaypee brothers)
- 16. Williams O Obstetrics- 22nd edition- F. Gary Cunninghan, Krenneth J Leveno, Steven L Bloom.
- 17. Women's Health-5th edition edited by Deborah Waller, Ann McPherso (oxford)
- 18. Het's Manual of Pelvic floor rehabilitation
- 19. Het's MMT for assessment of pelvic floor muscles.
- 20. Steven G Gabbe, Jennifer.R. Niebyl Joe Leigh simpson- Obstetrics Normal & Problem Pregnancies 5th edition- associate editors : Henry Galon, Laura Guetzl, Mark Landson, Eric.R.M. Jauniau

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# 7) Master of Physiotherapy in Oncology Sciences

MPT (O) 104: Clinical, physical & functional diagnosis in oncology physiotherapy (OCPFD)

MPT (O) 202: Oncology physiotherapy (OPT)

MPT (O) 203: Recent advances and Evidence Based practice in oncology PHYSIOTHERAPY (ORAEB)

### SPECIALITY PAPER ONE

## COURSE CODE: MPT (O)-104

MPT (0) 104: Clinical, physical & functional diagnosis in oncology physiotherapy (OCPFD)

OCPFD 1.0.1. Course Outcome: On successful completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to-

- 1. Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms of diseases commonly seen in oncology & interpret clinical tests and special investigations commonly used in the diagnosis of these conditions.
- Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses consistent with typical presentations.
- Identify normal & pathological anatomy on diagnostic images.
- Discuss how the serious and common disorders and the specialized areas of medical practice may impact on oncological Physiotherapy practice.
- Demonstrate a broad range of technical skill in diagnosing the Physiotherapy related oncology conditions.

## SECTION- A

- OCPFD 1.1. Assessment of clinical signs and symptoms, physical and functional evaluation, differential diagnosis of (bone and soft tissue, breast, gynecological, lung,
- OCPFD 1.2. GI, head and neck and pediatric cancers
- OCPFD 1.3. clinical analysis of cardiorespiratory fitness, posture, gait, movement and movement dysfunction in cancer patients
- OCPFD 1.4. Outcome measures and evaluation in oncological Physiotherapy for cognitive impairment and disability, focal disabilities, global measures of disability, motor impairment, ADL and extended ADL tests, Quality of life, pain, stress and anxiety.
- OCPFD 1.5. Diagnostic imaging- types of diagnostic imaging techniques in various types of cancer, clinical interpretation and significance (Chest X-Ray, Barium swallow, Barium enema, USG abdomen, Endoscopy, colonoscopy Mammography and mammogram, MRI, Ultra sound, PET and SPECT, CT scan Gastroscopy, Laparoscopy, Pap smear test, bone scan and other diagnostic imaging, fiber optic endoscopy for diagnosis) histopathological, hematological, bacteriological investigations. Nuclear and radio imaging.
- OCPFD 1.6. Principles of pathological, hematological, bacteriological investigations related to oncological disorders with interpretation.

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## **SECTION-B**

- OCPFD 2.1. Influence and relation of physical activity, diet, nutrition, life style, obesity and anthropometric measurement in cancer Neuropsychological tests.
- OCPFD 2.2. Evaluation of Cancer Complications like Lymphedema, musculoskeletal, neurological, cardio respiratory. Exercise and cancer related fatigue and its evaluation
- OCPFD 2.3. Detailed lymphatic system examination
- OCPFD 2.4. Medical intervention (radiation, chemotherapy and surgery) in cancer

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#### SPECIALITY PAPER TWO

## COURSE CODE: MPT(O)-202

## MPT (O) 202: Oncology physiotherapy (OPT)

- **OPT 1.0.1. Course Outcome:** On successful completion of this subject, it is expected that students will be able to-
- 1. Elicit and interpret clinical signs and symptoms of diseases commonly seen in oncology & interpret clinical tests and special investigations commonly used in the diagnosis of these conditions.
- $2. \quad Generate a primary diagnosis and a list of differential diagnoses consistent with typical presentations.$
- 3. Identify normal & pathological anatomy on diagnostic images.
- 4. Discuss how the serious and common disorders and the specialized areas of medical practice may impact on oncological Physiotherapy practice.
- 5. Demonstrate a broad range of technical skill in diagnosing the Physiotherapy related oncology conditions.

#### **SECTION-A**

- OPT 1.1. Assessment of clinical signs and symptoms, physical and functional evaluation, differential diagnosis of (bone and soft tissue, breast, gynecological, lung,
- OPT 1.2. GI, head and neck and pediatric) cancers
- OPT 1.3. clinical analysis of cardiorespiratory fitness, posture, gait, movement and movement dysfunction in cancer patients
- OPT 1.4. Outcome measures and evaluation in oncological Physiotherapy for cognitive impairment and disability, focal disabilities, global measures of disability, motor impairment, ADL and extended ADL tests, Quality of life, pain, stress and anxiety.
- OPT 1.5. Diagnostic imaging- types of diagnostic imaging techniques in various types of cancer, clinical interpretation and significance (Chest X-Ray, Barium swallow, Barium enema, USG abdomen, Endoscopy, colonoscopy Mammography and mammogram, MRI, Ultra sound, PET and SPECT, CT scan Gastroscopy, Laparoscopy, Pap smear test, bone scan and other diagnostic imaging, fiber optic endoscopy for diagnosis) histo-pathological, hematological, bacteriological investigations. Nuclear and radio imaging.
- OPT 1.6. Principles of pathological, hematological, bacteriological investigations related to oncological disorders with interpretation.
- OPT 1.7. Influence and relation of physical activity, diet, nutrition, life style, obesity and anthropometric measurement in cancer Neuropsychological tests.

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- OPT 1.8. Evaluation of Cancer Complications like Lymphedema, musculoskeletal, neurological, cardio respiratory. Exercise and cancer related fatigue and its evaluation
- OPT 1.9. Detailed lymphatic system examination
- OPT 1.10. Medical intervention (radiation, chemotherapy and surgery) in cancer
- OPT 1.11. Oncology-Epidemiology, classification, symptomatology, patho- physiology and management of different oncological condition
- OPT 1.12. Common pediatric oncology conditions and their assessment, signs and symptoms medical management and Physiotherapy treatment
- OPT 1.13. Common pediatric oncology conditions and their assessment, signs and symptoms medical management and Physiotherapy treatment.

#### **SECTION-B**

Physiotherapy intervention for

- OPT 2.1. Head and neck cancers.
- OPT 2.2. Breast cancer
- OPT 2.3. Cancers of Reproductive system. Bone tumors.
- OPT 2.4. Systemic cancers. CNS Neoplasia. Lung cancer.
- OPT 2.5. Metastatic cancers Gastrointestinal cancers.
- OPT 2.6. Chemotherapy, radiation therapy and adjunct therapy in cancer patients. Physiotherapy management for neuro-musculoskeletal complications due to cancer treatments
- OPT 2.7. Physiotherapy management for various dysfunctions (Bowel and Bladder, Sexual, Neuro-musculoskeletal and Nutritional deficiency) seen in cancer patients.
- OPT 2.8. Supportive and Palliative therapy, and pain management in cancer and palliative therapy in cancer patients
- OPT 2.9. Rehabilitation act and financial aid for cancer patients
- OPT 2.10. Psychosomatic conditions in cancer and their management
- OPT 2.11. Physiotherapy management in Intensive care units (ICU) of cancer patients

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- OPT 2.12. Aids and appliances, adaptive functional devices to improve dysfunction in cancer patients
- OPT 2.13. FES, NMES, Biofeedback, Various equipment used in oncology Physiotherapy, Muscle reeducation approach, Sensory rehabilitation, Myofascial release technique, Inhibitory and facilitation technique, Functional re-education, skill training, A.D.L training, Tapping in oncological conditions. Balance training
- OPT 2.14. Problem based learning for various clinical conditions in oncology Physiotherapy

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## **SPECIALITY PAPER THREE**

## COURSE CODE: MPT(O)-203

MPT (O) 203: Recent advances and Evidence Based practice in ONCOLOGY PHYSIOTHERAPY (ORAEB)

## Recent advances and evidence-based practice in oncology Physiotherapy

- ORAEB 1.0.1. Course Outcome: On successful completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to-
- Understand and apply the information regarding recent advances in neuro Physiotherapy for patient care.
- 2. Search the evidences available for assessment and management of neurological conditions.
- 3. Apply the evidences available for the management of various neurological conditions

#### **SECTION-A**

- ORAEB 1.1. Recent advances in oncological Physiotherapy and Evidences in interventions for oncology related impairments.
- ORAEB 1.2. Genetic counselling, Stem cell therapy, Gene therapy, Targeted therapy, Immunotherapy, hormone therapy, thermal ablation, radionics, atomics and Nano medicine
- ORAEB 1.3. Recent advances in pain modulation and rehabilitation
- ORAEB 1.4. Institutional & community-based rehabilitation and vocational rehabilitation in oncological patients
- ORAEB 1.5. Recent advancement in oncology Orthosis prescription and training. Prosthetic management for mastectomy
- ORAEB 1.6. Psychiatry problems in oncological conditions and Physiotherapy (BAT, CBT).

  Psychological aspects of adaptation during various aspects of disabilities Selftreatment, Exercise precaution, management and exercise prescription for home
  program, Report writing. Conceptual framework for clinical practice. Requirements
  for medical opinion or treatment, documentation, prescription, management and
  advice. Protocol writing
- ORAEB 1.7. Recent oncological Physiotherapy technique Mental imagery technique, virtual reality therapy, Pilate's therapy, Hydrotherapy/ Aqua therapy in oncological patients.

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#### **SECTION-B**

- ORAEB 2.1. Impact of cancer treatment on function and its rehabilitation Psychosocial impact on cancer patient, spouse, family members, society
- ORAEB 2.2. History of Evidence Based Practice in Physiotherapy, clinical decision making, importance of evidence-based practice, Evidence about diagnosis, prognosis and therapy. Locating evidences, challenges and barriers in EBP.
- ORAEB 2.3. Recent advances in Physiotherapy management of head Neck cancer Recent advances in Physiotherapy management of breast cancer
- ORAEB 2.4. Recent advances in Physiotherapy management of Bone tumors
- ORAEB 2.5. Recent advances in Physiotherapy management of Lung and respiratory tract Cancer Recent advances in physiotherapy management of systemic cancer
- ORAEB 2.6. Sports and physical training in oncological conditions

## **Recommended books for Oncology Physiotherapy**

- Cancer Rehabilitation: Principles and Practice by Michael Stubblefield & Michael O'Dell 1st Edition
- 2. Cancer Rehabilitation and Survivorship: Trans disciplinary approaches to Personalized care by Joanne L & Patricia Schmitt 1st Edition
- 3. Palliative Care & Rehabilitation of Cancer Patients (Cancer Treatment and research) by Charles F. Von Gunten 1st edition
- 4. Textbook of Palliative Medicine and Supportive Care by Edurdo Bruera 2nd edition
- ACSM's Guide to Exercise and Cancer survivorship By American College of Sports medicine, Melinda Irvin
- 6. Fatigue in Cancer: A Multidimensional Approach by Maryl Lynne Winningham, Margaret Barton Burke
- 7. The Concise Guide to Physiotherapy Volume 2: Treatment edited by Tim Ainslie.
- 8. Innovations in Cancer and Palliative Care Education by Lorna Foyle, Janis Hostad.
- 9. Practical Evidence-based Physiotherapy By Rob Herbert 1st edition
- 10. Oxford Textbook of Palliative Medicine By Geoffrey Hanks, Nathan I. Cherny, Nicholas A. Christakis, Stein Kaasa 4th Edition
- 11. Legal Aspects of Physiotherapy By Bridgit Dimond 2nd Edition
- 12. Rehabilitation and palliation of cancer patients: (Patient care) By Herrmann Delbrück 1st edition
- 13. Physiotherapy a Psychosocial Approach edited by Sally French 1st Edition

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- 14. Everyone's Guide to Cancer Survivorship: A Road Map for Better Health By Ernest Rosenbaum, Holly Gautier, R.N 1st edition
- 15. Lymphedema: A Concise Compendium of Theory and Practice By Byung-Boong Lee, John Bergan, Stanley G. Rockson 1st edition
- 16. Contemporary Issues in Women's Cancers By Suzanne Lockwood 1st Edition
- 17. Rehabilitation in Cancer Care by Rankin 1st Edition
- 18. Occupational Therapy In Oncology by Cooper 2nd edition
- 19. Cancer Rehabilitation: An Introduction for Physiotherapists and Allied Professions by Patricia A. Downie 1st Edition
- 20. Potential & Possibility Rehabilitation at end of life by Jenny Taylor 1st Edition
- 21. Cancer Pain Management: A Comprehensive Approach by Karen H. Simpson, Keith Budd
- 22. Exercise and Cancer Survivorship: Impact on Health Outcomes and Quality of Life edited by John Saxton, Amanda Daley 1st edition
- 23. Physical Rehabilitation by Osullivan.S.B. & Schmitz.T.J 3rd Edition
- 24. Physiological Basis of Rehabilitation Medicine by Downey.J.A. & Myers.S.J 2nd Edition
- 25. Krusens Handbook Of Physical Medicine And Rehabilitation Kottke.F.J. & Lehmann.J.F 4th Edition
- 26. Clinical Decision Making In Rehabilitation by Basmajian.J.V. & Banerjee.G.N 10th Edition.
- 27. Rehabilitation Medicine by Delisa.J.A.& Gans.B.M 2nd Edition
- 28. Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation by Braddom.R.L 1st edition
- 29. Evidence-Based Rehabilitation; a Guide to Practice by Law.M. 1st edition
- 30. Assistive Technologies; Principles and Practice by Cook.A.M. & Hussey.S.M. 1st Edition
- 31. Home Rehabilitation; Guide To Clinical Practice by Anemaet.W.K. & Moffa- Trotter.M 1st Edition
- 32. Manual Of Physical Medicine And Rehabilitation by Brammer.C.M.; Spires.M 1st edition
- 33. Essential Physical Medicine And Rehabilitation by Cooper 1st Edition
- 34. Management In Rehabilitation by Schuch C. P & Sekerak D. K 1st edition
- 35. American Cancer Society Textbook Of Clinical Oncology By Murphy.G.P.;Lawrence.W 2nd Edition
- 36. Cancer: Principles And Practice Of Oncology By Devita.V.T; Hellman.S. 7th Ed
- 37. Clinical Onco5l0o0gy; By Abeloff.M.D; Armitage.J.O. 3rd Ed.
- 38. Bone Tumours (A Clinico Pathological Study) by Vastrad.M.C. 1st edition

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- 39. Therapeutic Exercise by Caroline Kisner 5th edition
- 40. Exercise Management: Concepts and Professional Practice by Laurel T. Mackinnon 2nd Edition
- 41. Advances In Exercise Immunology By Laurel T. Mackinnon 2nd Edition
- 42. Principles Of Exercises In Physiotherapy 2nd edition
- 43. Kinesiology Of The Musculoskeltal System : Foundations Of Rehabilitation By Donald A. Neumann 2nd Edition
- 44. Exercise Therapy: Prevention & Treatment Of Disease by John Gormley, Juliette Hussey 1st edition
- 45. Physical Examination & Health Assessment by Carolyn Jarvis 5nd Edition
- 46. Practical Evidence-Based Physiotherapy By Robert Herbert, Gro Jamtvedt 4th edition
- 47. Principles Of Exercise Therapy by M. Dena Gardiner 6th edition
- 48. Clinical Decisions In Therapeutic Exercise by Patricia E. Sullivan, Prudence D. Markos 2nd edition
- 49. Therapeutic Exercise: Treatment Planning For Progression Frances E. Huber, Chris L. Wells 1st edition
- 50. Textbook Of Therapeutic Exercises By Narayanan 1st edition
- 51. Exercise Management Concepts And Professional Practice by Laurel T. Mackinnon 1st Edition
- 52. Clinical Exercise Testing And Prescription 1st Edition
- 53. Evidence-Based Guide To Therapeutic Physical Agents 1st Edition
- 54. Therapeutic Exercise Moving Toward Function by Lori Thein Brody, Carrie M.Hall 2nd edition
- 55. Exercise In Health And Disease 2nd edition
- 56. Aquatic Rehabilitation by Richard Gene Ruoti, David Michael Morris, Andrew J. Cole 1st Edition
- 57. ACSM Resou5r0c1es For Clinical Exercise Physiology 1st Edition
- 58. Advanced Fitness Assessment And Exercise Prescription 3rd Edition
- 59. ACSMS Resource Manual For Guidelines For Exercise Testing And Prescription 4th Edition
- 60. ACSMS Guidelines For Exercise Testing And Prescription 6th Edition
- 61. Exercise Testing And Exercise Prescription For Special Cases by James S. Skinner 2nd Edition
- 62. Therapeutic Exercise by Basmajian.J.V. & Wolf.S.L 5th Edition.
- 63. Yogic Exercises: Physiologic And Psychic Processes by Ray.D.S 1st edition
- 64. Fitness Programming And Physical Disability by Miller.P.D 1st Edition

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- 65. Community Rehabilation Services For People With Disabilities by Karan.O.C. & Greenspan.S 1st edition
- 66. Essential Readings In Rehabilitation Outcomes Measurement by Dobrzykowski.E.A 1st edition
- 67. Disability Evaluation by Demeter.S.L. & Andersson.G.B.I 1st edition
- 68. Safer Lifting For Patient Care by Hollis.M. 3rd edition
- 69. Disabled Village Children by Werner.D. 1st edition
- 70. Conditioning With Physical Disabilities by Lockette.K.F. & Keyes.A.M. 1st edition
- 71. Community Based Rehabilitation Of Persons With Disabilities by Pruthvish.S 1st edition

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# 8) Master of Physiotherapy in Community Rehabilitation Sciences.

MPT (R) 104: Physiotherapy in Community Rehabilitation Sciences (PRC)

MPT (R) 202: Rehabilitation -Assessment, Evaluation and Assistive Technology (RAEA)

MPT (R) 203: Physiotherapy in Clinical Rehabilitation conditions (PCR)

## **REHABILITATION COURSE CODE: MPT (R)-104**

Course Title: MPT (R) 104: Physiotherapy in Community Rehabilitation Sciences (PRC)

#### Section-A

- PRC 1.1. Definition, Concept, principles & Scope of Rehabilitation, Community, Healthcare delivery system, Health Administration, Institutional based rehabilitation and community based rehabilitation its principles and differences, multi-disciplinary approach, role of national institutes, District rehabilitation centre and primary health centre. Physiotherapist as a Master Trainer in CBR & IBR.
- PRC 1.2. Epidemiology of dysfunctions & advance skills of physical and functional assessment related to Community. Clinical decision-making skill in management of dysfunction
- PRC 1.3. Evidence Based Practice & Recent advances in Community Health. Indian Health statistics

#### **SECTION-B**

- PRC 2.1. Fitness and health promotion
  - i. Principles of fitness for health promotion in community,
  - ii. Nutrition and Diet.
  - iii. Stress management through yoga and psycho-somatic approaches.
- PRC 2.2. Natural calamity & disaster management Role of P.T. in disaster management team.
- PRC 2.3. I.C.F. [Impairment, Disability, Handicapped and its implications] Evaluation of Disability & Compensation for Persons with disability Act 1995 and related Government infrastructure.
- PRC 2.4. Physiotherapy Ethics
  - i. Code of conduct,
  - ii. Regulatory Agencies and Legal Issues.
  - iii. W.H.O.'s policies-about rural Healthcare -
  - iv. Role of P.T.-Principles of a team work of Medical person/P.T./O.T. audiologist/speech therapist /P.&O./vocational guide in C.B.R. of physically handicapped person,

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- PRC 2.5. Public health education methods and appropriate media Public awareness to the various disabilities, communications, message generation and dissipation.
- PRC 2.6. Role of Government & NGOs in CBR, inter-sectoral programs and co- ordination, Implementation of the Act.
- PRC 2.7. Rights of persons with disability

### Specialty 2

COURSE CODE: MPT (R)-202

Course Title: MPT (R) 202: Rehabilitation – Assessment, Evaluation and Assistive Technology (RAEA)

## SECTION- A:

- RAEA 1.1. Orthotics & Prosthetics: definition, classification, bio mechanical principles; assessment and evaluation, prescription & fabrication
- RAEA 1.2. Designing & Training of UL, LL, trunk, neck Orthosis, footwear modifications in various conditions
- RAEA 1.3. Designing & Training of UL, LL prosthesis in Amputees.
- RAEA 1.4. Indications / Contraindications, psychological aspects of its application.
- RAEA 1.5. Use of adaptive devices, design & construction e.g. canes, walkers, wheelchairs.

#### **SECTION-B: Industrial Health**

- RAEA 2.1. Applied anatomy, physiology and biomechanics related to Industrial health.
- RAEA 2.2. Clinical decision-making skill in assessment and management of dysfunction related to Industrial health.
- RAEA 2.3. Industrial Physiotherapy- prevention of injuries, physiological restoration, rehabilitation in industrial injuries, work station adaptations/ modifications.
- RAEA 2.4. Environmental stress in the industrial area -- Accidents due to
  - 1. Physical agents- e.g.-Heat/cold, light, noise, Vibration, U.V. radiation, Ionizing radiation.
  - 2. Chemical agents-Inhalation, local action, ingestion,

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- 3. Mechanical hazards-overuse/fatigue injuries due to ergonomic alteration & evaluation of work place-mechanical stresses as per hierarchy
  - Sedentary table work –executives, clerk,
  - ii. Inappropriate seating arrangement- vehicle drivers
  - iii. Constant standing- watchman- Defence forces, surgeons,
  - iv. Over-exertion in labourers common accidents
- Psychological hazards- e.g.-executives, monotony & dissatisfaction in job, anxiety of work completion with quality,
  - i. Role of P.T. in Industrial setup & Stress management- relaxation modes.
  - ii. Physiotherapy role in industry preventive, promotive, curative, intervention, ergonomic and rehabilitative services.
  - iii. Ergonomic considerations and health promotion in the industry
- RAEA 2.5. Understanding, and anlysing occupation, job description, job demand analysis, task analysis, Employee fitness, job modification, Employment acts.
- RAEA 2.6. Vocational Rehabilitation, evaluation & management.

## COURSE CODE: MPT (R)-203

Course Title: MPT (R) 203: Physiotherapy in Clinical Rehabilitation conditions (PCR)

## **SECTION-A**

- PCR 1.1. Rehabilitation in musculoskeletal conditions, sport sciences and health promotion
- PCR 1.2. Rehabilitation in cardio-pulmonary conditions, and health promotion

## **SECTION-B**

- PCR 2.1. Rehabilitation in neurological conditions, movement & psycho-somatic disorders, pediatric conditions
- PCR 2.2. General fitness strategies- body mass composition, assessment, obesity and weight control

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## 1.22. Skills based outcomes and monitorable indicators for Master of Physiotherapy

## 1.22.2. Competency Statements

- 1. Analyse and discuss the biomedical, behavioural and social science bases of Physiotherapy and integrate the bases into Physiotherapy practice.
- 2. Collects assessment data relevant to the client's needs and Physiotherapy practice.
- 3. Be able to practice in all types of Healthcare setups independently as well as a team member.
- 4. Be able to screen, assess, diagnose, treat, prescribe and refer a patient independently.
- 5. Be able to conduct the patient evaluation and assessment as per condition.
- 6. Assess, analyse, and plan Physiotherapy management.
- 7. Apply and evaluate Physiotherapy management.
- 8. Advise patient on appropriate nutrition, exercises, rest, relaxation and other issues
  - i. Demonstrate professional practice.
  - ii. Demonstrate autonomous Physiotherapy practice.
  - iii. Demonstrate the ability to search and retrieve scientific literature
  - iv. Demonstrate an understanding of research methods.
  - v. Demonstrate the ability to critically analyse scientific literature
  - vi. Prepare Report findings of critical analysis in a scientific format

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# 1.22.3. The Table shows Skill based Learning Outcomes and monitorable indicators:

Table 5.6: Skill based Learning Outcomes, knowledge and monitorable indicators

SI. Learning outcomes	Knowledge/comprehension	Applications / synthesis
No.		/evaluation
1. Analyse and discuss the biomedical, behavioural and social science bases of Physiotherapy and integrate the bases into Physiotherapy practice	framework of the human body including major systems and aspects of the social, cultural, psychological, environmental, spiritual and belief systems influencing human development.  iii. Able to understand the concept of health & its contribution to well- ness.	patterns of human development and movement.  b. Demonstrate understanding of structural and functional anatomy.  c. Identify anatomical structure from surface landmarks.
2 Collects assessment data relevant to the client's needs and Physiotherapy practice.	nature and purpose of assessment as well as any associated significant risk.	healthy lifestyles for patients/ clients  a. Perform patient assessment technique which includes to know the condition and to gather information about his/her ailment.  b. Monitors the client's health status for significant changes during the course of assessment and takes appropriate actions as required.  c. Perform assessment procedure safely and accurately, taking into account client consent,

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SI.	Learning outcomes	Knowledge/comprehension	Applications / synthesis
No.			/evaluation
3.	Be able to conduct the patient evaluation and assessment as per condition.	assessment techniques.	technique to know the condition and to gather information about his/ her ailment.  b. Safely and accurately examine and re-examines a patient using standardized measures.  c. Apply pertinent tests and measurements.  d. Interpret all assessment findings to allow for identification of the patient's/client's impairments activity limitations and participation restrictions.  e. Interpret findings and reach a differential diagnosis
4	Assess, analyse, and plan Physiotherapy management	assessment, clinical reasoning, problem identification, goal set- ting, treatment planning.  ii. Be familiar with different assessment techniques and protocols.  iii. Know the protocols used in the department.  iv. Justify treatment choices with	<ul> <li>a. Develop rapport to obtain history, current health status and previous functional abilities.</li> <li>b. Interpret the patient's/client's verbal and non-verbal responses.</li> <li>c. Determines the personality traits and analyze how the differences in personality influence approach</li> <li>d. Perform patient assessment technique which includes to know the condition and to gather information about his/her ailment.</li> </ul>

SI. No.	Learning outcomes	Knowledge/comprehension	Applications / synthesis /evaluation
5.	Apply and evaluate Physiotherapy management	<ul> <li>i. Know the protocols used in the department.</li> <li>ii. Understand and Prevent/minimise risks and hazards during Physiotherapy interventions</li> <li>iii. Establish equipment is within safety check time frames.</li> <li>iv. Demonstrate knowledge of emergency procedures</li> </ul>	and efficient interventions.
6	Advise patient on appropriate nutrition, exercises, rest, relaxation other issues	<ul> <li>i. Explain the impact of exercise and nutritional status of patient during treatment</li> </ul>	a. Assess the patient's status after exercise and proper diet.
7.		<ul> <li>i. Demonstrate attitudes and behavior acceptable to society and the profession</li> <li>ii. Practise in accordance with the Standards of Ethical Conduct</li> <li>iii. Explain the health and safety issues for patients and staff</li> <li>iv. Able to deliver safe, effective and timely Physiotherapy interventions</li> <li>v. Recognizes risk &amp; hazards which can happen during intervention.</li> <li>vi. Ability to reflect and evaluate own practice</li> <li>vii. Modify and adapt professional practice in response to evaluation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Demonstrate professional behavior.</li> <li>b. Demonstrate safe Practice Plan and show evidence of Professional development.</li> </ul>
	autonomous	i. Recognize the critical a conditions of patients ii. Be familiar with current literature and evidence based best practice	a. Independently assess and treat patients with single or multiple problems which needs physiotherapeutic intervention.  b. Demonstrate an ability to refer to other health professionals when beyond the scope of Physiotherapy

SI. No.	Learning outcomes	Knowledge/comprehension	Applications / synthesis /evaluation
9.	Demonstrate the ability to search and retrieve scientific literature	<ul> <li>i. Define search terms         Knowledge on available data search resources     </li> <li>ii. Identify relevant sources of Research</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Develop and modify search strategies appropriately complete searches using relevant and available resources such as electronic data bases.</li> <li>b. Discuss different methods of statistical analysis in relation to different research designs.</li> </ul>
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		<ul> <li>Discuss the possible ethica implications and requirements in health research</li> </ul>
10.	Demonstrate an understanding of research methods.	<ul> <li>i. Have a basic understanding of the value of different research paradigms to Physiotherapy research.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe appropriate research methodologies that may be used to examine a variety of research questions.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>ii. Demonstrate a basic understanding of research processes.</li> </ul>	
		iii. Understand the ethics of the research process including plagiarism and consent	<ul><li>data Collection.</li><li>d. Demonstrate k n o w l e d g o of</li><li>basic biomedical statistics</li></ul>
11	Demonstrate the ability to critically analyse scientific	<ul> <li>i. Identify appropriate criteria to assess quality of different types of literature.</li> </ul>	
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	,		c. Critically analyse an appropriate selection o scientific papers
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SI. No.	Learning outcomes	Knowledge/comprehension	Applications / synthesis /evaluation
12	Prepare Reporting findings of critic analysis in a scientiformat	writing format depending on	format  b. Cite references using a recognized scientific method  c. Demonstrate an ability to synthesise information from several resources

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